Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

County of San Luis Obispo, California

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

Prepared under the direction of James W. Hamilton, CPA Auditor Controller • Treasurer Tax Collector





Cover photo from North Point Beach in Morro Bay Hannah Berna, Auditor-Controller-Treasurer-Tax Collector's Office

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT JUNE 30, 2024

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION





Michael Stevens, Deputy Justin Cooley, Deputy

December 9, 2024

Honorable Board of Supervisors County of San Luis Obispo 1055 Monterey Street, Suite D430 San Luis Obispo, California 93408

To the Citizens of San Luis Obispo County and Your Honorable Board:

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the County of San Luis Obispo (County) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, is hereby submitted as mandated by Sections 25250 and 25253 of the Government Code of the State of California. These statutes require that the County publish a complete set of financial statements audited in accordance with Generally Accepted Auditing Standards (GAAS) by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The County prepares its financial statements in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The requirements for financial reporting in accordance with GAAP are established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

This report consists of management's representations concerning County finances. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management has established a comprehensive internal control framework designed to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the County's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The County's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide a reasonable, rather than an absolute assurance, that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The County's financial statements have been audited by CliftonLarsonAllen LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide a reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, are free of any material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the County's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, are fairly presented and in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the County's financial statements was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the requirements imposed by federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the County's separately issued Single Audit Report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and the two should be read in conjunction with each other. The County's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the Government

The County of San Luis Obispo, incorporated in 1850, is located on the central coast of the State of California, midway between Los Angeles and San Francisco. The County covers approximately 3,300 square miles and serves a population of 278,469 residents. Approximately 43% of the population resides in the unincorporated area. The seven incorporated cities in the County are Arroyo Grande, Atascadero, Grover Beach, Morro Bay, Paso Robles, Pismo Beach, and San Luis Obispo.

A five-member County Board of Supervisors (Board) is the legislative authority and governance for the County. Each supervisor is elected to a four-year term in nonpartisan districts. The terms are staggered with two supervisors being elected then three supervisors being elected in alternating election years. The Board is responsible, among other things, for establishing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring the County Administrative Officer and non-elected department heads. The County Administrative Officer is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the Board and for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the County. The County has five elected department heads responsible for the offices of the County Clerk-Recorder, Assessor, Auditor-Controller-Treasurer-Tax Collector, District Attorney, and Sheriff-Coroner.

The County provides a full range of services, including public safety and fire protection; construction and maintenance of highways, streets, and other infrastructure; health and social programs that promote the well-being of the community; and recreational activities and cultural events.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the County's financial planning and control. The County Budget Act, as presented in California Government Code Sections 29000 and 30200, provides the general provisions and requirements for preparing and approving the County budget. All County departments are required to submit budget requests to the County Administrative Officer. The budgets are then reviewed by the County Administrative Officer and compiled into a proposed budget with the County Administrative Officer's recommendation. Public hearings are set in the month of June, with the Board of Supervisors adopting the recommended budget before the start of the next fiscal year. The proposed budget is prepared by fund, function (e.g., Public Safety), and department or division (e.g., Sheriff-Coroner). During the year, department heads may make transfers of appropriations within the same budget unit with the approval of the County Administrative Officer and Auditor-Controller-Treasurer-Tax Collector. Transfers of appropriations between budget units or increases in the budget from new revenue sources, reserves and/or contingencies require the Board of Supervisors' approval. Monthly estimates for both revenues and expenditures are used to assist departments with budgetary control, and quarterly reports are submitted by each department to the County Administrative Officer and the Board on the status of the departmental budgets.

Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the General Fund this comparison is presented as part of the required supplementary information immediately following the notes to the financial statements. For other governmental funds with appropriated annual budgets, this comparison is presented in the governmental funds subsection of the statements.

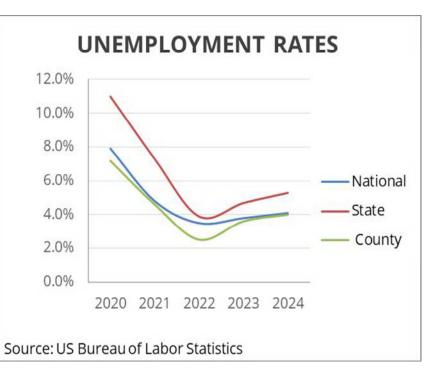
The County has various blended component units which primarily provide utility and debt financing services. The County has one discretely presented component unit and one fiduciary component unit. The discretely presented component unit is the Children and Families Commission of San Luis Obispo County (First 5), which allocates funds from the California Children and Families Trust Fund and advocates for quality programs and services, supporting children prenatal to age five, to ensure that every child is healthy and ready to learn in school is discretely presented in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. The fiduciary component unit is the San Luis Obispo County Pension Trust which is an independent trust that administers the San Luis Obispo County Pension Trust which is an independent trust that administers the San Luis Obispo Trust is a fiduciary component unit and is presented in the Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

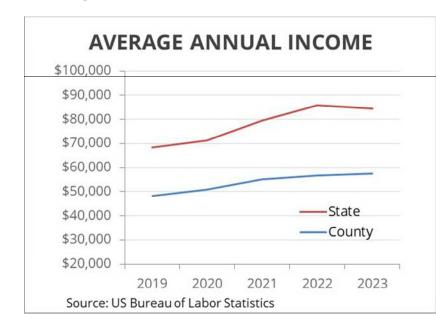
The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the County operates.

Employment:

- Unemployment in the County, as of September 2024, was 4.0% which is lower than both the state rate of 5.3% and the national rate of 4.1%. During the same period last year, unemployment in the County was 3.6%. San Luis Obispo County gained 1,400 jobs over the past year and ranks as the 7th lowest unemployment rate in the state.
- The State of California has a major presence in the County of San Luis Obispo with California Men's Colony, Atascadero State Hospital, and the California Polytechnic State University, making the State one of the largest employers in the County.



Wages:



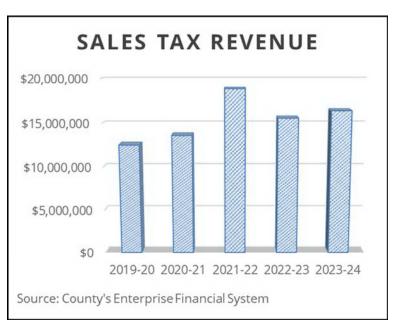
• Average income increased by 3.9% to \$59,706 from 2022 to 2023 (most recent data) for the residents of the County of San Luis Obispo whereas average income for the state increased by 3.7% to \$87,590 as reported by the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

As reported by the Bureau of Labor highest earning Statistics, the 2023 occupational groups in the area consisted of physicians, psychiatrists, dentists, chief executives, architectural and engineering managers, computer and information systems managers, lawyers, family medicine physicians, financial managers, and nurse practitioners.

Retail Sales and Agriculture:

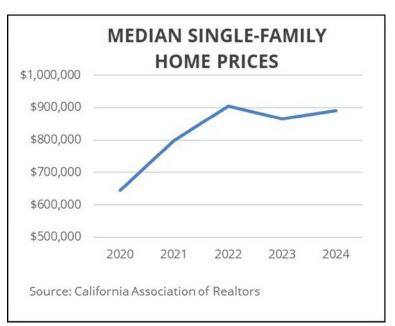
Both retail sales and agriculture continue to be integral part of the County's economy.

- Sales and use tax revenue within the unincorporated areas of the County was \$16.4 million in FY 2023-24.
- According to Visit SLO CAL, tourists spent \$2.32 billion in the calendar year 2023. The leading sectors for tourism spending were lodging (\$753 million), food service (\$590 million), recreation (\$239 million), and retail (\$227 million).
- Crop values for 2023 edged past \$1.1 billion for the first time. The top three commodities by value were wine grapes, strawberries, and cattle and calves.



Real Estate and Property Taxes:

- The County's median price for a single-family home increased from \$865,000 in June 2023 to \$890,000 in June 2024. This is a 2.9% increase from the prior year. The local real estate market remains competitive. While price growth has slowed down in recent years, home prices continue trending upwards.
- Discretionary property tax receipts were \$169.4 million in FY 2023-24, an increase of 4.9% over the prior year.
- The total tax levy on secured property, which excludes unsecured property, direct charges, and school bonds, was \$699.0 million for FY 2023-24, an increase of 5.7% from the previous year.
- Property transfer tax is related to the value and number of real estate transactions during the year. In the County's unincorporated areas property transfer taxes decreased 5.9% to \$3.0 million in FY 2023-24.
- The property tax delinquency rate increased from 1.00%, in FY 2022-23, to 1.26% in FY 2023-24.



Tourism:

- The scenic coastline, rolling vineyards, and abundance of outdoor activities continues to make San Luis Obispo County a tourist destination. Transient Occupancy Tax (TOT) collections in the unincorporated areas increased 0.2% in FY 2023-24 to \$16.6 million.
- Annual airline passenger travel at the San Luis Obispo County Airport increased by 14.7% during FY 2023-24, compared to FY 2022-23. In FY 2023-24, the airport introduced direct flights to Las Vegas.
- The California Mid-State Fair in Paso Robles estimated attendance was 335,000 people in 2024.

Lis ng FY to \$15,000,000 \$10,000,000 \$5,000,000 \$0 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 Source: County's Enterprise Financial System

\$20,000,000

TRANSIENT

OCCUPANCY TAX

Long-Term Financial Planning:

- The FY 2024-25 recommended budget authorized an \$851.8 million governmental fund spending level, an increase over the \$845.0 million adopted budget for FY 2023-24. The budget provides support to the development of departmental programs and services and assists County operations in responding to continuously changing needs, including the health and safety of the community. This budget includes American Rescue Plan Act funding for multiple high priority projects to address health and safety needs, meet regulatory requirements, and replace aging infrastructure in the County's water and wastewater systems. In FY 2024-25, the General Fund has \$741.2 million appropriated to finance expenditures, including contingencies of \$33.4 million.
- The General Fund reports fund balance intended for a variety of long-term needs in classifications based on the extent to which the amounts are restricted for use. The General Reserve, established per Government Code §29127, is accessible only upon declaration of emergency by the Board of Supervisors. As of June 30, 2024, the General Reserve was \$13.0 million. In addition to the General Reserve, reserves exist for building replacement (\$55.1 million), automation projects (\$23.1 million), and tax-loss mitigation purposes (\$64.0 million). Other classifications of General Fund balance are described in Footnote 11.
- The County was awarded \$55 million of Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds under the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021. In FY 2020-21, the County Board of Supervisors adopted broad expenditure categories for the use of the funds based on the US Department of Treasury's defined eligible uses. As of June 30, 2024, \$35.6 million of the funds had been spent to date.

County Defined Use Category	Allocation	Expenditures
Public Health	\$11.5 M	\$6.4 M
Housing and Homeless	\$5.5 M	\$5.2 M
 Business, Childcare, Non-Profit Grants 	\$9.0 M	\$6.4 M
Water, Sewer, and Broadband	\$13.0 M	\$3.4 M
 Restoration of Government Services 	\$16.0 M	\$14.2 M
Total	\$55.0 M	\$35.6 M

- Each year a five-year Capital Improvement Program (CIP) is compiled. The CIP is a plan for short-range and long-range capital acquisition and development. It also includes plans to improve or rehabilitate County-owned roads and facilities. The plan provides the mechanism for estimating capital requirements; setting priorities; monitoring and evaluating the progress of capital projects; and informing the public of projected capital improvements and unfunded needs. While the CIP covers a five-year planning period, it is updated each year to reflect ongoing changes as new projects are added, existing projects are modified, and completed projects are removed from the plan document. The five-year CIP does not appropriate funds; rather it serves as a budgeting tool, identifying those capital project appropriations to be made through the adoption of the County's annual budget. The budgeted capital expenditures for FY 2024-25 decreased 42% from the prior year and are approximately \$6.4 million.
- In September 2018, Governor Jerry Brown signed Senate Bill 1090, a bipartisan bill that will provide \$85 million in economic assistance to the community. The bill is an effort, in part, to lessen the effects of lost tax revenue that will result from the closure of the Diablo Canyon Nuclear Power Plant. PG&E had planned to close the plant by fiscal year 2024-25. However, Senate Bill 846, signed into law on September 2, 2022, by Governor Newsom, will allow the plant to operate until 2030, and in November 2023, PG&E submitted a license application to extend the lifetime of the plant by up to 20 years. The future operation of the plant is pending review by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission, but PG&E previously received approval to keep the plant operational during that review. The County will continue to receive its portion of annual installment payments for the economic assistance through FY 2024-25 and the total payments will be used for economic development (\$4.0 million), safety (\$4.5 million), affordable housing (\$6.4 million), infrastructure (\$5.0 million), roads (\$1.2 million), libraries (\$2.0 million), and General Fund tax loss mitigation (\$12.1 million).

Relevant Financial Policies:

- Balanced Budget: The County Administrative Officer shall present a balanced budget for all County operating funds on an annual basis.
- Ongoing Budget Administration: The County Administrative Officer shall submit Quarterly Financial Status Reports to the Board of Supervisors. The reports shall provide expenditure and revenue projections and identify and clarify projected variances along with recommendations and proposed corrective actions.
- Budget Priorities: The budget is an effort to allocate resources in an effective and efficient manner in order to achieve the County's vision of a Safe, Healthy, Livable, Prosperous, and Well-Governed Community.
- Use of "One-Time" Funds: One-time revenue shall be dedicated for use for one-time expenditures. Annual budgets will not be increased to the point that ongoing operating costs become overly reliant upon cyclical or unreliable one-time revenues.
- Debt Policy: A comprehensive Debt Management Policy was developed by the Auditor-Controller and approved by the Debt Advisory Committee. It was adopted by the Board of Supervisors on December 14, 2010.
- Cost Recovery through Fees: Utilize fees to recover costs where reasonable and after all cost savings options have been explored.
- Pension Cost: Governor Brown implemented a Public Employee Pension Reform Act (PEPRA) which took effect on January 1, 2013. In compliance with PEPRA the County established a Tier III retirement plan that complies with or exceeds the requirements of the pension reform legislation. In addition, the County and most labor units have adopted a 50/50 split of pension rate increases between the County and the employees. As of December 31, 2023, approximately 68% of County employees fall under PEPRA.

Major Initiatives

- Administrative Office: Executed a grant agreement totaling \$4.0 million in American Rescue Plan Act Housing and Homeless funding to support the development of 39 new affordable housing units in the Orcutt Road Apartments (Maxine Lewis) project.
- Administrative Office and Health Agency: The two departments implemented an Opioid Remediation Program Plan and funding allocations for the implementation of the Opioid Settlement Funds (OSF) program in San Luis Obispo County for the period of November 1, 2023, through June 30, 2026.
- Health Agency: The Behavior Health division of the department successfully implemented initiatives related to the onset of CalAIM (Advancing and Innovating Medi-Cal) payment reform. This included the launch of a new electronic health record (SmartCare) on July 1, 2023, which is a semi-Statewide database with comparison data points with twenty-two other California Counties. In addition, by joining this endeavor, the County of San Luis Obispo will benefit from efficiencies with a group of counties working together with the State Department of Health Care Services for revenue maximization.
- Social Services: The department implemented the CalSAWS system which replaced CalWIN. CalSAWS is the case management system that all 58 counties use for county eligibility staff that provides CalWORKs, CalFresh, Medi-Cal, Foster Care, Refugee Assistance, and General Assistance. Now, a participant's information can be accessed throughout the State to better serve them.
- Parks and Recreation: The Department of Parks and Recreation completed their 2024-30 Strategic Plan. The process included a complete review of department policies, documents, and procedures. This report gives an understanding of the department's strengths and challenges, key findings and needs, as well as key elements needed to strategically move forward and guide priority next steps from 2024 to 2030.
- Veteran Services: Increased veteran outreach by 192% through the continued efforts of their dedicated Veterans Services Representative/Outreach Coordinator.

Tax abatements

The County administers its Agricultural Preserve Program under the California Land Conservation Act of 1965, also known as the Williamson Act. The purpose of the Williamson Act is the long-term conservation of agricultural and open space lands for farming and ranching uses. Conservation of agricultural and open space land benefits the general public by discouraging premature conversion of land to urban land uses, thereby curtailing sprawl and promoting logical urban growth and provisions of urban services. The Agricultural Preserve Program both protects agriculture and retains open space for its scenic qualities and values as a wildlife habitat. Most directly, it contributes to the County's agricultural economy and the availability of fresh, nutritious, varied and affordable food.

Awards and Acknowledgments

Awards:

- The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the County of San Luis Obispo for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. This was the thirty-eighth consecutive year that the County has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the County published an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. This report satisfied both Generally Accepted Accounting Principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Annual Comprehensive Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.
- The Government Finance Officers Association presented the County with its Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its annual budget document for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2023. In order to receive this prestigious award, a governmental unit must publish a budget document that meets program criteria as a policy document, as an operations guide, as a financial plan, and as a communications device.
- The County of San Luis Obispo earned the California State Controller's Award for Counties Financial Transaction Reporting for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. This is the eighth consecutive year that the County has earned this award which recognizes the County's professionalism in preparing an accurate and timely report.

Acknowledgments:

The preparation of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the staff of the Auditor-Controller-Treasurer-Tax Collector's Office. We would like to acknowledge the special efforts of our Enterprise Financial System Operations Division and our independent auditors, CliftonLarsonAllen LLP, for their assistance in the report preparation. We would also like to express our appreciation to all County departments who assisted in this process and to the Board of Supervisors for its leadership responsibility and unfailing support to ensure the continued general fiscal health and integrity of the County.

