## Atascadero Basin GSP Development Section 7 – Monitoring Networks



Paul Sorensen and Nate Page GSI Water Solutions, Inc. & Mike Cornelius GEI Consultants, Inc.

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# **Section 7 – Monitoring Networks**

- Satisfies GSP Regulations §354.32 and §354.34
- A description of the existing monitoring networks and improvements to be made during GSP implementation
  - For each sustainability indicator:
- Monitoring Objectives:



- Demonstrate progress toward achieving measurable objectives described in the GSP
- Monitor impacts to the beneficial uses and users of groundwater
- Monitor changes in groundwater conditions relative to measurable objectives and minimum thresholds
- Quantify annual changes in water budget components
- Data Gaps

## Groundwater Level Monitoring Network

~200 wells analyzed from sources including:

SLOFCWCD, USGS NWIS, DWR, City of Paso Robles, AMWC, and TCSD

#### Criteria:

- Include Only Currently Measured Wells
- Remove Confidential Wells
- Prioritize Wells with Known Well
  Completion Information
- Prioritize CASGEM wells
- Optimize spatial distribution within each Principal Aquifer

#### 26 Wells in GSP Groundwater Level Monitoring Network

- 12 in Alluvial Aquifer
- 14 in Paso Robles Formation Aquifer

#### **Data Gaps**



## Representative Monitoring Sites (RMS)

- A subset of wells from the GSP groundwater level monitoring network that are representative of conditions in the Basin.
- RMS wells are evaluated in terms of sustainable management criteria in GSP Section 8.



### Groundwater Storage Monitoring Network

#### Includes:

- Groundwater Level Monitoring Network, Plus:
- Several additional wells subject to confidentiality agreements or otherwise do not meet groundwater level monitoring network selection criteria.
- ~128 wells (depending on year)

Same Data Gaps as Groundwater Level Monitoring Network



### Groundwater Quality Monitoring Network

#### Includes:

- **54** public water supply wells (26 Alluvial, 28 Paso Robles Formation Wells),
- 24 domestic supply wells and 49 agricultural supply wells (5 Alluvial, 68 Paso Robles Formation Wells),
- 55 environmental monitoring wells (all Alluvial)

Drinking water quality standards assessed at:

- public water supply wells,
- domestic wells, and
- monitoring wells associated with environmental sites.

Separate standards for agricultural supply wells.

No Data Gaps other than missing well completion information for some wells.



## Land Subsidence Monitoring Network

- Evaluated using interferometric synthetic-aperture radar (InSAR) data provided by DWR.
- No Data Gaps

### Interconnected Surface Water (Surface Water Depletion) Monitoring Network

Includes:

- 9 Alluvial Wells and 5 Paso Robles Formation Wells in Groundwater Level Monitoring Network, Plus:
- Several additional wells subject to confidentiality agreements or otherwise do not meet groundwater level monitoring network selection criteria.

Data Gaps

- Temporal
- Surface Water gaging.



# **Monitoring Networks Summary**

Reduction

of Storage

**GW** Levels

Degraded

Subsidence

Existing monitoring networks generally satisfy monitoring objectives for each applicable sustainability indicator:

Data gaps are minor:

- Spatial gaps: may be filled with existing wells
- Temporal gaps: to be assessed
- Missing well construction information: to be addressed
- Additional surface water gaging: to be assessed.

# **Questions?**



**GSI** Water Solutions, Inc.