Respectfully submitted,

James W. Hamilton, CPA Auditor-Controller-Treasurer-Tax Collector

Matthew P. Pontes County Administrative Officer

Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

County of San Luis Obispo California

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2023

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO LIST OF ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS

JUNE 30, 2024

Elected Officials

Board of Supervisors



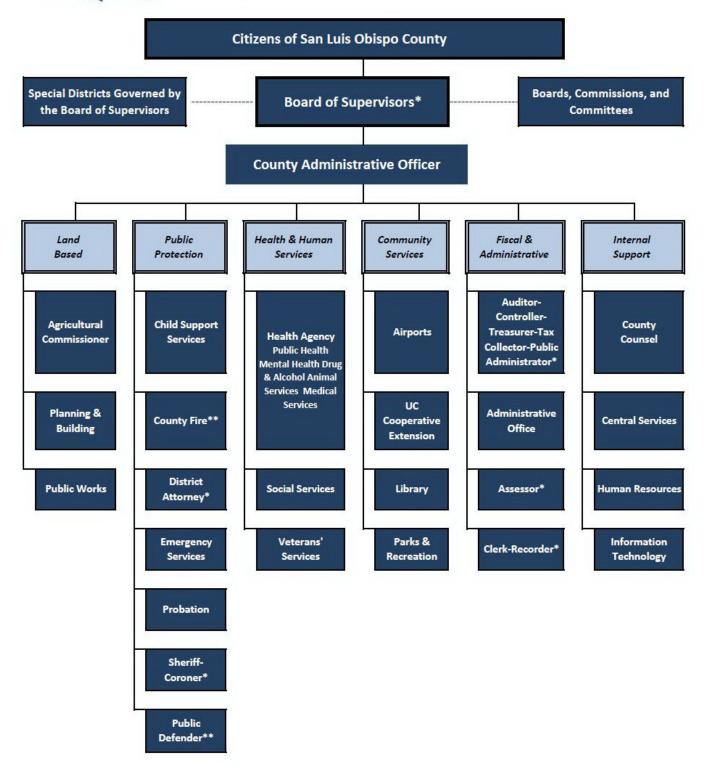
Assessor Tom J. Bordonaro	Jr.
Auditor-Controller-Treasurer-Tax Collector-Public Administrator	ton
County Clerk-Recorder Elaina Ca	ano
District Attorney Dan D	low
Sheriff-Coroner Ian Parkins	son

Appointed Officials

Agricultural Commissioner and Sealer of Weights and Measures Director of Airports	
Behavioral Health Administrator	
Central Services Director	
Chief Probation Officer	Robert Reyes
Director of Child Support Services	Natalie Walter
County Administrative Officer	Matt Pontes
County Counsel	
County Fire Chief	
Director of UC Cooperative Extension	
Director of Groundwater Sustainability	
Health Agency Director	
Human Resources Director	
Director of Information Technology	Daniel Milei
Library Director	
Director of Parks and Recreation	
Director of Planning and Building	Trevor Keith
Public Health Officer	Penny Borenstein
Director of Public Works	
County Social Services Director	
Veterans Services Officer	Morgan Boyd

COUNTY SAN LUIS OBISPO

County of San Luis Obispo Organizational Chart



* Elected Officials

**Contract



FINANCIAL SECTION





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Board of Supervisors County of San Luis Obispo, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements *Opinions*

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the businesstype activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of San Luis Obispo, California (County), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of First 5 San Luis Obispo and the San Luis Obispo County Pension Trust which represent the following percentages of assets, net position and revenues/additions of the opinion units shown below as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024:

<u>Opinion Unit</u>	<u>Assets</u>	Net Position	Revenues/Additions
Discretely Presented Component Unit	100%	100%	100%
Aggregate Remaining Fund Information	57%	62%	11%

Those statements were audited by other auditors, whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for First 5 San Luis Obispo and the San Luis Obispo County Pension Trust, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County of San Luis Obispo

and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County of San Luis Obispo's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of San Luis Obispo's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

• Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about County of San Luis Obispo's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of the County's proportionate share of the San Luis Obispo County's pension plan's net pension liability, schedule of the County's contributions to the San Luis Obispo County's pension plan, other post-employment benefits (OPEB) plan schedule of changes in the County's net OPEB liability and related ratios, other post-employment benefits (OPEB) plan schedule of actuarially determined plan contributions and related ratios, and budgetary comparison information for the General Fund be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of San Luis Obispo's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the combining and individual fund statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 9, 2024, on our consideration of the County of San Luis Obispo's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of San Luis Obispo's internal control over financial reporting and integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Roseville, California December 9, 2024

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS



COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2024

As management of the County of San Luis Obispo (the County), we offer readers the County's financial statements, this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report and the County's financial statements, which begin on page 36. All amounts, unless otherwise indicated, are expressed in thousands of dollars.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of the County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at June 30, 2024, by \$1,580,478 (net position). The majority of this amount, \$1,566,824 is the net investment in capital assets, while \$177,598 is restricted for specific purposes (restricted net position). Unrestricted net position indicates the portion of net position which may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors; however, the recording of the County's pension liability in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68 (GASB 68) and the County's OPEB liability in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75 (GASB 75) created a negative unrestricted net position of \$163,944 (Table A).
- The County's total net position increased by \$54,843, with governmental activities increasing \$41,000 and business-type activities increasing \$13,843 (Table B).
- The \$43.9 million increase in net investment in capital assets represents capital acquisitions during the year reduced by depreciation and increased by retirement of long-term debt (Table A).
- As of June 30, 2024, the County's governmental activities reported combined ending net position of \$1,146,182 an increase of \$41,000 in comparison with the prior year. Due to the recording of the long-term pension and OPEB obligations, no amount of the governmental activities' net position is available for spending at the County's discretion for current and future needs (*unrestricted net position*) (Table A).
- Business-type activities posted a net program income gain of \$1,573 before general revenues, contributions and transfers from other funds, an increase of \$14,909 when compared to a net program income loss of \$13,336 in the prior year. The majority of change in net program income relates to decreased depreciation expense being recorded in the Airport Fund over the prior year. In FY 2022-23, several capital assets belonging to the Airport Fund were either retired or had their useful lives reduced to align with Federal Aviation Administration guidelines. Due to these changes an additional \$12.1 million in depreciation expense was recorded.
- ✤ At the end of the fiscal year, the entire \$486,484 fund balance of the General Fund was either nonspendable (\$15,242), restricted (\$22,096), committed (\$248,486), or assigned (\$200,660).

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements include four components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, (3) notes to the financial statements, and (4) required supplementary information. This report also contains supplementary information and other information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements

The *Government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the County's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused employee vacation balances).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (Governmental Activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their cost through user fees and charges (Business-type Activities). The governmental activities of the County include public protection, public ways and facilities, health and sanitation, public assistance, education, recreation and cultural services, and general government. The main business-type activities of the County include the airport, golf courses, flood control districts, the Nacimiento water project, the Los Osos wastewater project and, county services areas.

Blended component units are included in our basic financial statements and consist of legally separate entities for which the County is financially accountable and that have substantially the same board as the County or provide services entirely to the County. They include county service areas, flood control districts, waterworks districts, lighting maintenance districts, and the San Luis Obispo County Public Facilities Corporation and SLO County Financing Authority.

The County discretely presents the First 5 San Luis Obispo County component unit. The mission of First 5 is to allocate funds from the California Children and Families Trust Fund and advocate for quality programs and services, supporting children prenatal to age five, to ensure that every child is healthy and ready to learn in school. First 5 does not meet the requirements for blending, and therefore its financial activities are presented separately from the County.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 36 to 38 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

<u>Governmental Funds</u> - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *Governmental Activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on the balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *Governmental Funds* with similar information presented for *Governmental Activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions.

Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *Governmental Funds* and *Governmental Activities*.

The County maintains twenty-six individual governmental funds organized according to their type: *general, special revenue, debt service, and capital projects*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds' balance sheet and in the governmental funds' statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, and the Capital Projects Fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the remaining twenty-four governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of the nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements found in the other supplementary information section of this report.

A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund and special revenue funds to demonstrate compliance with the budget and can be located in the required supplementary section of the report. Individual budgetary data for each of the nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the other supplementary information section of this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 39 to 42 of this report.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> - The County maintains two different types of proprietary funds, *enterprise* and *internal service funds*. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *Business-type Activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses *enterprise funds* to account for the airport, golf course, wastewater facility, flood control districts, waterworks districts and county service areas. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions. The County uses internal service funds to account for its vehicle operations and maintenance, public works services, other post-employment benefits, and self-insurance programs. Because these services predominately benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the *government-wide financial statements*, only in more detail. The Airport, Nacimiento Water Contract, State Water Project, and Los Osos Wastewater funds are considered to be major funds of the County and are presented separately in the *proprietary fund financial statements*. All other enterprise funds have been combined into a single column for presentation. The seven internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service and enterprise funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* found in the other supplementary information section of this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 43 to 45 of this report.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> - Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The County also discretely presents the *San Luis Obispo County Pension Trust* which is an independent trust that administers the San Luis Obispo County Employees Retirement Plan on behalf of the County. The *San Luis Obispo County Pension Trust* is a fiduciary component unit and presented in the Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 46 to 47 of this report.

<u>Notes to the Basic Financial Statements</u> - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 48 to 95 of this report.

<u>Required Supplementary Information</u> - The notes to the basic financial statements are followed by a section of *required supplementary information* (RSI) that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

The required supplementary information can be found on pages 96 to 104 of this report.

<u>Other Supplementary Information</u> - In addition to the basic financial statements, accompanying notes, and required supplementary information, this report also presents certain *other supplementary information* including the County's General Fund and special revenue funds budgetary schedules, and combining and individual fund statements and schedules.

Combining and individual fund statements and schedules - The combining and individual fund statements and schedules referred to earlier provide information for nonmajor governmental funds, nonmajor enterprise funds, internal service funds, and fiduciary funds and are presented following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 105 to 114 and 133 to 148 of this report.

Budgetary comparison schedules - The budgetary comparison schedules (other than the General Fund which is presented in the required supplementary information section) for the Capital Projects and nonmajor Special Revenue funds can be found on pages 115 to 132 of this report.

Detail budgetary schedules demonstrating legal level of compliance with budgetary control for the General Fund are presented on pages 149 to 156 of this report.

Statistical schedules provide financial, revenue capacity, debt capacity, demographic and economic, and operating trend information. These schedules are presented on pages 157 to 175 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As stated earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the County, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$1,580,478 as detailed in the table below: **Table A**

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024 (in thousands)													
	_		J	une 30, 2024					Ju	ine 30, 2023			2023-2024
	-	Govern- mental Activities		Business- Type Activities		Total Primary Govern- ment		Govern- mental Activities	. –	Business- Type Activities	<u> </u>	Total Primary Govern- ment	Total % Change
Assets:	ć	050.044	ć	100 100	ć	1 020 070	ć	007 107	ć	101 010	ć	000 177	F 20/
Current assets Other noncurrent assets	\$	858,941 73,914	\$	180,129 34,624	\$	1,039,070 108,538	\$	807,167 74,215	\$	181,010 26,181	\$	988,177 100,396	5.2% 8.1%
Capital assets		1,424,753		577,105		2,001,858		1,402,161		575,699		1,977,860	1.2%
Total assets	-	2,357,608		791,858	· ·	3,149,466		2,283,543	· -	782,890		3,066,433	2.7%
Deferred Outflows of Resources		259,721		5,931		265,652		289,045		6,182		295,227	(10.0%)
Liabilities:													
Current liabilities		184,459		31,142		215,601		175,037		31,689		206,726	4.3%
Long-term liabilities	-	1,273,704		308,331		1,582,035		1,278,764		320,615		1,599,379	(1.1%)
Total liabilities	-	1,458,163		339,473		1,797,636		1,453,801	. –	352,304		1,806,105	(0.5%)
Deferred Inflows of Resources		12,984		24,020		37,004		13,605		16,315		29,920	23.7%
Net position: Net investment in capital													
assets		1,259,302		307,522		1,566,824		1,229,892		293,062		1,522,954	2.9%
Restricted		177,598		-		177,598		173,086		-		173,086	2.6%
Unrestricted	_	(290,718)		126,774		(163,944)		(297,796)		127,391		(170,405)	(3.8%)
Total net position	\$_	1,146,182	\$	434,296	\$	1,580,478	\$	1,105,182	\$	420,453	\$	1,525,635	3.6%

Analysis of Net Position

The County's total net position increased by \$54.8 million, or 3.6%. The total net position increase was a combination of increased total assets (\$83.0 million), decreased deferred outflows of resources (\$29.6 million), decreased total liabilities (\$8.5 million), and increased deferred inflow of resources (\$7.1 million). Causes for the changes in each of these categories are detailed below.

Total assets increased by \$83.0 million, a 2.7% increase. This includes a \$16.6 million rise in cash and cash equivalents and a \$27.7 million increase in receivables from other governments. The rise in receivables was primarily driven by Health Agency programs and road projects. For the Health Agency, the increase is attributed to state and federal reimbursements for behavioral health services, drug and alcohol programs, Mental Health Services Act initiatives, and psychiatric health facility services. For road projects, the amounts owed include Caltrans funding for various projects, such as seismic retrofitting of the Lopez Drive bridge over Lopez Lake and replacement of the El Camino Real bridge over Santa Margarita Creek.

Total deferred outflows decreased \$29.6 million, or 10.0%. The decrease is the combination of a decrease in deferred pension resources (\$24.8 million) and a decrease in deferred OPEB resources (\$4.6 million). Fluctuations in pension and OPEB deferred outflows occur due to changes in plan assumptions and in projected and actual earnings on plan investments from the prior year.

The County's total liabilities decreased by \$8.5 million, or 0.5%. This change primarily reflects a \$23.2 million reduction in bonds and notes payable, offset by a \$13.0 million increase in net pension liability. The decrease in bonds and notes payable is due to scheduled debt payments, with no new debt issued during the period. For more details on the County's debt, refer to Table G below and Note 10 in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

Total deferred inflows of resources increased \$7.1 million, or 23.7%. The increase was attributable to the San Luis Obispo County Regional Airport entering into new lease agreements to rent out airport space.

Unrestricted net position indicates the portion of net position which may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. The recording of the County's pension liability, per the requirements of GASB 68, and the recording of the County's OPEB liability per the requirements of GASB 75, caused the County's unrestricted net position to remain negative indicating that the majority of the County's net position is invested in capital assets or otherwise restricted for use.

The most significant portion of the County's net position is net investment of capital assets of \$1,566,824. This amount reflects investment in capital assets (e.g., land and easements, structures and improvements, infrastructure, and equipment), less any outstanding related debt used to acquire those assets, and less any construction related payables. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The remaining \$177,598, or 11.2%, of the balance of the County's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County reported positive balances for business-type activities in all net position categories.

In total, the County's net position increased \$54.8 million. Total net position for governmental activities increased \$41.0 million and total net position for business-type activities increased \$13.8 million due to normal operating activities.

Net Investment in Capital Assets for governmental and business-type activities increased a net of \$43.9 million. Governmental activities increased \$29.4 million and business-type activities increased \$14.5 million. For more details on the County's debt, refer to Table F below and Note 4 in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

Restricted net position represents net position of the County which is subject to constraints imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, or regulations. Total restricted net position was \$177.6 million, a 2.6% increase over the prior year. Public Protection saw the largest decrease in restricted net position at \$3.9 million, or 18.6%, and Health and Sanitation saw the largest increase in restricted net position at \$6.3 million, or 33.9%. These changes are primarily attributable to variance in purchase obligations, claims, contracts, and enabling legislation from the prior year.

There was an increase of \$6.5 million in *Unrestricted net position* reported in connection with the Total Primary Government. This category represents the portion of the County's net position which is not subject to constraints imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, or regulations. When positive, this amount may be used to meet the County's general obligations.

Table BStatement of ActivitiesFor the Year Ended June 30, 2024(in thousands)

						(in thousan	ds)	•							
				June 30, 2024		•				June 30, 2023	ine 30, 2023				
		Govern- mental Activities		Business- Type Activities		Total Primary Government		Govern- mental Activities		Business- Type Activities		Total Primary Government	Total % Change		
<u>Revenues:</u>							_		_						
Program revenues:	~	62.060	~	65.006	~	120.050	~	64.070	~	64 6 40	~	126 626	2.6%		
Charges for services	\$	63,960	\$	65,996	\$	129,956	\$	64,978	\$	61,648	\$	126,626	2.6%		
Operating grants and contributions		399,594		2,368		401,962		368,652		5,622		374,274	7.4%		
Capital grants and		000,001		2,000		101,001		000,002		0,011		07 1)27 1	,,,,,,		
contributions		14,800		2,333		17,133		6,371		963		7,334	133.6%		
General revenues:															
Property taxes		245,825		5,045		250,870		235,064		4,944		240,008	4.5%		
Other taxes		38,278		-		38,278		37,417		-		37,417	2.3%		
Interest and investment		22 542		4 5 7 5		20.007		12 205		4.044		45 200	450.4%		
income Grants not restricted to		33,512		4,575		38,087		13,395		1,814		15,209	150.4%		
specific programs		5,567		-		5,567		5,334		-		5,334	4.4%		
Other revenues		558		965		1,523		306		5,282		5,588	(72.7%)		
	_	538		905	• •	1,525	· -	500	• -	5,202		5,500	(72.7%)		
Total revenues		802,094		81,282		883,376		731,517		80,273		811,790	8.8%		
Expenses:	-	002,00		01/202	• •	000,070		,01,01,		00,270		011), 50	0.070		
General government		67,933		-		67,933		37,088		-		37,088	83.2%		
Public protection		257,497		-		257,497		254,728		-		254,728	1.1%		
Public ways and facilities		50,230		-		50,230		55,375		-		55,375	(9.3%)		
Health and sanitation		174,990		-		174,990		152,565		-		152,565	14.7%		
Public assistance		168,272		-		168,272		201,741		-		201,741	(16.6%)		
Education		13,756		-		13,756		15,256		-		15,256	(9.8%)		
Recreation and cultural															
services		14,202		-		14,202		13,754		-		13,754	3.3%		
Interest on long-term		12 520				12 520		11 200				11 200	10.0%		
debt Airport		12,529		- 15,333		12,529 15,333		11,299		- 26,498		11,299 26,498	10.9% (42.1%)		
Golf		-		5,500		5,500		-		4,884		4,884	(42.1%) 12.6%		
State Water Contract		-		7,404		7,404		-		6,882		6,882	7.6%		
Nacimiento Water				,,		,,				0,002		0,002	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
Contract		-		12,571		12,571		-		14,170		14,170	(11.3%)		
Lopez Flood Control		-		8,145		8,145		-		7,708		7,708	5.7%		
Lopez Park		-		-		-		-		-		-	-		
General Flood Control		-		1,847		1,847		-		1,490		1,490	24.0%		
County Service Areas		-		6,463		6,463		-		7,340		7,340	(11.9%)		
Los Osos Wastewater	_	-		11,861		11,861	· -	-		12,597		12,597	(5.8%)		
Total expenses		759,409		69,124		828,533		741,806		81,569		823,375	0.6%		
Excess/(deficiency)	-	759,409		09,124		828,555		741,800		81,509		025,575	0.0%		
before transfers		42,685		12,158		54,843		(10,289)		(1,296)		(11,585)	(573.4%)		
		42,005		12,130		54,645		(10,205)		(1,250)		(11,505)	(373.470)		
Transfers		(1,685)		1,685		-		(6,696)		6,696		-	-		
	_			,			-		-			<u>.</u>			
Change in net position		41,000		13,843		54,843		(16,985)		5,400		(11,585)	(573.4%)		
Net position - beginning		1,105,182		420,453		1,525,635	. <u> </u>	1,122,167		415,053		1,537,220	(0.8%)		
Net position - ending	\$	1,146,182	\$	434,296	\$	1,580,478	\$	1,105,182	\$	420,453	\$	1,525,635	3.6%		

Analysis of Governmental and Business-type Activities

Governmental Activities

Governmental Activities increased the County's net position by \$41.0 million compared to a decrease of \$17.0 million in the prior year.

Overall, total revenues for governmental activities increased \$70.6 million, or 9.6%. Significant factors contributing to the overall increase in revenues from the prior year are detailed below:

- ✤ Operating Grants and Contributions increased by \$30.9 million, or 8.4%. Public Ways and Facilities revenue increased \$5.6 million, or 24.4%. This increase was primarily from Department of Water Resources Sustainable Groundwater Management Grant Program. Through this grant program the County received \$3.5 million in funding for the implementation of the Paso Robles Subbasin Groundwater Sustainability Plan (GSP). The goal of the GSP is to sustainably manage the groundwater resources for long-term community financial, and environmental benefit of the basin's users. Health and Sanitation revenue increased \$27.0 million, or 25.1%. The County recorded an additional \$10.9 million in Mental Health Services Act (MHSA) revenue over the prior year. MHSA funds are allocated to the County to help people and families with mental health needs and are spent across five distinct components: community services and support, workforce education and training, prevention and early intervention, innovation, and capital facilities and technological needs. In FY 2023-24, the County recorded \$24.6 million in MHSA revenue, with \$18.2 million being spent on the community services and support component, primarily through the County's full-service partnerships. The County also received additional funds for homeless and affordable housing programs and services. Total state and federal aid for these programs and services were \$19.8 million, compared to \$10.7 million last fiscal year. This increase included \$6.9 million in Encampment Resolution Funding (ERF) from the California Department of Housing and Community Development. ERF Program funding assists homeless individuals living in encampments to transition to permanent housing.
- Capital Grants and Contributions increased by \$8.4 million, or 132.3%. The majority of the increase was for roads related projects. These projects included seismic retrofitting the existing bridge on Lopez Drive over Lopez Lake, replacing the existing bridge on El Camino Real over Santa Margarita Creek, and replacement of the Huasna Townsite Bridge over Huasna River.
- Property Taxes rose \$10.8 million, or 4.6% over the prior year, a function of the regular 2% increase in assessed property value allowed by California's Proposition 13 and increasing property values on new sales.
- Interest Earnings Not Restricted to Specific Programs increased \$20.1 million primarily due to increased rates of return on County Treasury investments and changes in the fair market value of investments.

Overall, total expenses for governmental activities increased \$17.6 million, or 2.4%. Notable factors contributing to the overall increase in expenses from the prior year are detailed below:

- Health and Sanitation expense increased \$22.4 million, or 14.7%. The increase related to grant expenditures to support homeless services and affordable housing programs. The County has spent grant funding received from the California Department of Housing and Community Development for Emergency Solutions Grants (ESG) Program, Encampment Resolution Funding (ERF) Program, and Homeless Housing Assistance and Prevention (HHAP) Grant Program. Program funding has been used for the Welcome Home Village Project, which consists of 46 permanent supportive residential housing units and 34 interim supportive housing residential units to assist homeless individuals living in encampments to transition to permanent housing.
- Public Ways and Facilities expenses decreased \$5.1 million, or 9.3%. Expenditures primarily consist of various road improvement projects. The decrease in expenditures is largely related to reduced road repair costs over the prior year. In the prior year, road expenditures were higher due to increased road repairs needed to fix damage from two large storms that had federal emergency declarations.

Education expenses decreased \$1.5 million, or 9.8%. This decrease was due to prior year costs for the Library Fund's broadband migration project and program costs associated with the California State Library Literacy Grant funds.

For FY 2023-24, the County was able to maintain its funding of General Fund contingencies at a level of 5%, while still making investments in the many programs and services provided to the community.

Business-type Activities

Business-type activities increased the County's net position by \$13.8 million compared to an increase of \$5.4 million in the previous year. Revenues exceeding expenses by \$12.1 million, and net transfers of \$1.7 million resulted in the total increase to net position. Key elements of current year business-type activity are as follows:

Total revenue increased \$1.0 million, or 1.3% from the preceding year.

- Total Golf Fund revenue increased \$631 thousand, or 13.2%, attributable to overall increase in golf rounds played as well as increased foot traffic through the pro shops at the Morro Bay Golf Course, Chalk Mountain Golf Course, and the Dairy Creek Golf Course.
- The General Flood Control Zone-Salinas Dam Fund revenue increased \$732 thousand, or 50.8%, attributable to increased water sales revenue from the City of San Luis Obispo.
- Los Osos Wastewater Fund revenue increased \$1.4 million, or 16.3%, attributable to increased wastewater collection, treatment, and recycling services to the community of Los Osos.

Expenses for business-type activities decreased \$12.4 million, or 15.3% from the prior year.

- Total Airport expenses decreased \$11.2 million. The majority of the difference relates to increased depreciation expense being recorded in the prior year, as several capital assets belonging to the Airport Fund were either retired or had their useful lives reduced to align with Federal Aviation Administration guidelines. Due to these changes an additional \$12.1 million in depreciation expense was recorded in FY 2022-23.
- Nacimiento Water Contract Fund expenses decreased \$1.6 million, including a \$1.3 million dollar decrease to electricity charges.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENT ANALYSIS

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the County's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is beneficial in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, total fund balance less the nonspendable portion may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. Total fund balance consists of the following components (see footnote 11 for additional detail):

 Nonspendable fund balance, \$15,260, increased \$8.5 million, or 125.0% from the prior year. Nonspendable fund balance represents amounts that are not spendable in form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, and includes (1) inventories of \$140, (2) prepaid items of \$677, and (3) long-term receivables of \$14.4 million. The increase from the prior year primarily relates to loans made from the General Fund to the Roads Fund to repair road damage caused by prior year storms.

- *Restricted fund balance*, \$151,835, decreased \$2.4 million, or 1.6%, from the prior year. Restricted fund balance represents amounts that are subject to externally enforceable legal restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, regulations, or enabling legislation. Significant components of this balance include amounts restricted for (1) tax reduction reserves of \$4,737, (2) public protection programs of \$7,855, (3) Mental Health Services Act funds of \$2,774, (4) public facilities funds of \$8,944, (5) traffic impact programs of \$12,740, (6) automation projects of \$2,490, and (7) debt service of \$99,278. The decrease is attributable to reduced public protection encumbrances for County Fire and lower Public Facilities Fees Fund fund balance.
- *Committed fund balance*, \$336,290, increased \$24.7 million, or 7.9%, from the prior year. Committed fund balance represents amounts with constraints imposed by the Board of Supervisors for specified purposes. Significant components of this balance include commitments for (1) flood control programs, \$10,824, (2) tax reduction reserve, \$64,010, (3) automation projects, \$23,146, (4) roads, \$18,782, (5) building replacement, \$55,085, (6) solar plant mitigation, \$15,640, (7) capital projects, \$16,371, (8) SB 1090 economic development, \$10,812, and (9) COVID-19 services, \$6,134. The increase from the prior year was the combination of increased general reserves (\$6.0 million), building replacement (\$3.9 million), tax reduction reserve commitments (\$4.9 million), and general government commitments (\$7.6 million). The general government commitments increase related primarily to SB 1090 (Diablo Power Plant Closure Economic Impact Mitigation Funds) use for housing projects (\$3.3 million) and funds reservations for other various capital projects (\$2.1 million).
- Assigned fund balance, \$200,660, increased \$1.5 million, or 0.7%, from the prior year. Assigned fund balance represents amounts the County intends to use for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. Significant components of this balance include (1) behavioral health programs, \$16,252, (2) tax reduction reserve, \$31,562, (3) general government, \$13,216, (4) social services programs, \$26,546, and (5) subsequent fiscal year budget, \$54,427.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance of \$704,045, an increase of 4.8%, or \$32.2 million, in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 76.3% of the total fund balance, or \$536,952, is available to meet the County's current and future needs.

General Fund

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. As of the end of the current fiscal year, spendable fund balance (restricted, committed, and assigned) of the General Fund was \$471,242 while total fund balance reached \$486,484. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it is useful to compare both total fund balance and spendable fund balance to total fund expenditures of \$638.3 million. Spendable fund balance represents 73.8% of the total fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 76.2% of the same amount, a 4.9% increase from the prior year. During the current fiscal year, the fund balance of the General Fund increased by \$31.1 million.

The following provides an explanation for significant contributors to the change in the General Fund's fund balance.

- Total revenues exceeded total expenditures by \$61.7 million, which was a \$38.0 million increase from the prior year.
- General Fund revenues increased \$37.5 million, or 5.7% over the prior year. Tax revenue increased \$9.5 million, or 3.8%, due to increased assessed property values, including regular 2% increases allowed by California's Proposition 13. Use of money and property increased \$12.8 million, or 136.8%, due to increased investment interest earnings and changes in the fair market value of investments. Aid from governmental agencies increased \$15.9 million, or 4.8%. State aid increased \$7.8 million, or 3.2%, and federal aid increased \$7.7 million, or 8.5%. State aid increased in areas of health and social services programs. The County recorded \$1.3 million in state funds to assess the technical suitability of several waterfront locations to support potential wind farms. The County also recorded \$3.5 million in grants from the Department of Water Resources for the implementation of the Paso Robles Subbasin Groundwater Sustainability Plan (GSP). The goal of the GSP is to sustainably manage

the groundwater resources for long-term community financial, and environmental benefit of the basin's users. In federal aid, an additional \$3.1 million was received for welfare programs.

Total expenditures in the General Fund decreased \$426 thousand, or 0.1%, from the prior year. The primary expenditure functions contributing to the increase were *General Government*, \$3.1 million, *Public Protection*, \$13.6 million, *Public Ways &* Facilities, \$4.0 million, and *Health & Sanitation*, \$10.1 million. These increases were offset by a decrease in *Public Assistance* expenditures of \$31.8 million. The increase in *General Government* and *Public Protection* was primarily due to negotiated salary increases. The increase to *Public Ways & Facilities* related to increase cost associated with the Paso Robles Subbasin Groundwater Sustainability Plan, including the City of Paso Robles Recycled Water Distribution System. The increase to *Health & Sanitation* was spread across behavioral health programs for mental health and drug and alcohol services. The decrease to *Public Assistance* is mainly due to the Department of Social Services recognizing a capital outlay in the prior year for a new 35-year agreement for a 20,000 square foot office building.

Capital Projects

The Capital Projects Fund handles construction projects for the County's governmental funds. The fund ended the fiscal year with a total fund balance of \$16.4 million. Capital outlay expenditures exceeded revenues by \$16.9 million and net transfers totaled \$15.7 million. The combination of these two factors resulted in a \$1.2 million decrease in fund balance for the current year. Funding for specific projects comes primarily from the use of designations, public facilities fees, issuance of long-term debt, and aid from other government agencies. The General Fund transferred \$2.5 million to the Capital Projects Fund for various capital projects including \$347 thousand for roof replacement and voluntary seismic performance improvements to the San Miguel Community Building and \$181 thousand for a new 100-foot communication tower in Creston. The Public Facilities Corporation Debt Service Fund transferred in \$5.6 million of debt proceeds to offset construction costs for the new Animal Services Facility, rehabilitation of the Cayucos Veterans Hall, and construction of the new Probation Department office building. Additionally, \$5.8 million in public facilities fees were used. Of which, \$5.4 million went to construction of the co-located emergency dispatch center.

Governmental Fund Revenues

Revenues for all governmental funds combined totaled \$814.3 million in the current fiscal year, an increase of approximately 8.3%, or \$62.1 million, from the prior fiscal year revenues of \$752.2 million.

The following table presents the amount of revenues from various sources and also displays increases or decreases from the prior year. **Table C**

Revenues Classified by Source Governmental Funds Fund Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (in thousands)												
		2023-20)24		2022-20)23		Increase/(D	ecrease)			
	Percent Percent Percent											
		Amount	of Total		Amount	of Total		Amount	Change			
Revenues by Source:												
Taxes	\$	281,265	34.5%	\$	270,790	36.0%	\$	10,475	3.9%			
Licenses, Permits, and Franchises		14,351	1.8%		15,478	2.1%		(1,127)	(7.3%)			
Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties		4,889	0.6%		4,297	0.6%		592	13.8%			
Use of Money and Property		32,133	3.9%		13,346	1.8%		18,787	140.8%			
Aid from Governmental Agencies		408,888	50.2%		378,339	50.2%		30,549	8.1%			
Charges for Current Services		58,506	7.2%		55,512	7.4%		2,994	5.4%			
Other Revenues	_	14,279	1.8%		14,429	1.9%		(150)	(1.0%)			
Total	\$	814,311	100.0%	\$	752,191	100.0%	\$	62,120	8.3%			

The following provides an explanation of revenues by source that changed significantly over the prior year in the governmental funds.

- Taxes increased \$10.5 million, or 3.9%. Sales tax revenue increased \$837 thousand, or 5.4%, over the prior year, but the primary increase to tax revenue was for the regular 2% increase in assessed property value allowed by California's Proposition 13.
- Licenses, Permits, and Franchises decreased by \$1.1 million, or 7.3%, over the prior year. Construction related permit revenue decreased over the prior year. Building permit revenue decreased \$527 thousand, plan check revenue decreased \$581 thousand, and revenue for mechanical, electrical, and plumbing permits decreased \$302 thousand. The decrease in overall Licenses, Permits, and Franchises revenue was offset by a \$324 thousand increase to franchise fees. The remaining change was associated with various departmental fee revenue.
- Use of Money and Property increased \$18.8 million over the prior year. This increase is primarily due to investment interest earnings and changes in the fair market value of investments.
- ✤ Aid from Governmental Agencies increased \$30.5 million, or 8.1%. The County received \$12.8 million more in state aid and \$17.1 million more in federal aid. A main component to state aid revenue increasing was additional Mental Health Services Act (MHSA) revenue being recorded. Total MHSA revenue recorded was \$24.6 million, which was a \$10.9 million increase over the prior year. Of the \$24.6 million in MHSA revenue recorded \$18.2 million is for Community Services and Support programs (CSS). CSS programs serve a wide array of individuals with severe mental illness and focus on children and families, transitional aged youth, adults, and older adults. The County also recorded \$1.3 million in opioid settlement fund's grants. Opioid settlement funds stem from a federal lawsuit against opioid manufacturers, distributors, and pharmacies. These funds are used for opioid remediation activities focused on prevention, intervention, harm reduction, treatment, and recovery services. The increase in federal aid was spread across several areas. Federal aid for construction increased \$5.9 million and was used for major roads projects include seismic retrofitting the existing bridge on Lopez Drive over Lopez Lake and replacing the existing bridge on El Camino Real over Santa Margarita Creek. An additional \$2.8 million in Community Development Block Grants were received to prevent, prepare for, and respond to coronavirus. Lastly, an additional \$3.1 million in federal aid for welfare programs was received.
- Charges for Services increased \$3.0 million, or 5.4%. This increase is due to increased payments from other funds for debt services associated with the 2020 and 2022 Lease Revenue Bonds. These bonds were issued to fund capital projects, including, the Animal Services Facility, Co-located Emergency Dispatch Facility, rehabilitation of the Cayucos Vets Hall, and construction of the new Probation Department office building.

Governmental Fund Expenditures

Expenditures for all governmental funds combined totaled \$783.1 million in the current fiscal year, an increase of approximately 2.4%, or \$18.3 million, from the prior fiscal year expenditures of \$764.8 million.

The following table presents expenditures by function for Governmental Funds, as well as the increase or decrease from the prior year.

Table DExpenditures by Function Including Capital Outlay
Governmental FundsFund Financial StatementsFor the Year Ended June 30, 2024

(in thousands)

	2023-2024			2022-20)23	Increase/(De	crease)
			Percent		Percent		Percent
		Amount	of Total	Amount	of Total	Amount	Change
Expenditures by Function:							
General Government	\$	78,117	10.0%	\$ 75,027	9.8%	\$ 3,090	4.1%
Public Protection		247,211	31.6%	233,444	30.4%	13,767	5.9%
Public Ways and Facilities		53 <i>,</i> 698	6.9%	58,016	7.6%	(4,318)	(7.4%)
Health and Sanitation		168,927	21.6%	140,568	18.4%	28,359	20.2%
Public Assistance		156,910	20.0%	188,616	24.7%	(31,706)	(16.8%)
Education		13,975	1.8%	14,199	1.9%	(224)	(1.6%)
Recreation and Cultural Services		14,297	1.8%	16,685	2.2%	(2,388)	(14.3%)
Principal payments		14,207	1.8%	13,067	1.7%	1,140	8.7%
Interest on Long-Term Debt		12,762	1.6%	10,581	1.4%	2,181	20.6%
Capital outlay		22,986	2.9%	14,563	1.9%	8,423	57.8%
Total	\$	783,090	100.0%	\$ 764,766	100.0%	\$ 18,324	2.4%

The following provides an explanation of the expenditures by function that changed significantly over the prior year.

- General Government increased \$3.1 million, or 4.1%. This increase was driven by increased salaries and benefits across all departments within the function. Overall, salaries and wages expenditures increased by 5.9% in the General Government Function.
- Public Protection increased \$13.8 million, or 5.9%. Salaries and benefits increased 6.7% and services and supplies increased by 5.7%. The increase to services and supplies related to storm response efforts with the rehabilitation of the Arroyo Grande Creek channel restoration and rehabilitation project. This critical project intends to address the creek's water flow characteristics through vegetation and sediment removal to restore capacity and flood protection. The project will also re-grade the south levee and repair approximately 3,000 square yards of turf reinforcing mat.
- Public Ways and Facilities expenditures decreased \$4.3 million, or 7.4%. Expenditures primarily consist of various road improvement projects. The decrease in expenditures is largely related to reduced road repair costs over the prior year. In the prior year, road expenditures were higher due to increased road repairs needed to fix damage from two large storms that had federal emergency declarations.

- Health and Sanitation expenditures increased \$28.4 million, or 20.2%. The increase related to grant expenditures to support homeless services and affordable housing programs. The County has spent grant funding received from the California Department of Housing and Community Development for Emergency Solutions Grants (ESG) Program, Encampment Resolution Funding (ERF) Program, and Homeless Housing Assistance and Prevention (HHAP) Grant Program. Program funding has been used for the Welcome Home Village Project, which consists of 46 permanent supportive residential housing units and 34 interim supportive housing residential units to assist homeless individuals living in encampments to transition to permanent housing.
- Public Assistance expenditure decreased \$31.7 million, or 16.8%. Last fiscal year (FY 2022-23), the Department of Social Services entered into a new 35-year office building lease. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 87, the cost of the lease over the full term was recognized in the first year of the agreement. The FY 2023-24 decrease in Public Assistance expenditures is attributed to the prior year recognition of the expenditure in the first year of the agreement. Offsetting this decrease, professional services for Law Enforcement Medical Care increased \$1.8 million and foster care and adoption services costs increased \$3.4 million.
- Capital Outlay expenditures increased \$8.4 million, or 57.8%. This increase is primarily due to continued construction of the co-located emergency dispatch project, rehabilitation of the Cayucos Veterans Hall, replacement of the Probation Department's main office in San Luis Obispo, and extension of the Bob Jones Trail.

Proprietary Funds

The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The following table shows actual revenues, expenses, and results of operations for the 2023-24 fiscal year.

Table E Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Results of Operations Proprietary Funds Fund Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

		M	ajor	Funds			Nonmajor Funds		Total
	Airport	 Nacimiento Water Contract		State Water Project	_,	Los Osos Wastewater	Other Enterprise Funds	-	Total Enterprise
Operating revenues	\$ 15,521	\$ 15,723	\$	8,312	\$	7,254	\$ 20,205	\$	67,015
Operating expenses	15,246	 6,310		7,383	-	8,582	20,999	-	58,520
Operating income (loss)	275	 9,413		929	_	(1,328)	(794)	_	8,495
Non-operating revenues (expenses), net	3,604	 (5,131)		3,543	_	(2,936)	2,447	_	1,527
Net income (loss) before contributions and transfers	3,879	4,282		4,472		(4,264)	1,653		10,022
Contributions and transfers, net	(313)	 _		_	_	2,687	1,644	_	4,018
Change in net position	\$ 3,566	\$ 4,282	\$	4,472	\$	(1,577)	\$ 3,297	\$	14,040

All the enterprise funds are expected to continue to meet their ongoing cost of operations and to be able to maintain sufficient reserves in the long-term.

The Airport Fund reported an operating gain of \$275 thousand, a \$14.6 million increase from the prior year's operating loss of \$14.3 million. The prior year operating loss was attributable to increased

depreciation expense being recognized when several capital assets either had their useful life reduced or were retired. Operating revenues increased by \$3.7 million compared to the prior year, indicating strong demand for commercial passenger travel. The San Luis Obispo County Regional Airport introduced direct flights to Las Vegas and total commercial passenger enplanement activity increased 14.7% over the prior year. Revenue for rents, concessions, parking, and landing fees all increased over the prior year. Net position increased by \$3.6 million compared to a decrease in net position of \$8.8 million in the prior year.

- The Nacimiento Water Contract Fund realized operating income of \$9.4 million, a \$3.3 million decrease from the prior year's operating income of \$12.7 million. The decrease is primarily attributable to the receipt of a \$4.7 million settlement for leak repairs to the Nacimiento water pipeline in the prior year. Total water sales were flat year-over-year, but operating expenses decreased \$1.3 million. Overall net position increased \$4.3 million compared to an increase in net position of \$6.9 million in the prior year.
- The State Water Project Fund realized operating income of \$929 thousand, a \$68 thousand decrease from the prior year's operating income of \$997 thousand. Operating revenues and operating expenses saw similar increases over the prior year, with water sales increasing over the prior year by \$387 thousand. Overall, net position increased by \$4.5 million compared to an increase in net position of \$10.3 million. This decrease in net position is due to the fund receiving a \$6.3 million transfer in the prior year from the Flood Control Zone Special Revenue Fund for the sale of the unallocated portion of the Flood Control District's State Water from 2008 to 2014.
- The Los Osos Wastewater Fund reported an operating loss of \$1.3 million, an increase of \$415 thousand when compared to the prior year's operating loss of \$1.7 million. The wastewater plant began full-service operations in FY 2016-17. While operating revenues decreased by \$176 thousand this was met with a \$591 thousand decrease to the plant's operating and maintenance costs. Additionally, the plant's excise tax receipts increase over the prior year by \$1.4 million. Overall net position decreased \$1.6 million compared to a decrease in net position of \$3.8 million in the prior year.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The original budget for expenditures and transfers out increased by \$115.1 million, or 16.5%, during the year, leading to the final amended budget. This increase was funded by increases to both budgeted revenues and transfers-in (\$76.9 million) and the uses of reserves and designations for the balance. Unanticipated revenues totaling \$67.8 million in State, Federal, and Other Governmental Aid, \$4.4 million in Other Revenue, \$330 thousand in Interfund Revenues, \$754 thousand in Charges for Current Services, \$114 thousand in Licenses, Permits, and Franchises, \$114 thousand in Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties, and \$3.5 million in Other Financing Sources financed the budget augmentations.

General Government function augmentations of \$50.8 million consisted of \$13.0 million in American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) augmentations, \$22.5 million in augmentations toward capital projects, maintenance, and upgrades to County facilities, \$4.3 million in augmentations in payments to other agencies, and the remaining augmentations went to various General Fund departments for salaries and benefits and services and supplies.

Public Protection function augmentations of \$19.9 million were primarily divided among County Fire (\$6.7 million), Sheriff-Coroner (\$6.4 million), Planning and Building (\$3.9 million), Office of Emergency Services (\$1.1 million), and Probation (\$737 thousand). County Fire received augmentations for equipment. Sheriff-Coroner received augmentations for salaries and benefits (\$3.6 million), equipment (\$1.8 million), and services and supplies (\$2.0 million). Planning and Building received augmentations for services and supplies. Office of Emergency Services received augmentations for equipment. Probation received augmentations primarily for equipment. The remaining smaller augmentations were for the Waste Management, District Attorney, Public Defender, Animal Services, and Agricultural Commissioner's programs.

Health and Sanitation function augmentations of \$22.5 million were divided between Public Health program augmentations of \$12.8 million and Behavioral Health program augmentations of \$9.7 million.

Of the \$6.2 million in Public Assistance augmentations \$3.4 million related to Social Services' support care and \$1.8 million related to law enforcement medical care.

Recreation augmentations totaling \$5.8 million were primarily for Parks related capital projects.

Public Ways and Facilities augmentations of \$9.8 million were primarily for Development Services and Groundwater Sustainability payments.

At the close of the fiscal year, actual General Fund expenditures were 81.6% of the current budget, while General Fund revenues were realized at 92.0% of budget.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

On June 30, 2024, the County had \$2.0 billion invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, systems improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, golf courses, airport facilities, roads, bridges, dams, water and sewer lines, and intangible right-to-use assets (see Table F). This amount represents a net increase (including additions and deductions) of \$24.0 million, or 1.2%, from last year.

Table F

	Capital Assets June 30, 2024 (in thousands)													
		Govern- mental Activities June 30, 2023	_	Govern- mental Activities June 30, 2024		Business- Type Activities June 30, 2023		Business- Type Activities June 30, 2024		Total Capital Assets June 30, 2023		Total Capital Assets June 30, 2024	Total Percent Change	
Land	\$	796,050	\$	796,050	\$	36,718	\$	40,820	\$	832,768	\$	836,870	0.5%	
Water Rights		-		-		72,319		76,435		72,319		76,435	5.7%	
Other Property Non- Depreciable		-		-		1,968		1,968		1,968		1,968	0.0%	
Construction-in-progress		65,871		105,488		4,974		10,069		70,845		115,557	63.1%	
Structures & Improvements		312,615		316,980		228,663		231,047		541,278		548,027	1.2%	
Equipment		112,616		121,359		12,629		12,765		125,245		134,124	7.1%	
Other Property Depreciable		1,258		1,258		554		554		1,812		1,812	0.0%	
Infrastructure Depreciable		465,617		465,617		385,317		385,317		850,934		850,934	0.0%	
Lease Assets		134,513		135,172		336		336		134,849		135,508	0.5%	
Subscription Assets		5,104	-	5,799		297		297		5,401		6,096	12.9%	
Subtotal		1,893,644	-	1,947,723		743,775		759,608		2,637,419		2,707,331	2.7%	
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(477,254)		(499,230)		(167,800)		(182,028)		(645,054)		(681,258)	5.6%	
Less Accumulated Amortization		(14,229)	-	(23,740)		(276)		(475)		(14,505)		(24,215)	66.9%	
Total	\$	1,402,161	\$	1,424,753	\$	575,699	\$	577,105	\$	1,977,860	\$	2,001,858	1.2%	

Major additions and future commitments in capital assets - Governmental Activities

County Roads had the majority of additions in governmental activities with \$14.5 million worth of assets. Microsurfacing, overlay, and chip seal projects throughout the County comprised most of the road additions. Other major roads projects include seismic retrofitting the existing bridge on Lopez Drive over Lopez Lake (\$4.6 million), replacing the existing bridge on El Camino Real over Santa Margarita Creek (\$3.1 million), replacing the Huasna Townsite Bridge over Huasna River (\$1.5 million), and reconfiguring of the Avila Beach Dr/Hwy 101 Interchange to reduce traffic delays (\$710 thousand).

Other notable capital asset additions during fiscal year 2023-24 include continued construction of the co-located emergency dispatch project (\$5.4 million), rehabilitation of the Cayucos Veterans Hall (\$6.1 million), replacement of the Probation Department's main office in San Luis Obispo (\$3.5 million), and extension of the Bob Jones Trail (\$1.6 million).

Major additions and future commitments in capital assets - Business-type Activities

The San Luis Obispo County Regional Airport purchased 4.65 acres of land near the airport to address existing landside constraints affecting parking for customers, rental cars, and employees (\$4.1 million). The airport is also making improvements to its outbound baggage screening area and baggage handling system to improve capacity (\$436 thousand).

The Morro Bay Golf Course parking lot and clubhouse within Morro Bay State Park are improving accessibility features to bring them into compliance with Americans with Disability Act (\$364 thousand).

In Cayucos, the Hacienda Waterline Replacement project was completed and will reduce the number of leaks and emergency repairs needed to the pipeline (\$1.1 million). The project will involve replacing and relocating approximately 1,750 feet of 6-inch AC pipe with 8-inch PVC pipe and relocating the pipeline to the northwest side of the road.

More detailed information about the County's capital assets is presented in Notes 4 and 5 in the financial statements.

Debt Administration

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County of San Luis Obispo had total notes, bonds, leases, and subscription arrangements payable of \$610.6 million. In July 2003, the County issued pension obligation bonds to refund the unfunded actuarial accrued liability due to the Pension Trust. The balance remaining on the County's pension obligation bonds at the end of fiscal year 2023-24 was \$73.0 million. The pension obligation bonds debt service payments are funded by County payroll benefits.

The remainder of the County's debt consists of \$21.5 million in certificates of participation, which are repaid from a variety of revenues; \$78.2 million in state and other loans; \$68.1 million in assessment bonds, of which, \$67.9 million related to the Los Osos Wastewater Project; \$146.7 million in revenue bonds which are repaid with water service revenue; \$122.2 million in lease agreements, \$844 thousand in subscription-based IT arrangements, and \$94.7 million in lease revenue bonds for debt refunding and construction of multiple capital projects, including an animal services facility, a co-located emergency dispatch center, a new probation building, and rehabilitation of the Cayucos Veterans Hall. General Obligation Bonds totaling \$5.3 million are backed by the full faith and credit of the County.

	Outstanding Debt June 30, 2024 (in thousands)												
	Govern- mental Activities June 30, 2023	Govern- mental Activities June 30, 2024	Business- Type Activities June 30, 2023	Business- Type Activities June 30, 2024	Total June 30, 2023	Total June 30, 2024	Total Change (%)						
Certificates of Participation	\$ 3,205	\$ 3,035	\$\$\$ 6,120	5,490	\$\$\$ 9,325	8,525	(8.6%)						
Certificates of Participation from Direct Borrowings	7,973	7,778	5,351	5,244	13,324	13,022	(2.3%)						
Pension Obligation Bonds State Notes from Direct Borrowings	79,516 1,264	72,966 1,101	80,701	- 76,965	79,516 81,965	72,966 78,066	(8.2%)						
Other Notes from Direct Borrowings	-	-	166	126	166	126	(24.1%)						
Lease Revenue Bonds	96,775	93,408	1,639	1,260	98,414	94,668	(3.8%)						
Revenue Bonds	-	-	152,400	146,726	152,400	146,726	(3.7%)						
General Obligation Bonds	-	-	5,942	5,321	5,942	5,321	(10.5%)						
Assessment Bonds	294	241	69,437	67,850	69,731	68,091	(2.4%)						
Leases	126,334	122,129	164	78	126,498	122,207	(3.4%)						
SBITA	2,614	757	199	86	2,813	843	(70.0%)						
Total	\$ 317,975	\$ 301,415	\$ \$ 322,119	309,146	\$ \$ 640,094	610,561	(4.6%)						

Table G

The decrease from the prior year for the County's certificates of participation, notes, bonds, and leases payable was \$29.5 million, or 4.6%. Total debt payments made were \$20.3 million and no issuance of new debt was made in FY 2023-24.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 1.25% of its net assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the County is \$904.3 million.

Other liabilities include compensated absences of \$37.4 million for governmental activities and \$664 thousand for business-type activities; landfill post-closure costs of \$9.2 million; and a self-insurance liability of \$25.4 million.

More detailed information about the County's long-term debt and other long-term liabilities is presented in Note 10 to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

- The County is committed to providing services with integrity, collaboration, professionalism, accountability and responsiveness, and these values are reflected in the Fiscal Year 2023-24 budget.
- The County has received various COVID-19 funding awards to support specific programs and to address issues related to the pandemic (including direct response). Significant awards and allocations include:
 - \$55.0 million in American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funds. Through June 30, 2024, \$35.4 million has been spent, with \$14.0 million being used towards restoration of government services, \$6.4 million being used for business, childcare, and non-profit grants, \$6.4 million for public health programs, \$5.2 million used for housing and homeless services, and \$3.4 million being used for water, sewer, and broadband projects.

- \$11.2 million of Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) expense reimbursement from the beginning of the pandemic through FY 2023-24.
- As a political subdivision of the State, County operations and budget are impacted by State issues and policies at the State level. The Governor released his January 10, 2024, Proposed FY 2024-25 State Budget with expenditures totaling \$291.5 billion and a \$37.9 billion budget deficit, which is \$30 billion less than the \$68 billion deficit estimated by the Legislative Analyst's Office (LAO). The Governor's Budget proposal includes addressing part of the deficit using \$13.1 billion from the State's reserves and proposes deferrals, borrowing, claw backs, and fund shifts to address the remaining \$24.8 billion. As stated above, as we developed the County's FY 2024-25 budget, we were mindful of the State's fiscal situation that will likely have impacts on local budgets.

On January 13, 2024, the (LAO) released a report on the Overview of the Governor's FY 2024-25 Budget and released a handout presented to the Senate Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review shortly after. In the information presented, the LAO states, "The state faces significant structural shortfalls—around \$30 billion each year—under both our and the administration's forecasts for 2025-26 through 2027-28. The state will have fewer tools available to address these shortfalls. As such, the Legislature likely will face more difficult decisions, such as revenue increases and ongoing spending reductions to balance the budget in future years."

In addition to the State budget there are a number of prior legislative actions as well as potential bills being tracked by the County that may impact the County budget. In regards to prior legislative actions, the County will be required to implement the Community Assistance, Recovery, and Empowerment Act (CARE Act) program by December 1, 2024. The CARE Act authorizes specified adult persons to petition a civil court to create a voluntary CARE agreement or a court-ordered CARE plan and implement services, to be provided by county behavioral health agencies, to provide behavioral health care, including stabilization medication, housing, and other enumerated services to adults who are currently experiencing a severe mental illness and have a diagnosis identified in the disorder class schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders, and who meet other specified criteria. Most recently in March, California voters approved Proposition 1 which will have significant impacts on the County starting in 2027. Proposition 1 mandates that counties allocate a greater portion of their Mental Health Services Act (MHSA) funds towards housing and personalized support services such as employment aid and educational assistance. Presently, counties have the option to use MHSA funds for these services, but there is no specific requirement regarding their allocation. Under Proposition 1, counties must maintain other mental health services, like crisis response and outreach, but will have reduced MHSA funds for these purposes.

The County receives 39% of its General Fund revenue from the State. Therefore, we are and will continue to be mindful of the State's fiscal challenges and the consequential impacts on the County.

The County is home to PG&E's Diablo Canyon Nuclear Power Plant (Diablo Canyon), which produces enough energy to meet the needs of more than 3 million northern and central Californians. The plant was expected to close in 2025, however, Senate Bill 846, allows the plant to operate until 2030, and in November 2023, PG&E submitted a license application to extend the lifetime of the plant by up to 20 years. The future operation of the plant is pending review by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission, but PG&E previously received approval to keep the plant operational during that review.

According to a 2013 study by the California Polytechnic State University in San Luis Obispo, Diablo Canyon, one of the largest employers in the county, contributes approximately \$1 billion annually to the local economy. In addition to unitary taxes from the value of the plant, the County receives direct funding from PG&E for emergency preparedness and response activities. PG&E also initiates a variety of expenditures including emergency equipment, infrastructure and training which provide sales tax, as well as general economic benefits to the community. The reduction in unitary taxes from Diablo Canyon was expected to occur gradually as the assessed value of the plant declines leading up to the original closure in 2025. To lessen the effects, in part, of lost tax revenue associated with Diablo Canyon's closure Senate Bill 1090 was passed in September 2018 and approved the payment of \$85

million by PG&E to the community. The County began receiving payment of its \$34.9 million portion in FY 2018-19 and will continue to receive payments through FY 2024-25.

- Local economic indicators:
 - Sales tax revenue for the unincorporated areas was \$16.4 million, a 5.4% increase over the prior year.
 - > County assessed property tax valuations increased from \$68.4 billion to \$72.3 billion, or 5.8%.
 - > Transient Occupancy Tax collections were level with the prior year amount at \$16.6 million.
- The Board of Supervisors adopted the FY 2024-25 budget in June 2024, with a \$121.9 million fund balance in the General Fund, of which \$54.4 million was appropriated to finance the current year's expenditures including contingencies. \$13.0 million was placed in general reserves, and \$62.9 million was earmarked for designations. The total General Fund budget for FY 2024-25 is \$756.8 million, a 6.0% increase from the previous year. The County budget also includes community-wide results and indicators as well as department goals and performance measures that gauge how departments are meeting the needs of the community.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to show the County's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the County Auditor-Controller-Treasurer-Tax Collector, Post Office Box 1149, San Luis Obispo, California 93406-1149. This report is also available online at www.slocounty.ca.gov.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024 (IN THOUSANDS)

		Component Unit		
	Governmental	Primary Government Business-Type	-	First 5
ASSETS	Activities	Activities	Total	San Luis Obispo
Current Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, net	\$	\$ 92,133	\$ 797,543	\$ 9,677
Property taxes receivable	18,948	2,957	12,888 18,948	-
Other receivables	2,291	95,434	97,725	-
Due from other governments	82,883	60	82,943	855
Interest receivable	1	23	24	-
Leases receivable Deposits with others	266 4,056	622 86	888 4,142	- 4
Internal balances	11,948	(11,948)		-
Inventories	1,034	94	1,128	-
Prepaid items	687	294	981	4
Loans receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	<u>21,486</u> 858,941	<u> </u>	21,860	10,540
Total Current Assets	030,941	160,129	1,039,070	10,540
Noncurrent Assets:	70 577	10,400	02.000	
Restricted cash with fiscal agent Leases receivable	72,577 1,337	10,409 23,974	82,986 25,311	-
Prepaid insurance	- 1,557	23,374	23,311	-
Capital Assets:				
Nondepreciable	901,538	129,292	1,030,830	-
Depreciable, net Lease assets, net	405,984	447,655 76	853,639	- 38
SBITA assets, net	116,416 815	82	116,492 897	- 50
Total Noncurrent Assets	1,498,667	611,729	2,110,396	38
Total Assets	2,357,608	791,858	3,149,466	10,578
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	2/007/000	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	3/113/100	10,070
Deferred pensions	245,223	2,996	248,219	122
Deferred OPEB	14,498	215	14,713	-
Deferred loss on refunding	-	2,720	2,720	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	259,721	5,931	265,652	122
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	54,620	9,026	63,646	1,298
Salaries and benefits payable	9,113	131	9,244	-,4
Deposits from others	13,294	1,774	15,068	-
Accrued interest	6,045	3,981	10,026	-
Other current liabilities Unearned revenue	1,689 44,713	3,016	1,689 47,729	-
Bonds and notes payable	14,910	12,753	27,663	-
Lease liability	5,038	37	5,075	36
SBITA liability	315	86	401	-
Compensated absences Landfill closure/postclosure costs	28,283	338	28,621	6
Self-insurance payable	1,130 5,309	-	1,130 5,309	-
Total Current Liabilities	184,459	31,142	215,601	1,344
Long-Term Liabilities:				
Net pension liability	930,501	11,368	941,869	150
Net OPEB liability	24,827	367	25,194	-
Bonds and notes payable Lease liability	163,619	296,229	459,848	-
SBITA liability	117,091 442	41	117,132 442	-
Compensated absences	9,091	326	9,417	16
Landfill closure/postclosure costs	8,083	-	8,083	-
Self-insurance payable	20,050	-	20,050	-
Total Long-Term Liabilities	1,273,704	308,331	1,582,035	166
Total Liabilities	1,458,163	339,473	1,797,636	1,510
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	4 500	10		-
Deferred pensions Deferred OPEB	1,592 9,544	19 142	1,611 9,686	2
Deferred bond refunding	350	396	746	-
Deferred amounts related to leases	1,498	23,463	24,961	-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	12,984	24,020	37,004	2
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	1,259,302	307,522	1,566,824	2
General government	11,364	-	11,364	-
Public protection	17,198	-	17,198	-
Health and sanitation	25,040	-	25,040	-
Public assistance Public ways and facilities	3,805 24,240	-	3,805 24,240	-
Recreation and cultural services	2,562	-	2,562	-
Education	171	-	171	-
Debt service	93,218	-	93,218	-
Unrestricted	(290,718)	126,774	(163,944)	9,186
Total Net Position	\$ 1,146,182	\$ 434,296	\$ 1,580,478	\$ 9,188
	26			

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 (IN THOUSANDS)

			Program Revenues							
				es, Fines,		perating	Capital			
				l Charges	-	rants and		ants and		
Functions/Programs	E	xpenses	for	Services	Cor	ntributions	Con	tributions		Total
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$	67,933	\$	13,935	\$	13,980	\$	1,489	\$	29,404
Public protection		257,497		26,358	·	81,679		1,256		109,293
Public ways and facilities		50,230		4,449		28,316		10,842		43,607
Health and sanitation		174,990		10,637		134,746		-		145,383
Public assistance		168,272		1,074		139,484		-		140,558
Education		13,756		1,278		374		-		1,652
Recreation and cultural services		14,202		6,229		1,015		1,213		8,457
Interest on long-term debt		12,529		· -		-		-		-
Total governmental activities		759,409		63,960		399,594		14,800		478,354
Business-type activities:										
Airport		15,333		15,131		2,302		-		17,433
Golf		5,500		5,327		-		-		5,327
State Water Contract		7,404		7,754		18		-		7,772
Nacimiento Water Contract		12,571		15,723		-		-		15,723
Lopez Flood Control		8,145		7,379		8		-		7,387
Lopez Park		-		-		-		-		-
General Flood Control - Salinas Dam		1,847		1,985		37		-		2,022
County Service Areas		6,463		5,449		3		-		5,452
Los Osos Wastewater		11,861		7,248		-		2,333		9,581
Total business-type activities		69,124		65,996		2,368		2,333		70,697
Total primary government	\$	828,533	\$	129,956	\$	401,962	\$	17,133	\$	549,051
Component unit:										
First 5 San Luis Obispo	\$	3,397	\$	-	\$	2,880	\$	-	\$	2,880

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 (IN THOUSANDS)

			ense) Reven es in Net Pos				
Functions/Programs	Governm Activit		ness-Type ctivities	 Total	Component Unit First 5		
Governmental activities: General government Public protection Public ways and facilities Health and sanitation Public assistance Education Recreation and cultural services	(14 ((2 (2 (1	8,529) 8,204) 6,623) 9,607) 7,714) 2,104) (5,745)	\$ - - - - -	\$ (38,529) (148,204) (6,623) (29,607) (27,714) (12,104) (5,745)			
Interest on long-term debt Total governmental activities		.2,529) 31,055)	 -	 (12,529) (281,055)			
-		<u>, 1,000)</u>	 	 (201/000)			
Business-type activities: Airport Golf State Water Contract Nacimiento Water Contract Lopez Flood Control		- - -	2,100 (173) 368 3,152 (758)	2,100 (173) 368 3,152 (758)			
Lopez Park General Flood Control County Service Areas Los Osos Wastewater		- - -	- 175 (1,011) (2,280)	 - 175 (1,011) (2,280)			
Total business-type activities			 1,573	 1,573			
Total primary government	\$ (28	31,055)	\$ 1,573	\$ (279,482)			
Component unit:							
First 5 San Luis Obispo					\$	(517)	
General Revenues: Taxes:							
Property taxes Sales and use taxes Transient occupancy taxes Transfer tax Other taxes Grants not restricted to specific programs Interest earnings not restricted to specific programs Other revenues Transfers	1 1 3	5,825 6,396 6,574 2,971 2,337 5,567 3,512 558 (1,685)	 5,045 - - - 4,575 965 1,685	 250,870 16,396 16,574 2,971 2,337 5,567 38,087 1,523 -		- - - - 424 91 -	
Total General Revenues and Transfers	32	2,055	 12,270	 334,325		515	
Change in net position	4	1,000	13,843	54,843		(2)	
Net position - beginning of year	1,10	5,182	 420,453	1,525,635		9,190	
Net position - end of year	<u>\$ 1,14</u>	6,182	\$ 434,296	\$ 1,580,478	\$	9,188	



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024 (IN THOUSANDS)

	 General Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total vernmental Funds
<u>ASSETS</u>							
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash with fiscal agent Accounts receivable, net Accrued property taxes receivable Other receivables Due from other governments Interest receivable	\$ 513,604 - 9,154 18,948 2,291 63,153 1	\$	18,884 - - 4,574	\$	124,220 72,577 265 - - 15,156	\$	656,708 72,577 9,419 18,948 2,291 82,883 1
Due from other funds Inventories Leases receivable Loans receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles Advances to other funds Deposits with others Prepaid items	 - 140 1,485 - 14,443 4,056 659		2,094 - - - - -		- 118 21,486 2,028 - 18		2,094 140 1,603 21,486 16,471 4,056 677
Total assets	\$ 627,934	\$	25,552	\$	235,868	\$	889,354
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable Due to other funds Deposits from others Unearned revenue Other current liabilities Advances from other funds	\$ 35,378 7,944 - 6,398 38,070 1,689 -	\$	5,565 - - 100 - -	\$	12,183 315 2,094 1,640 6,543 - 9,220	\$	53,126 8,259 2,094 8,038 44,713 1,689 9,220
Total liabilities	 89,479		5,665		31,995		127,139
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue Deferred amounts related to leases	 50,581 1,390		3,516		2,575 108		56,672 1,498
Total deferred inflows of resources	 51,971		3,516		2,683		58,170
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned	 15,242 22,096 248,486 200,660		- - 16,371 -		18 129,739 71,433 -		15,260 151,835 336,290 200,660
Total fund balances	 486,484		16,371		201,190		704,045
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 627,934	_\$	25,552	\$	235,868	\$	889,354

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 (IN THOUSANDS)

Total Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 704,045
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position were different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds.		1,291,334
Lease assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds.		115,779
SBITA assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds.		785
Accrued property tax and grant revenues are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.		56,672
Internal service funds are used by the County to charge the costs of vehicle fleet management, comprehensive public works services, and operations of the County's workers' compensation, protected self-insurance, unemployment, and dental insurance programs to individual funds. The assets and liabilities are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.		(22,222)
Adjustments for internal service funds are necessary to "close" those funds by charging additional amounts to participating business-type activities to completely cover the internal		(32,337)
service funds' costs for the year.		4,697
Interest on long-term debt is recognized as it accrues, regardless of when it is due.		(6,045)
The pension liability of governmental funds is not due and payable in the current period, and therefore is not reported in the fund financial statements.		(849,047)
The other post-employment benefit (OPEB) of governmental funds is not due and payable in the current period, and therefore is not reported in the fund financial statements.		(22,485)
The unamortized portion of changes to the net pension liability, the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, and contributions subsequent to the pension liability measurement date are not reported in the fund financial statements for		222.204
governmental funds.		222,304
The unamortized portion of changes to the net other post-employment benefit (OPEB) liability, the net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB investments, and contributions subsequent to the OPEB liability measurement date are not reported in the fund financial statements for governmental funds.		4,487
Governmental funds report the effects of refundings when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.		(350)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds and notes payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds as follows: Certificates of participation Bonds and notes payable Leases payable SBITA payable	(10,813) (167,716) (121,453) (726) (22,726)	
Compensated absences Landfill closure/postclosure costs	(33,736) (9,213)	 (343,657)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 1,146,182

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 (IN THOUSANDS)

REVENUES	 General Capital Projects Fund Fund			Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Gov	Total vernmental Funds
Taxes Licenses, permits, and franchises Fines, forfeitures, and penalties Use of money and property Aid from other governments Charges for services Other revenues	\$ 260,658 14,351 3,838 22,281 349,537 38,936 10,388	\$	409 802 3,559 1,302	\$	20,607 - 642 9,050 55,792 18,268 3,891	\$	281,265 14,351 4,889 32,133 408,888 58,506 14,279
Total revenues	 699,989		6,072		108,250		814,311
EXPENDITURES							
Current: General government Public protection Public ways and facilities Health and sanitation Public assistance Education Recreation and cultural services Debt service: Principal payments Interest and fiscal charges Capital outlay Total expenditures	 78,117 238,071 8,010 142,405 156,310 644 6,399 7,421 879 - -		- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		9,140 45,688 26,522 600 13,331 7,898 6,786 11,883 - -		78,117 247,211 53,698 168,927 156,910 13,975 14,297 14,297 14,207 12,762 22,986 783,090
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	(1 7 2 2		(10.014)		(12 500)		21 221
over (under) expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Leases SBITAs Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	 61,733 659 695 2,200 (34,202) (30,648)		(16,914) - 15,718 - 15,718		(13,598) - - 30,286 (14,340) 15,946		31,221 659 695 48,204 (48,542) 1,016
Net change in fund balances	31,085		(1,196)		2,348		32,237
Fund balances - beginning	 455,399		17,567		198,842		671,808
Fund balances - ending	\$ 486,484	\$	16,371	\$	201,190	\$	704,045

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 (IN THOUSANDS)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Ohanges in Fund Broperty tax, intergovernmental revenues and other revenues in the Statement of Addivities that do not provide cameratinanced resources are not reported as revenues in the Units. Governmental funds report pails outgive as egneditures. These expenditures have no effect on net position. Capital outgiv operatives that have no effect on net position are reported in the following functional categories: Description of the Statement of Addivities that have no effect on net position. Capital outgiv operatives that have no effect on net position are reported in the following functional categories: Description of the Statement of Addivities that have no effect on net position. In the Statement of Addivities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as anotization expense. In the Statement of Addivities, the cost of right to use lease assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as anotization expense. In the Statement of Addivities, the cost of right to use lease assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as anotization expense. In the Statement of Addivities, the cost of right to use lease assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as anotization expense. In the Statement of Addivities, the cost of right to use lease assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as anotization expense. In the Statement of Addivities, the cost of right to use lease assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as anotization expense. In the Statement of Addivities, the cost of right to use lease. The net effect of various miceleanous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, thade-inc, and donatene) is to decrease net position. Lives payments Statif Aspanents Statif Aspanents Statif Aspanents Statif Aspanents Capite in fund islatery po	Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds			\$ 32,237
current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the finds. 9,533 Governmental funds report capital addys as expenditures. These expenditures than on effect on net position are reported in the following functional formation and sentation in the source in the following functional formation and sentation in the source in the following functional formation and sentation in the source				
Capital outlay expenditures that have no effect on net position are reported in the following functional categories: Gapital outlay overment: Public works that the protection of the solution of the soluti				9,533
Capital outlay\$21,029General government6,512Public protection6,512Public ways14,528Hoath and santation133Public substance133Education1,118Recreation and cultural services1,118Standard1,118Covernmental funds report new leases and SBITAs as expenditures. These expenditures have no effect on net position.1,355In the Statement of Activities, the cost of right to use lease assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.(22,724)In the Statement of Activities, the cost of SIITA assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as amorization expense.(2,463)The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, brade-ins, and domations) is to docrase net position.(138)Debt proceeds and new leases are reported as functing sources in governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance.7,076 (413)Debt principal payments Lease issuance(413)Change in landbillies and does not affect the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, they are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds and thus contribute to the governmental funds and the consert set of the Capital set of the Capital asset of the Capital asset (i.e., sales, brade-ins, and domatorus) is to docrase net position.7,076 (4,63)Det principal apyments Lease issuance(4,13)(4,13)Change in landbilling curves statement of Activities do not require the use of current fina	Capital outlay expenditures that have no effect on net position are reported in the following functional			
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comprehensive public works services, and operations of the County's workers' compensation, protected self- insurance, unemployment, and dental insurance programs to individual funds. The net revenue or expenditure effect of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.(1,715)The net (revenue) expense allocable to business-type activities197	Amortization of debt premiums and discounts and refunding		508	(32,426)
The net (revenue) expense allocable to business-type activities 197	comprehensive public works services, and operations of the County's workers' compensation, protected self- insurance, unemployment, and dental insurance programs to individual funds. The net revenue or expenditure			
	effect of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.			(1,/15)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities $\$$ 41,000	The net (revenue) expense allocable to business-type activities			 197
	Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities			\$ 41,000

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024 (IN THOUSANDS)

		Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
	Airport	Nacimiento Water <u>Contract</u>	State Water Project	Los Osos Wastewater	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds	
ASSETS								
Current assets: Cash and investments Accounts receivable, net Other receivables Due from other governments Interest receivable Leases receivable Deposits with others Inventories	\$ 28,794 - 1,027 15 23 610 -	\$ 17,211 - - - - - -	\$ 19,972 2,467 - - - - - -	\$ 7,169 - 94,407 - - - - -	\$ 18,987 490 - - 12 86 94	\$ 92,133 2,957 95,434 60 23 622 86 94	\$ 48,702 512 - - - - 894	
Loans receivable Prepaid items	-	-	-	374	294	374 294	10	
Total current assets	30,469	17,211	22,445	101,950	20,002	192,077	50,118	
Noncurrent assets: Restricted cash with fiscal agent Leases receivable Prepaid insurance Capital assets: Nondepreciable:	23,974	10,408 			1	10,409 23,974 241		
Land Construction in progress Water rights Other property Depreciable:	28,133 2,356 - -	3,259 - -	- 38 76,435 -	5,406 569 - -	4,022 7,106 1,968	40,820 10,069 76,435 1,968	- - -	
Infrastructure, net Structures and improvements, net Equipment, net Other property, net Lease assets, net	277 70,960 5,095 - 46	137,710 8,041 4 -	4,886 1 -	152,656 606 97 -	19,548 46,113 1,165 496 30	310,191 130,606 6,362 496 76	- 406 15,782 - 637 20	
SBITA assets, net Total noncurrent assets	<u> </u>	159,663	81,360	159,334	<u>13</u> 80,462	<u>82</u> 611,729	<u> </u>	
Total assets	161,379	176,874	103,805	261,284	100,464	803,806	66,973	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred pensions Deferred OPEB Deferred loss on refunding Total deferred outflows of resources LIABILITIES	1,841 135 - 1,976	<u>2,720</u> 2,720	- - 	- - -	1,155 80 1,235	2,996 215 2,720 5,931	21,466 1,367 22,833	
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable Interest payable Self-insurance payable Deposits from others Unearned revenue Accrued vacation and sick leave - current Lease liability - current SBITA liability - current Notes and bonds payable - current Total current liabilities	764 74 64 155 194 11 72 40 1,374	440 2,142 1,101 <u>5,525</u> 9,208	6,882 - 2,728 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	112 1.584 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	828 57 255 596 133 144 26 14 3,202 5,255	9,026 131 3,981 1,774 3,016 338 37 86 12,753 31,142	1,494 854 5,309 5,256 2,612 121 13 13	
Noncurrent liabilities: Self-insurance liability Advances from other funds Accrued vacation and sick leave Lease liability SBITA liability Notes and bonds pavable Net OPEB Liability Net Pension Liability	5,090 201 37 	141,200		676 - 131,769	1,485 125 4 23,174 137 4,382	7,251 326 41 296,229 367 11,368	20,050 - 1,026 555 18 2,342 81,454	
Total noncurrent liabilities	12,630	141,200		132,445	29,307	315,582	105,445	
Total liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred pensions Deferred OPEB Bond refunding Deferred amounts related to leases Total deferred inflows of resources	14,004 12 89 23,451 23,552		9,610 - - - - -	<u>138,140</u> - - - - -	34,562 7 53 126 12 198	346,724 19 142 396 23,463 24,020	121,104 139 900 - - 1,039	
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	106,266	15,101 13,815	81,339 12,856	51,211 71,933	53,605 13,334	307,522 131,471	16,039 (48,376)	
Total net position	\$ 125,799	\$ 28,916	\$ 94,195	\$ 123,144	\$ 66,939	438,993	\$ (32,337)	
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal servi						(4,697)		
Net Desition of Rusiness Tune Activities per Covernme						¢ 434.306		

Net Position of Business-Type Activities per Government-Wide Financial Statements

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

\$ 434,296

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 (IN THOUSANDS)

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
	Airport			Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds	Activities Internal Service Funds	
OPERATING REVENUES:							
Charges for services Other revenues	\$ 15,167 354	\$ 15,723 -	\$ 7,754 558	\$ 7,248 <u>6</u>	\$ 20,158 47	\$ 66,050 965	\$ 80,111 <u>184</u>
Total operating revenues	15,521	15,723	8,312	7,254	20,205	67,015	80,295
OPERATING EXPENSES:							
Salaries and benefits Services and supplies Other charges Insurance benefit payments Depreciation Amortization Countywide cost allocation	4,220 5,133 1 - 5,479 98 285	3,999 5 - 2,221 - 85	7,114 - 192 - 77	4,136 - 4,364 - 82	2,869 15,252 3 - 2,447 101 327	7,089 35,634 39 - 14,703 199 856	43,262 28,080 - 8,273 2,708 151 631
Total operating expenses	15,246	6,310	7,383	8,582	20,999	58,520	83,105
Operating income (loss)	275	9,413	929	(1,328)	(794)	8,495	(2,810)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):							
Property taxes Investment income (expense) Interest income (expense) Sale of capital assets Aid from governmental agencies	1,381 (1) (78) 2,302	1,094 (6,225) -	2,697 828 - - 18	309 (3,245) -	2,348 963 (912) - 48	5,045 4,575 (10,383) (78) 2,368	1,947 (5) 500
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	3,604	(5,131)	3,543	(2,936)	2,447	1,527	2,442
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	3,879	4,282	4,472	(4,264)	1,653	10,022	(368)
Capital contributions Transfers in Transfers out	(313)	-	-	2,333 436 (82)	- 1,711 (67)	2,333 2,147 (462)	- 51 (1,398)
Change in net position	3,566	4,282	4,472	(1,577)	3,297	14,040	(1,715)
Net position - beginning	122,233	24,634	89,723	124,721	63,642		(30,622)
Net position - ending	\$ 125,799	\$ 28,916	\$ 94,195	\$ 123,144	\$ 66,939		\$ (32,337)
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service	e fund activities re	elated to enterpr	ise funds			(197)	
Change in Net Position of Business-Type Activities per Go	overnment-Wide F	inancial Statem	ents			\$ 13,843	

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 (IN THOUSANDS)

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					Governmental							
	Airport	W	miento /ater ntract	State Water Los Osos Project Wastewater		Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		Total Enterprise Funds		Activities Internal Service Funds			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:													
Receipts from customers and third parties	\$ 14,460	\$	15,724	\$	10,065	\$	7,255	\$	19,788	\$	67,292	\$	-
Receipts from interfund billings	-		-		-		-		-		-		79,801
Payments for goods and services Payments to employees for services	(6,598) (3,384)		(3,653)		(7,104)		(4,186)		(15,185) (2,445)		(36,726) (5,829)		(20,686) (38,755)
Payments for insurance benefits	-		-		-		-		-		-		(6,414)
Payments for premiums			-		-		-		-		-		(8,547)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	4,478		12,071		2,961		3,069		2,158		24,737		5,399
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:													
Property tax proceeds	-		-		2,697		-		2,348		5,045		-
Grants and subsidies from other governmental agencies Advances from other funds	2,526		-		12		-		8 584		2,546 584		-
Transfers from other funds	-		-		-		436		1,711		2,147		51
Transfers to other funds	(313)		-		-		(82)		(67)		(462)		(1,398)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	2,213		-		2,709		354		4,584		9,860		(1,347)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND													
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:													
Purchases and construction of capital assets	(6,226)		-		(4,155)		(397)		(5,780)		(16,558)		(5,294)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets Advances from (to) other funds	(144)		-		-		(539)		20		(663)		500
Capital contributions	-		-		-		5,076		-		5,076		-
Principal paid on capital debt Interest paid on capital debt	(39) (1)		(5,086) (6,723)		-		(3,895) (3,292)		(3,133) (1,012)		(12,153) (11,028)		(121) (5)
	(1)		(0,723)				(3,232)		(1,012)		(11,020)		(3)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	(6,410)		(11,809)		(4,155)		(3,047)		(9,905)		(35,326)		(4,920)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:													
Interest received	1,381		1,094		828		309		963		4,575		1,947
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	1,381		1,094		828		309		963		4,575		1,947
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,662		1,356		2,343		685		(2,200)		3,846		1,079
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:													
Beginning of year	27,132		26,263		17,629		6,484		21,188		98,696		47,623
End of year	\$ 28,794	\$	27,619	\$	19,972	\$	7,169	\$	18,988	\$	102,542	\$	48,702
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:													
Operating income (loss)	\$ 275	\$	9,413	\$	929	\$	(1,328)	\$	(794)	\$	8,495	\$	(2,810)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to													
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:													
Depreciation and amortization expense Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities,	5,577		2,221		192		4,364		2,548		14,902		2,859
and deferred inflows of resources:													
(Increase) decrease in: Receivables, net	(0.046)				1 000				27		(6.020)		(402)
Inventory	(8,846)		-		1,899		-		27 (11)		(6,920) (11)		(492) (154)
Prepaid items	-		-		-		-		130		130		-
Deferred outflows - pension Deferred outflows - OPEB	- 14		-		-		-		42 13		42 27		1,921 392
Leases	7,820		-		-		-		(74)		7,746		-
Increase (decrease) in:	(1.1.0)		407				20		24.4		(670)		(570)
Accounts payable Deposits from others	(1,149) 1		137 300		89 (2)		30 3		214 80		(679) 382		(579) 207
Salaries and benefits payable	89		-		(=)		-		44		133		438
Deferred inflows - pension Deferred inflows - OPEB	5		-		-		-		3		8		52
Net OPEB liability	1		-		-		-		3 7		4 9		(45) (138)
Net pension liability	724		-		-		-		309		1,033		1,890
Unearned revenue Self-insurance liability	(35)		-		(146)		-		(383)		(564)		1,858
Total adjustments	4,203		2,658		2,032		4,397		2,952		16,242		8,209
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 4,478	\$	12,071	\$	2,961	\$	3,069	\$	2,158	\$	24,737	\$	5,399
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COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL AND INVESTMENT TRUST FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 (IN THOUSANDS) SAN LUIS OBISPO PENSION TRUST FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

	County Tr Pension Trust Fu		vestment Trust Funds e 30, 2024	Custodial Funds June 30, 2024		
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$	94,664	\$	762,371	\$	138,106
Interest and dividends Securities sold		335 10,000		-		-
Taxes for other governments Investments at fair value: Bonds and notes		-		-		601
International fixed income Domestic equities		319,700 43,226		-		-
International equities Alternative investments		313,714 243,251 464,486		-		-
Real estate Other assets		215,012 205		-		- 4,269
Capital assets, net		4,981		-		15
Total assets	\$	1,709,574	\$	762,371	\$	142,991
<u>LIABILITIES</u>						
Other current liabilities Other long-term liabilities	\$	1,111	\$	-	\$	89,506 9
Total liabilities	\$	1,111	\$	-	\$	89,515
NET POSITION Restricted for:						
Pensions Pool Participants Individuals, organizations and other governments	\$	1,708,463 - -	\$	- 762,371 -	\$	- - 53,476
Total Net Position	\$	1,708,463	\$	762,371	\$	53,476

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL AND INVESTMENT TRUST FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 (IN THOUSANDS) SAN LUIS OBISPO PENSION TRUST FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

	San Luis Obispo County Pension Trust <u>December 31, 2023</u>	Investment Trust Funds June 30, 2024	Custodial Funds June 30, 2024
ADDITIONS			
Contributions: Contributions to pooled investments Employer contributions Member contributions	\$	\$ 1,457,742 - -	\$ - - -
Total contributions	124,742	1,457,742	
Investment income: Realized and unrealized gains and losses Interest Dividends Investment expenses	115,730 2,515 13,479 (3,114)	- 19,027 - -	3,481
Total investment income	128,610	19,027	3,481
Property taxes collected for other governments Sales taxes collected for other governments Other Income	- - - <u>38</u>	- - -	252,335 17,443 24,353
Total additions	253,390	1,476,769	297,612
DEDUCTIONS			
Benefits: Monthly benefit payments Refunds of contributions Death benefits	131,872 3,239 58	- - -	- - -
Total benefits	135,169		
Administrative expenses Distributions from pooled investments Interest expenses Payments to other local governments Prefunded discount amortization Property taxes distributed to other governments	3,085 - - 1,165 -	- 1,441,728 - - - -	28 - 26,973 1,697 - 253,745
Total deductions	139,419	1,441,728	282,443
Change in net position	113,971	35,041	15,169
Net position - beginning	1,594,492	727,330	38,307
Net position - ending	<u>\$ 1,708,463</u>	<u>\$ 762,371</u>	<u>\$ 53,476</u>



NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (IN THOUSANDS) JUNE 30, 2024

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The County of San Luis Obispo (the County) was established by an act of the California State Legislature on February 18, 1850 as one of California's original 27 Counties. The County is a political subdivision of the State of California and may exercise the powers specified by the Constitution and laws of the State. The County exercises its powers through an elected five-member Board of Supervisors. The County provides various services on a countywide basis including public protection, public ways and facilities, health and sanitation, public assistance, education, and recreational and cultural services.

The County reporting entity includes all significant organizations, departments, and agencies over which the County is considered financially accountable. The component units discussed below are included in the County's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational and financial relationships with the County. The accompanying financial statements present the financial position of the County and those County-related entities that meet the criteria for component units established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Blended Component Units

These component units are so intertwined with the County that they are, in substance, the same as the County and, therefore, are blended and reported as if they were part of the County. Each of the following entities have governing bodies which are substantively the same as the governing body of the County, are fiscally accountable to the County, and have a significant relationship with the County, and therefore are included in its government-wide, governmental fund and proprietary fund financial statements:

County Service Areas – County Service Areas have been established for the purpose of providing specific services to distinct geographical areas within the County. These services include drainage and sewer collections facilities maintenance, street lighting energy charges, centralized septic services, wastewater disposal and treatment, and fire and emergency medical services in various unincorporated areas of the County.

Flood Control and Water Conservation Districts – Flood control and water conservation districts have been established for the purpose of providing specific flood and conservation services to distinct geographical areas within the County. These services include weather and hydrological data collections services, water delivery, water treatment and distribution services, and the construction of the Lopez Dam Seismic Remediation project.

SLO County Financing Authority (the Authority) – The Authority was created to assist in the financing, construction, and equipping of public facilities for one or both of the Authority's members.

San Luis Obispo County Public Facilities Corporation (PFC) – The PFC is a nonprofit public benefit corporation organized to assist public agencies within the County of San Luis Obispo with the acquisition and construction of various public facilities.

Separate financial statements or additional financial information for each of the component units may be obtained from the Auditor-Controller-Treasurer-Tax Collector at 1055 Monterey, Room D290, San Luis Obispo, CA 93408.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Also, included in the accompanying financial statements as investment trust funds are the assets of numerous self-governed schools, special districts, and regional boards and authorities for which the County Treasurer acts as custodian of those assets. The financial reporting for these governmental entities, which are independent of the County, is limited to the total amount of cash and investments and the related fiduciary responsibility of the County for disbursement of these assets. Activities of these entities are administered by separate boards and are independent of the County Board of Supervisors. The County Auditor-Controller-Treasurer-Tax Collector makes disbursements upon the request of the entity's officers. The County Board of Supervisors has no effective authority to govern, manage, approve budgets, assume financial accountability, establish revenue limits, nor to appropriate surplus funds available in these entities. Seven cities and numerous self-governed special districts provide services to the residents of the County. The operations of these entities have been excluded from the basic financial statements as each entity conducts its own day-to-day operations and answers to its own governing board.

Discretely Presented Component Units

Children and Families Commission of San Luis Obispo County (First 5) – First 5 was created in 1998 with the passage of Proposition 10, the California Children and Families First Act. First 5's mission is to allocate funds from the California Children and Families Trust Fund and advocate for quality programs and services, supporting children prenatal to age 5, to ensure that every child is healthy and ready to learn in school. First 5 is governed by a nine-member commission that includes public officials and community leaders from the fields of early childhood education, health care, and family support. The County can influence the day-to-day operations and financial decisions of First 5 as the County Board of Supervisors appoints all commission members. First 5 is reported as a discretely presented component unit because its governing body is not substantively the same as the County's governing body, and it does not provide services entirely or exclusively to the County.

San Luis Obispo County Pension Trust (Pension Trust) – Pension Trust is an independent trust that administers the San Luis Obispo County Employees Retirement Plan on behalf of the County, is a fiduciary component unit which is presented in the Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements.

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Government-wide financial statements consist of the statement of net position and the statement of activities that report information about the County and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities of the County. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the County and for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Internal activities and indirect expenses are consolidated in the statement of activities. Examples of expenses that have been eliminated include the allocation of indirect costs under the Countywide Cost Allocation Plan and internal payments for services provided between departments.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) fees, fines and charges to customers or applicants for goods or services offered by the programs, 2) operating grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a particular program, and 3) capital grants and contributions restricted to particular programs. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Enterprise funds, reported as business-type activities, distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with an enterprise fund's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenues of the County enterprise funds (Airport, Nacimiento Water Contract, State Water Project, Los Osos Wastewater, and nonmajor enterprise) are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The County's internal service funds also distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items, receive revenue primarily from charges to customers, and have services, administrative expenses, and deprecation of capital assets as costs; however, the internal service funds are reported as governmental activities in the Government-wide financial statements because they principally serve internal County operations.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements report detailed information about the County's funds, including fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements are provided for each fund category – Governmental, Proprietary, and Fiduciary even though the latter are excluded from the Government-wide financial statements. The emphasis of the Governmental and Proprietary Fund financial statements is on major individual funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service funds are presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements.

New Accounting Pronouncements

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the County adopted the following Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements:

Statement No. 99	Omnibus 2022	The requirements related to financial guarantees and the classification and reporting of derivative instruments within the scope of Statement No. 53 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023 (FY 2023-24), and all reporting periods thereafter. This statement did not have a material impact on the financial statements.

Statement No. 100 Accounting Changes and Error Corrections The requirements of this statement are effective for accounting changes and error corrections made in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023 (FY 2023-24), and all reporting period thereafter. This statement did not have a material impact on the financial statements.

The County reports the following Major Governmental Funds:

- The General Fund is the County's primary operating fund. The General Fund is used to account for all revenues and expenditures necessary to carry out the basic governmental activities of the County that are not accounted for through other funds. For the County, the General Fund includes such activities as public protection, public ways and facilities, health and sanitation, public assistance, education, and recreational and cultural services.
- The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the financial resources restricted for the acquisition or construction of specific projects, or items other than those financed by proprietary funds.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The County reports the following Major Proprietary Funds:

- The Airport Fund accounts for the maintenance, operations, and development of the County-owned commercial service airports in San Luis Obispo and Oceano.
- The Nacimiento Water Contract Fund accounts for the activities and delivery of water associated with the Nacimiento water supply reservoir and the contract with Monterey County.
- The State Water Project Fund accounts for revenues, expenses and net position relating to the countywide taxpayers' obligations associated with the State Water Project, which provides for the delivery of state water into the County.
- The Los Osos Wastewater Fund accounts for the construction, operation and maintenance of the wastewater treatment plant serving the community of Los Osos.
- Additionally, the County reports on Internal Service Funds. Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the County or to other governments on a cost-reimbursement basis. Internal Service Funds account for the activities of fleet operations, construction management services, and self-insurance programs such as workers' compensation, long-term disability, employee benefits, and personal injury & property damage.

The County reports the following Fiduciary Funds:

- The Pension Trust Fund accumulates contributions from the County and its employees, as well as earnings from the fund's investments. Disbursements are made from the fund for retirement, disability and death benefits (based on a defined benefit formula), and administrative expenses. This fund includes all assets of the San Luis Obispo County Pension Trust as of December 31, 2023.
- The Investment Trust Funds account for the assets of legally separate entities that deposit cash with the County Treasurer. These entities include school and community college districts, other special districts governed by local boards, regional boards and authorities and pass through funds for tax collections for cities. These funds represent the assets, primarily cash and investments, and the related liability of the County to disburse these monies on demand.
- The Custodial Funds account for the resources held by the County in a custodial capacity on behalf of other agencies. These include accounts for temporary holding of funds for the tax assessment areas created under the 1915 Improvement Act, temporary clearing funds, and other temporary holding funds not classified in other fiduciary categories.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The Government-wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Nonexchange transactions, in which the County gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, sales tax, transient occupancy taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis of accounting, revenues from property taxes are recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenues from grants and similar items are recognized as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized as soon as they

become both measurable and available. The County considers all revenues in governmental funds to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers property tax revenues and all other revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. It is the County's policy to submit reimbursement and claim requests for federal and state grant revenues within 30 days of the end of the program cycle, and payments are generally received within 90 days. Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures generally are recorded when the related liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, prepaid items, such as rent expense, are recorded using the consumption method which recognizes expenses during the period benefited by the prepayment. Debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recognized as expenditures only to the extent that payment is due. General capital assets acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources.

The County eliminates the effect of interfund activity from the Government-wide financial statements by consolidating internal activities and indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND EQUITY

Deposits and Investments

In accordance with Government Code Section 27130, a treasury oversight committee serves the County. The committee consists of a representative appointed by the Board of Supervisors, the Auditor-Controller-Treasurer-Tax Collector, the Superintendent of Schools, a representative from the County's school districts and community college, and one member from the public at large. The committee meets annually and is subject to the California open meeting statutes.

Cash balances of substantially all funds are pooled and invested by the County Treasurer for the purpose of increasing earnings through investment activities. State statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools*, investments held by the County Treasurer are stated at fair value at June 30, 2024. The fair value of pooled investments is determined annually and is based on current market prices.

The County pool is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company and does not issue separate investment reports. The County has not provided or obtained any legally binding guarantees to support the value of the shares. Participants may withdraw up to the amortized cost of their respective shares as displayed on the combined balance sheet. The share of the Treasurer's pool related to involuntary participants is 99.99 percent.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. All short-term cash surpluses are maintained in the County Treasury cash and investments pool, the earnings from which are allocated quarterly to each fund based on average daily cash balances.

Receivables and Payables

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. No uncollectible allowance is recorded for enterprise special district receivables, which are primarily for water service billings. These receivables are written off in the year they become uncollectible.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the financial statements may report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. A deferred outflow of resources represents a consumption of net assets that applies to future periods. In addition to liabilities, the financial statements may report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources which represent an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods.

Property Tax

The County is responsible for the assessment, collection, and apportionment of property taxes for all taxing jurisdictions within the County, including schools, cities, and special districts. Property taxes, for which the lien date is January 1, are payable in two equal installments, November 1 and February 1, and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Property taxes receivable are recognized when levied. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due on the January 1 lien date and become delinquent on August 31. The County is permitted by Article XIII-A of the State of California Constitution (known as Proposition 13) to levy a maximum tax of \$1.00 per \$100.00 of full cash value. Property taxes are accounted for in the Unapportioned Property Tax and Interest Fund, a Custodial Fund, until allocation and disbursement to the taxing jurisdictions.

Beginning in fiscal year 1993-94, the County of San Luis Obispo adopted the "Alternative Method of Distribution of Tax Levies and Collections and of Tax Sale Proceeds" provided for in Revenue and Taxation Code Sections 4701-4717, which is commonly known as the "Teeter Plan". The Teeter Plan has no impact on tax rates or collection procedures. It merely changes the way the collections of delinquent taxes and penalties are distributed among the taxing agencies. Those agencies participating in the Teeter Plan receive 100% of the secured property taxes billed each year without regard to delinquencies. The General Fund covers the delinquent amount to all agencies and, in return, receives the delinquent taxes, penalties and interest when collected. As a result of the Teeter Plan, secured property taxes receivable are recorded in the General Fund only, and there is no allowance for uncollectible amounts. Penalties and interest are deposited into the Tax Loss Reserve Fund balance exceeds 25% of the secured delinquent roll, the excess may be credited to the General Fund.

The Teeter Plan was amended beginning fiscal year 2001-02 by removing unitary tax payments (including PG&E), so that all agencies in the County will share in any delinquency that may occur.

Unsecured property is not part of the Teeter Plan. Unsecured property taxes receivable is accrued to taxing agencies, net of the uncollectible amount which is estimated based on prior year collections.

Interfund Transactions

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds" in the fund financial statements. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the Government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by nonspendable fund balance in the applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories held by the General Fund, and the Public Works and Garage Internal Service Funds, are carried at cost (first-in, first-out). The Internal Service Funds' inventories are controlled by perpetual inventory systems and are adjusted as appropriate to reflect year-end physical inventory counts. Governmental Funds (other than the General Fund) record inventory as expenditures when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the Government-wide and Fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than purchased.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, structures and improvements, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activity columns in the Government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined as assets with an initial individual cost greater than the capitalization threshold for the specified type of asset and an estimated useful life beyond a single fiscal period. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are recorded at acquisition value. General infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 1980, are reported at estimated historical cost using deflated replacement costs.

Normal maintenance and repairs are not capitalized but are charged to operations when incurred. Betterments or major improvements, which significantly increase values, change capacities, or extend useful lives, are capitalized. Upon sale or retirement of capital assets, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in the results of operations.

Capital outlays are recorded as expenditures in the General, Special Revenue, and Capital Projects Funds and as capital assets in the Proprietary Funds and Government-wide financial statements to the extent the County's capitalization thresholds are met. Interest incurred during the construction phase on financing capital assets of business-type activities is reflected in the capitalized value of the asset constructed, net of interest earned on the invested proceeds over the same period. Facilities and improvements, infrastructure, and machinery and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives.

The capitalization thresholds and estimated useful lives of specific asset types are as follows:

Asset Type Land Infrastructure Structures & Improvements	Capitalization Threshold No threshold \$100,000	Estimated Useful Life
Structures & Improvements	\$25,000	15 to 50 years
Equipment	\$5,000	2 to 15 years
Lease Assets - Equipment	\$5,000	Lease term
Lease Assets – Structures	\$25,000	Lease term
Subscription Assets	\$5,000	Subscription term

Lease Asset

Lease assets are recorded at the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liabilities and modified by any lease payments made to the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term, less any lease incentives received from the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term along with any initial direct costs that are ancillary charges necessary to place the lease assets into service.

Lease assets are amortized using the straight-line method over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life on the underlying asset, unless the lease contains a purchase option that the County has determined reasonably certain of being exercised.

Subscription Assets

Subscription assets are recorded at the amount of the initial measurement of the subscription liabilities and modified by any subscription payments made to the vendor at the commencement of the subscription term and any capitalizable initial implementation costs. The asset is reduced by any vendor incentives received at the commencement of the subscription term.

Subscription assets are amortized using the straight-line method over the shorter of the subscription term or the useful life of the underlying assets.

Compensated Absences

The County's policy is to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick leave benefits. Each year-end, a liability is accrued for the balance of unpaid compensatory time off, sick leave, and vacation earned.

Accumulated benefits will be liquidated in future years as employees elect to use them. In the normal course of business, all payments of these accumulated benefits will be funded from appropriations in the year in which they are to be paid. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee designations and retirements.

Long-term Obligations

In the Government-wide financial statements, and in proprietary funds in the fund financial statements, longterm debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's pension plan with San Luis Obispo County Pension Trust (SLOCPT) and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by SLOCPT. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefits' terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's OPEB Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CaIPERS. For this purpose, the OPEB Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance in classifications based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor the constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds can be spent. The fund balance classifications used are nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned (see Note 11 for a description of these categories).

In circumstances when an expenditure is made for a purpose for which amounts are available from multiple fund balance classifications, fund balance is generally depleted in the order of restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

E. ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash in Treasury

Investments made by the Treasurer are regulated by the California Government Code (CGC) and by the County's Investment Policy (IP). The policy's objectives in order of priority are safety and preservation of capital, liquidity sufficient to meet scheduled cash flow needs, and yield, subject to safety and liquidity while maintaining compliance with federal, state, and local laws and regulations.

The San Luis Obispo County Investment Pool is rated by Fitch Ratings, one of the Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organizations. Fitch has consistently rated the County Pool with their highest rating since Fiscal Year (FY) 1994-95. Fitch reaffirmed the County Pool's "AAAf/S1" rating on August 25, 2022. The County Pool's "AAAf" fund credit quality rating reflects "the highest underlying credit quality (or lowest vulnerability to default)". The "f" suffix to the Fund Credit Quality Rating indicates a fund rather than an individual issue or issuer. The County Pool's "S1" rating reflects the pool's low sensitivity to market risk and capacity to return stable principal value to meet anticipated cash flow requirements, even in adverse interest rate environments.

The County Treasury Oversight Committee (CTOC) was created by the Board of Supervisors' Resolution and consists of five members. The CTOC monitors and reviews quarterly, the management of public funds maintained in the investment pool in accordance with the CGC. The CTOC and the Board of Supervisors review and approve the IP annually. The County Treasurer prepares and submits a comprehensive investment report to the members of the CTOC and the investment pool participants every quarter. The report covers the type of investments in the pool, maturity dates, par value, actual costs, and fair value. CGC directs the CTOC to cause an annual IP compliance audit. A list of providers for the annual compliance audit is specified in the Board Resolution which created the CTOC. These providers are the County Auditor in conjunction with or in addition to work directed by CGC, independent certified public accountants (CPAs) selected to review the County's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, and independent CPAs as deemed appropriate. CLA (CliftonLarsonAllen LLP) was selected to perform an Annual Investment Program Compliance Audit for the FY ended June 30, 2024. The results of these audits have been presented to the Board of Supervisors on a yearly basis. All such audits from prior years have had no findings.

Under CGC, the County may purchase as investments: obligations issued by the United States Treasury; obligations, participations, or other instruments of or issued by a federal agency or a United States government-sponsored enterprise; obligations of state and local agencies of this state and any of the other 49 states; bankers' acceptances; commercial paper; negotiable certificates of deposit; repurchase agreements; medium-term

corporate notes; debt issuances guaranteed by the International Bank for Reconstruction (IBRD), International Finance Corporation (IFC), or the Inter-American Development Bank (IADB) that are eligible for purchase and sale within the United States; as well as other investments established by the CGC. CGC prohibits investments in derivatives which include inverse floaters, range notes, or mortgage-derived, interest strips and any security that could result in zero interest accrual if held to maturity. While securities lending and reverse repurchase agreements are considered permitted investments per CGC, the County IP prohibits these types of investments.

The County maintains a combined pool of cash and investments which provides cash flow for the funding needs of the County, school districts, and other local agencies required by law to keep funds in the Treasury. The combined pool's investments are stated at fair value and have a weighted-average maturity of 1.46 years. Interest is apportioned to the separate funds based on the individual fund's average daily balance. Securities are held in a customer-segregated safekeeping account during the fiscal year. A Cash Statement and Asset List is requested monthly from the appropriate institutions and verified against records maintained in the Treasury.

The County's combined pool has invested in the CalTRUST Short-Term Fund (CTSTF). CalTRUST is a Joint Powers Agency Authority created by local public agencies to provide a method for local public agencies to pool their assets for investment purposes. CalTRUST is governed by a Board of Trustees made up of experienced local agency treasury and investment officers. The CalTRUST Board sets overall policies for the program and selects and supervises the activities of the investment manager, which as of June 30, 2024, was State Street Global Advisors. Public agencies invest in shares of beneficial interest with a Net Asset Value (NAV) that fluctuates. CalTRUST attempts to minimize NAV fluctuation. This type of investment is an authorized investment under CGC §53601 (p). As of June 30, 2024, the CTSTF NAV was \$0.999 per \$1.00 of investment.

The County's combined pool has invested in the State's Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF). This fund is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company but is required to invest according to CGC. Market valuation is conducted quarterly. LAIF provided a fair value dollar factor of 0.996316042 for its portfolio as of June 30, 2024. The fair value of the investments in LAIF is the pool participant's amount invested balance multiplied by the fair value dollar factor. As of June 30, 2024, 3.00% of the LAIF pool includes Medium-term and Short-term Structured notes and Asset-backed securities. The Local Investment Advisory Board, which consists of five members as designated by statute, provides oversight for LAIF.

As of June 30, 2024, the County's combined pool includes funds deposited in collateralized interest-bearing bank accounts known as Public Investment Money Market Accounts (PIMMAs) and FDIC Insured Placement Service Deposits. Per CGC §53631 et seq., PIMMAs are depository accounts, not investments, and are fully liquid and collateralized by eligible securities. Placement Service Deposits are when a single large deposit is placed into individual deposits of less than \$250,000 with network banks. As a result, full FDIC insurance is maintained. Placement Service Deposits are not term deposits, and the full balance is available at any time on demand. PIMMAs and Placement Service Deposits are not investments by code, but they are included in the County's combined pool and are treated internally as investments for tracking, management, and reporting purposes.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 31 requires governmental external investment pools to report certain investments at fair value in the financial statements and report the change in the fair value of investments in the year in which the change occurred. In compliance with these requirements, the fair value of the County's combined pool is determined annually and is based on current market prices received from the securities custodian, CaITRUST, and LAIF, except for instruments which are carried at amortized cost plus accrued interest. The County Treasury has provided a fair value dollar factor of 0.98959845 in the Quarterly Report of Investments as of June 30, 2024, which can be used for financial reporting by the pool participants. The fair value of the investments is the pool participant's amount invested balance multiplied by the fair value dollar factor.

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the County by the CGC. The County's combined pool is further restricted by both the County's IP and the Treasurer's written policies and procedures to reduce exposure to investment risks. The County's IP gives the County Treasurer the authority to act in the best interest of the County in the face of changing market conditions and circumstances by making written exceptions to the County's IP and the Treasurer's written policies and procedures within the limits of the CGC and all

relevant laws. As of June 30, 2024, the table represents the County's IP or where more restrictive, the Treasurer's written policies and procedures, that address interest risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
Investment types utilized by the combined pool in FY 2023-2	4		
U.S. Treasury Notes	4 years	100%	N/A
U.S. Treasury Bills	Maximum issued	100%	N/A
U.S. Government Agencies: Federal Home Loan Bank	4 years	25%	N/A
U.S. Government Agencies: Farm Credit	4 years	25%	N/A
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	15%	N/A
Joint Powers Authority Pool	N/A	20%	N/A
Money Market Mutual Funds (Shares of Beneficial Interest) issued by a Joint Powers Authority	N/A	15%	15% per issuer. Requires specific written approval of County Treasurer for each type of investment.
Supranationals	4 years	20%	10% per issuer (IBRD, IFC, or IADB only). Must have AAA/A-1+ by 1 of the 3 credit rating agencies.
Public Investment Money Market Accounts (PIMMA)	N/A	50%	20%
FDIC Insured Placement Service Deposits	N/A	15%	Up to \$250,000 per participating bank
Bonds, Notes, Warrants, other evidences of indebtedness of any local agency within this state	1 year	10%	No more than 10% of issuer debt and assets. Requires specific written approval of County Treasurer for each type of investment.
Investments authorized, but not utilized in FY 2023-24			
U.S. Treasury Bonds	4 years	100%	N/A
CDARS	1 year	15%	1%
Bankers' Acceptances-Domestic	30 days	10%	4%
Commercial Paper	30 days	5%	2%
Collateralized Certificates of Deposit	1 year	5%	1%
Tri-Party Repurchase Agreements	30 days	15% of all repos	N/A
Cash Management Bills	Maximum issued	100%	N/A
Bonds issued by a Local Agency	1 year	5%	Requires specific written approval of County Treasurer for each type of investment.
Registered State Warrants	1 year	10%	Requires specific written approval of County Treasurer for each type of investment.
Pledged Funds held by a trustee or fiscal agent			ions or in accordance with the ordinance, reement of a local agency providing for the
Investments not authorized in FY 2023-24			
U.S. Government Agencies: Federal National Mortgage Assoc			
U.S. Government Agencies: Federal Home Loan Mortgage Co			
Bankers' Acceptances-Foreign	•		
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit			
Bi-Party Repurchase Agreements			
Medium-Term Notes			
Money Market Mutual Funds (Shares of Beneficial Interest) is	sued by dive	rsified manadem	nent companies
Treasury Notes or Bonds of this state			pro en
Registered Treasury Notes or Bonds of any of the other 49 U	nited States		
Notes, Bonds, or other obligations that are at all times secure		first priority sec	urity interest
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Investments not authorized in the County's IP			
Reverse Repurchase Agreements			
Securities Lending Agreements			

Interest Rate Risk

In accordance with County's IP, the County manages exposure to declines in fair values by structuring the portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash flow requirements for ongoing operations and thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity.

Custodial Credit Risk

The County minimizes this type of credit risk by pre-qualifying the custodial financial institution and requiring the custodian to hold securities in the County Treasurer's name.

Credit Risk

The County minimizes exposure to credit risk by pre-qualifying the financial institutions limiting investments to the safest types of securities, diversifying the portfolio, and setting limits per issuer.

Concentration of Credit Risk

At June 30, 2024, the County did not have investments in medium-term notes.

The following is a summary of the credit quality distribution and concentration of credit risk by investment type as a percentage of the County's Investment Pool's fair value at June 30, 2024.

Investment Type	S&P	Moody's	% of Portfolio	
U.S. Government Agencies	AA+	Aaa	43.17%	
U.S. Treasuries	AA+	Aaa	32.11%	
Supranationals	AAA	Aaa	17.53%	
CalTRUST-Short-Term Fund	AAf/S1+	Not Rated	4.54%	
LAIF	Not Rated	Not Rated	2.65%	
Total		-	100.00%	

GASB Statement No. 40 requires that investments in single issuers exceeding 5% of the County's pooled investments be disclosed as concentrations of credit risk. As of the year ended June 30, 2024, the following investments exceeded the 5% disclosure threshold:

Investment Type	% of Portfolio
U.S. Government Agencies-Farm Credit Bank	22.51%
U.S. Government Agencies-Federal Home Loan Bank	20.66%
Supranationals – IADB	7.69%
Supranationals – IBRD	5.37%

At June 30, 2024, the County had the following investments and interest-bearing deposits (in thousands):

			Weighted			
			Average			
		Interest Rate	Maturity			
Instrument	Maturity Dates	%	Years	Fair Value	e	Cost
U.S. Government Agencies	7/23/24-3/10/28	0.349%-5.245%	1.50	\$ 662,39	94 \$	663,011
U.S. Treasuries	7/31/24-2/29/28	0.397%-5.126%	1.76	492,78	80	493,101
Supranationals	8/28/24-1/12/28	0.318%-4.859%	1.40	268,95	57	273,795
CalTRUST	On Demand	4.580%	-	69,75	50	69,773
LAIF	On Demand	3.927%	-	40,64	0	40,000
Total Investments in County Tre	easury			\$ 1,534,52	<u>1</u> \$_	1,539,680
Deposits in Financial Institutions			\$	218,556	\$	218,556
Cash on Hand			Ŷ	423	Ŧ	423
Total Cash held in Treasury				1,753,500	1	L,758,659
Deposits in Transit				7,366	-	7,366
Outstanding Warrants				(24,465)		(24,465)
Total				1,736,401		L,741,560
Imprest Cash				2,253	_	2,253
Non-pool Cash Deposits				4,530		4,530
Other Cash Deposits				6,783		6,783
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents			\$		\$ 1	
Destricted Costs with First Asset	_					
Restricted Cash with Fiscal Agent				\$ 82,986		02 022
U.S. Government & Federal Age	IICIES		2	· /	_	82,832
Total				82,986	<u> </u>	82,832
Total restricted and unrestricted	I cash and cash equiv	valents	S	\$ 1,826,170)_\$_	1,831,175
Total Cash and Investments Sum	imary			Fair Value		
Total Governmental Activities	<u>innur y</u>		d	\$ 777,987	,	
Total Business-Type Activities				102,542		
Total Investment and Custodial	Fiduciary Funds			900,477		
Total Fiduciary Component Unit		as of December 31	2023	900,477 94,664		
SLO Pension Trust Fund Per		as of December 31,	2025	(59,177)		
Total Component Unit – First 5	spective Difference			9,677		
Total Cash and Investments	as of lune 30 2024		c	\$ 1,826,170		
	as of Julie 30, 2024		-	* <u>1,020,170</u>	,	

¹ Perspective amount represents the combination of the change in Total SLO Pension Trust cash from the Pension Trust's ACFR Reporting Date of 12/31/2023 to the County's ACFR Reporting Date of 6/30/2024 and the portion of Pension Trust's cash held outside of the County's financial system. The cash balance in the County's Treasury for San Luis Obispo County Pension Trust as of 6/30/2024 is \$35,487.

The following represents a condensed statement of net position and changes in net position for the Treasurer's investment pool as of June 30, 2024 (in thousands):

	Fair Value
Statement of Net Position: Net position held for pool participants	\$ <u>1,736,401</u>
Equity of internal pool participants Equity of external pool participants (voluntary and involuntary) Total Equity	\$ 974,030 762,371 \$ 1,736,401
Statement of Changes in Net Position:RevenueInvestment costsNet depositsChange in fair valueNet change in pool net positionNet position at July 1, 2023Net position at June 30, 2024	\$ 52,029 (941) (6,283) <u>26,860</u> 71,665 <u>1,664,736</u> \$ 1,736,401

Fair Value Measurements

The County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is divided into 3 levels with each level based on the source used to measure the fair value of the asset.

The County has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2024:

			Fair Value Measurements Using							
			Investments by fair value level							
				<u>Quoted</u>						
				Prices in						
				<u>Active</u>		<u>Significant</u>				
				Markets for		<u>Other</u>		<u>Significant</u>		
				Identical		Observable		<u>Unobservable</u>		
				<u>Assets</u>		<u>Inputs</u>		<u>Inputs</u>		
			_	(Level 1)		(Level 2)	_	(Level 3)		
Debt securities			_				_			
U.S. Treasuries	\$	492,780	\$	492,780	\$	-	\$	-		
U.S. Government Agencies		662,389		662,389		-		-		
Supranationals	_	268,957		268,957		-		-		
Total measured at fair value		1,424,126		1,424,126		-		-		
Investments measured at amortized										
cost										
LAIF		40,640		-		-		-		
CalTRUST		69,755		-		-		-		
Total investments in Treasury	\$	1,534,521	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		

Restricted Cash with Fiscal Agent

Cash and investments at June 30, 2024, that are restricted by legal or contractual requirements are comprised of the following (in thousands):

Various Governmental Funds		<u>Amount</u>
Required lease reserves for long-term debt	\$	82,050
Restricted interest on lease reserves	_	936
Total Restricted Cash	\$	82,986

Cash Deposits Outside of the Treasury Pool

At fiscal year-end, the carrying amount of the County's other cash deposits was \$4,471,118 and the combined financial institutions' balance was \$4,529,603. The difference of \$58,485 between the County's deposit balance and the financial institutions' balance results from transactions in transit, and outstanding warrants and bond coupons. The entire bank balance of \$4,529,603 was covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the County's agent in the County's name.

3. RECEIVABLES

Receivables at year-end for the County are as follows (in thousands):

Governmental Funds	•	eneral ⁻ und	Sj Re	nmajor pecial venue unds
Accounts Receivable	\$	9,154	\$	265
Lease Receivables		1,485		118
Other Receivables*		2,291		-
Loans Receivables		-		28,418
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts		-		(6,932)

Proprietary Funds	Airp Fur		State Water Project Fund		Los Osos Wastewater Fund		Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		Internal Service Funds	
Accounts Receivable	\$	-	\$	2,467	\$	-	\$	490	\$	512
Lease Receivables	24	1,584		-		-		12		-
Other Receivables*	1	1,027		-		94,407		-		-
Loans Receivables		-		-		374		-		-
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts		-		-		-		-		-

*Other receivables primarily consist of accrued deposits; except for the Los Osos Wastewater Fund, which represents the special assessment receivable.

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2024, is as follows (in thousands):

	Balance	····, ·	,	Transfers &	Balance		
Governmental Activities	July 1, 2023	Additions	Retirements	Adjustments	June 30, 2024		
Capital assets, non-depreciable:							
Land	\$ 796,050	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$ 796,050		
Construction in progress	65,871	42,673	(131)	(2,925)	105,488		
Total capital assets, non-depreciable:	861,921	42,673	(131)	(2,925)	901,538		
Capital assets, depreciable							
Structures and improvements	312,615	2,787	(97)	1,675	316,980		
Equipment	112,616	11,063	(3,570)	1,250	121,359		
Infrastructure	465,617	11,005	(3,370)	1,250	465,617		
Other property	1,258	_	_	_	1,258		
Total capital assets, depreciable	892,106	13,850	(3,667)	2,925	905,214		
i otal capital assets, depreciable	092,100	15,650	(3,007)	2,925	905,214		
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Structures and improvements	(120,694)	(7,212)	95	-	(127,811)		
Equipment	(82,573)	(6,654)	3,361	-	(85,866)		
Infrastructure	(273,874)	(11,549)	-	-	(285,423)		
Other property	(113)	(17)	-	-	(130)		
Total accumulated depreciation	(477,254)	(25,432)	3,456	-	(499,230)		
Total capital assets depreciable, net	414,852	(11,582)	(211)	2,925	405,984		
Lease assets, amortizable							
Land	509	-	_	-	509		
Structures and improvements	133,895	659	-	-	134,554		
Equipment	109	-	-	-	109		
Total lease assets, amortizable	134,513	659			135,172		
	131,515				155,172		
Less accumulated amortization for:							
Land	(104)	(58)	-	-	(162)		
Structures and improvements	(11,576)	(6,941)	-	-	(18,517)		
Equipment	(54)	(23)	-	-	(77)		
Total accumulated amortization	(11,734)	(7,022)	-		(18,756)		
Total lease assets, amortizable net	122,779	(6,363)			116,416		
Subscription assets, amortizable	5,104	695	-	-	5,799		
Less accumulated amortization for subscription	5/101	000			5,, 55		
assets	(2,495)	(2,489)	-	-	(4,984)		
Total subscription assets, amortizable net	2,609	(1,794)			815		
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 1,402,161	\$ 22,934	\$ (342)	\$ -	\$ 1,424,753		

Business-Type Activities	Balance July 1, 2023		Additions		Retir	rements	Transfers & Adjustments			Balance e 30, 2024
Capital assets, not being depreciated:										
Land	\$	36,718	\$	4,102	\$	-	\$	-	\$	40,820
Construction in progress		4,974		7,243		(9)		(2,139)		10,069
Water rights		72,319		4,116		-		-		76,435
Other property		1,968		-		(9)		-		1,968
Total capital assets, not being depreciated:		115,979		15,461		(9)		(2,139)		129,292
Capital assets, being depreciated										
Infrastructure		385,317		-		-		_		385,317
Structures and improvements		228,663		389		(144)		2,139		231,047
Equipment		12,629		558		(422)		-		12,765
Other property		554		-		-		-		554
Total capital assets, being depreciated		627,163		947		(566)		2,139		629,683
, , ,		,								,
Less accumulated depreciation for:										
Infrastructure		(67,731)		(7,395)		-		-		(75,126)
Structures and improvements		(94,018)		(6,529)		106		-		(100,441)
Equipment		(5,993)		(779)		369		-		(6,403)
Other property		(58)		-						(58)
Total accumulated depreciation		(167,800)		(14,703)		475		-		(182,028)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		459,363		(13,756)		(91)		2,139		447,655
Lease assets, amortizable		70								70
Land		79		-		-		-		79
Equipment		257 336				-				257
Total lease assets, amortizable		330		-		-		-		336
Less accumulated amortization for:										
Land		(22)		(11)		-		-		(33)
Equipment		(152)		(75)		-		-		(227)
Total accumulated amortization		(174)		(86)		-		-		(260)
Total lease assets, amortizable net		162		(86)		-		-		76
Subscription assets, amortizable		297		-		-		-		297
Less accumulated amortization for subscription										
assets		(102)		(113)		-		-		(215)
Total subscription assets, amortizable net		195		(113)		-		-		82
		F7F (00		1 500		(100)				F77 10F
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	575,699	\$	1,506	\$	(100)	\$		\$	577,105

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions/funds of the primary government as follows:

	Dep	preciation	Amortization			Total
<u>Governmental Activities</u> General Government	¢	2 226	¢	4 0 4 2	¢	0 160
	\$	3,226	\$	4,942	\$	8,168
Public Protection		5,763		1,400		7,163
Public Ways and Facilities		11,042		137		11,179
Health and Sanitation		707		1,770		2,477
Public Assistance		265		1,244		1,509
Education		437		18		455
Recreational and Cultural Services		1,284		-		1,284
Capital assets held by the County's Internal Service Funds are		, -				, -
charged to the various functions based on their usage of assets		2,708		-		2,708
Total governmental activities depreciation/amortization expense	\$	25,432	\$	9,511	\$	34,943
Business-type Activities						
Airport	\$	5,479	\$	98	\$	5,577
Los Osos Wastewater		4,364		-		4,364
Nacimiento Water Contract		2,221		-		2,221
State Water Project		192		-		192
Nonmajor Enterprise		2,447		101		2,548
	*					
Total business-type activities depreciation/amortization expense	\$	14,703	_\$	199	\$	14,902

5. CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS AND RELATED COMMITMENTS

Construction in Progress accounts reflect the amount within governmental and business-type funds for construction projects which are not yet complete.

The following is a schedule of major projects included in Construction in Progress as of June 30, 2024 (in thousands):

Governmental Activities

Project	 Expended to June 30, 2024	 Committed Funds	 Remaining Budget
Roads Infrastructure	\$ 42,627	\$ 20,799	\$ 44,797
Fire and Sheriff Co-located Dispatch Location	10,828	-	28,841
Cayucos Vets Hall Rehab	8,484	26	3,034
Radio Modernization	6,057	43	-
Women's Jail	5,005	-	121
New Probation Office Building	4,969	-	34,910
Bob Jones Octagon/Ontario Park Trail Extension	3,282	41	1,726
Sheriff Jail Management and Records Management Systems Software Implementation Project	2,622	1,410	106
Behavioral Health Cal Mental Health Services Authority Electronic Health Records Project	2,296	1,045	2
Sheriff Radio Dispatch	1,499	777	-
Templeton to Atascadero Park Trail Connector	1,387	-	196
Hacienda Drive Water Main Replacement Project (Cayucos)	1,355	-	501

6. LEASES AND SUBSCRIPTION-BASED INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY ARRANGEMENTS

County as Lessor

The County leases out several of its buildings and land. Lease terms vary, with current agreements going out until fiscal year 2062-2063. For agreements with renewal options the County included these renewal periods in the lease term when it is reasonably certain that the renewal option(s) will be exercised. For contracts that contain termination options for either party to exercise (cancellable period), these periods are excluded from the lease receivable calculation. The County's lease arrangements do not contain any material residual value guarantees. When the borrowing rate is not stated in the contract, or readily available, the County uses the Treasury Quarterly Yield percentage to discount the lease payments. The agreements currently use a discount rate ranging from 0.71% to 2.49% to measure the present value of the lease payments expected to be received during the lease term period.

	Governmental Activities					Business-Type Activities				
Year Ending										
June 30,	Pr	incipal	Inte	erest	P	rincipal	Ir	Interest		
2025	\$	266	\$	10	\$	622	\$	182		
2026		232		9		458		179		
2027		241		7		411		176		
2028		206		5		431		173		
2029		191		4		455		170		
2030-2034		467		5		2,365		798		
2035-2039		-		-		2,700		708		
2040-2044		-		-		3,374		597		
2045-2049		-		-		3,422		466		
2050-2054		-		-		2,919		351		
2055-2059		-		-		3,737		222		
2060-2064		-		-		3,702		59		
Total	\$	1,603	\$	40	\$	24,596	\$	4,081		

Minimum lease payments receivable on leases of properties as of June 30, 2024, are as follows:

The total amount of revenue (inflows of resources) relating to leases recognized in the current fiscal year is as follows:

June 30, 2024	nmental ivities	ness-Type ctivities
Lease revenue	\$ 289	\$ 1,181
Lease interest	12	182

The County did not have any leases of assets that are investments, regulated leases, sublease transactions, saleleaseback transactions, or lease-leaseback transactions requiring disclosure.

County as Lessee

The County entered into various contracts as lessee primarily for office space, land, equipment, and office equipment. Lease terms vary, with current agreements going out until fiscal year 2056-2057. For agreements with renewal options the County included these renewal periods in the lease term when it is reasonably certain that the renewal option(s) will be exercised. For contracts that contain termination options for either party to exercise (cancellable period), these periods are excluded from the lease liability calculation. The County's lease contracts generally do not include restrictive financial or other covenants. Certain leases require additional payments for maintenance, which are expensed as incurred. The County's lease arrangements do not contain any material residual value guarantees. When the borrowing rate is not stated in the contract, or readily available, the County uses the Treasury Quarterly Yield percentage to discount the lease payments. The agreements currently use a discount rate ranging from 0.51% to 2.80% to measure the present value of the lease payments expected to be paid during the lease term period.

	Government	al Activities	Business-Type Activities				
Year Ending							
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest			
2025	\$ 5,038	\$ 817	\$ 37	\$1			
2026	5,030	779	16	-			
2027	4,993	742	12	-			
2028	4,496	708	13	-			
2029	4,505	675	-	-			
2030-2034	21,000	2,935	-	-			
2035-2039	19,830	2,245	-	-			
2040-2044	18,025	1,629	-	-			
2045-2049	19,017	1,001	-	-			
2050-2054	13,819	426	-	-			
2055-2059	6,376	72	-	-			
Total	\$ 122,129	\$ 12,029	\$ 78	\$ 1			

The future principal and interest lease payments as of June 30, 2024, are as follows:

The County did not have any sublease transactions, sale-leaseback transactions, or lease-leaseback transactions requiring disclosure.

Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

The County entered into various subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITA). SBITA terms vary, with current agreements going out until fiscal year 2028-2029. For agreements with renewal options the County included these renewal periods in the SBITA term when it is reasonably certain that the renewal option(s) will be exercised. For contracts that contain termination options for either party to exercise (cancellable period), these periods are excluded from the SBITA liability calculation. Certain SBITAs require additional payments for maintenance, which are expensed as incurred. When the borrowing rate is not stated in the contract, or readily available, the County uses the Treasury Quarterly Yield percentage to discount the lease payments. The agreements currently use a discount rate ranging from 0.73% to 3.19% to measure the present value of the SBITA payments expected to be paid during the SBITA term period.

The future principal and interest SBITA payments as of June 30, 2024, are as follows:

	G	overnment	Business-Type Activities					
Year Ending								
June 30,	Pri	ncipal	Inte	erest	Prir	icipal	Interest	
2025	\$	315	\$	14	\$	86	\$	1
2026		282		8		-		-
2027		121		2		-		-
2028		25		-		-		-
2029		14		-		-		-
Total	\$	757	\$	24	\$	86	\$	1

7. RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County has self-insurance programs for liability, workers' compensation, unemployment insurance and dental coverage. There were two liability claim settlements and there were eleven workers' compensation claim settlements that have exceeded insurance

coverage during the past three fiscal years. Insurance coverage for liability and workers' compensation above the County's self-insured retention (SIR) is provided through Public Risk Innovation, Solutions, and Management (PRISM). The County is a member of PRISM, a joint powers authority whose purpose is to develop and fund programs of excess insurance for its member counties. The authority is solvent; self-insurance and authority limits are as follows:

Type of Coverage	Self-Insurance	<u>Authority</u>
Liability	\$ 250,000 per occurrence	\$ 25,000,000
Workers' Compensation	\$ 350,000 per occurrence	Statutory
Unemployment	\$ 639,468 maximum	
Dental	None-Funded by Employees	

Annual actuarial valuations are obtained for the Workers' Compensation and the Liability Funds. These valuations provide the basis for premiums charged to insured departments. The County's SIR amounts are paid directly, without the use of purchased annuity contracts. Financial information on PRISM is available on request from the Office of Risk Management, County of San Luis Obispo.

The estimated claims liability for the Protected Self-Insurance Fund was recorded at a discounted 85% confidence level, and the estimated liability for the Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Fund was also recorded at a discounted 85% confidence level.

	Beginning of the fiscal year	Curr	ent year claims, changes &			Ва	lance at fiscal
	liability		estimates	Cla	im payments	-	year-end
2022-23	\$ 22,260	\$	6,817	\$	5,576	\$	23,501
2023-24	\$ 23,501	\$	9,014	\$	7,156	\$	25,359

8. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2024, was (in thousands):

Payable Fund (Due to Balance)	Receivable Fund (Due from Balance)	 Amount
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Capital Projects Fund	\$ 2,094
	Total	\$ 2,094

The SLO County Financing Authority owes the Capital Projects Fund \$1,005 for bond proceeds for the Cayucos Vets Hall Rehabilitation project and \$1,089 for bond proceeds for the construction of the new Probation Department building.

Payable Fund (Advances from Balance)	Receivable Fund (Advances to Balance)		Amount
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund	\$	9,220
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	General Fund Nonmajor Governmental Funds	. <u> </u>	134 1,352 1,486
Airport Fund	General Fund		5,090
Los Osos Wastewater Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		676
	Total	\$	16,472

The General Fund advanced \$237 to the Parks Special Revenue Fund for the restoration of the Cayucos Pier, \$464 for the Nipomo Skate Park Project, \$17 for storm damage repairs. The General Fund also advanced \$8,502 to the Road Special Revenue Fund for storm damage repairs.

The County Service Areas Enterprise Funds received advances from the County Services Area 10 Special Revenue Fund for operational costs (\$1,253), the General Flood Control Zone Special Revenue Fund for state water projects (\$99), and the General Fund for debt and operational costs (\$13). The Golf Enterprise Fund also received \$121 from the General Fund for a water line replacement project.

The Airport Fund owes the General Fund \$5,090 for internal loans for various projects including the refinancing of a state loan for the construction of hangars and the new terminal.

The Los Osos Wastewater Fund received a long-term operating loan from the General Flood Control Zone Special Revenue Fund of \$676.

9. TRANSFERS

Transfers to/from other funds at June 30, 2024, are as follows: (in thousands):

Transfer From	Transfer To	Amount	Purpose
General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	\$ 2,284	General Government Maintenance and Building Replacement Projects
	Capital Projects Fund	1,251	New Probation Department Building
	Capital Projects Fund	799	Other Capital Projects
	Capital Projects Fund	268	Communication Site Towers
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	12,427	Debt Service
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	6,748	Homeless Services and Affordable Housing Budgeted Appropriations
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	6,329	Roads Projects
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	958	ARPA Distribution
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	602	Library Budgeted Appropriations
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	473	Parks Storm Damage Response
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	32	Flood Control Districts Water Resource Management Project
	Los Osos Wastewater Fund	436	ARPA Distribution
	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	1,532	ARPA Distribution
	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	12	Golf Budgeted Appropriations
	Internal Service Funds	51	ARPA Distribution
		34,202	_
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund	1,098	Public Facilities Fees
	General Fund	455	Debt Service
	General Fund	454	Other
	Capital Projects Fund	5,567	Capital Projects Debt Proceeds
	Capital Projects Fund	5,549	Public Facilities Fees
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	520	Debt Service
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	313	Public Facilities Fees
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	213	Road Impact Fees
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	4	Other
	Nonmajor Enterprise Fund	167 14,340	
Airport Fund	General Fund	194	Debt Service
	Nonmajor Governmental Fund	<u> </u>	_ Debt Service
Los Osos Wastewater Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	82	Debt Service
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	67	Debt Service
Internal Service Funds	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	1,398	Debt Service
	Total Transfers	\$ 50,402	=

10. BONDED INDEBTEDNESS AND LONG-TERM DEBT

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2024, is as follows (in thousands):

Governmental Activities	Ba	ginning alance <u>1, 2023</u>		atements & ustments	_ <u>A</u>	dditions	Red	luctions	Ending Balance ne 30, 2024	-	ue within one year
Bonds and notes payable:											
Certificates of participation (COP)	\$	3,205	\$	-	\$	-	\$	170	\$ 3,035	\$	180
Certificates of participation from direct borrowings		7,973		-		-		195	7,778		200
State notes from direct borrowings		1,264		-		-		163	1,101		165
Pension obligation bonds		79,517		(3,017)		-		3,534	72,966		11,190
Lease revenue bonds		88,803		-		-		2,961	85,842		3,119
Unamortized premium on lease revenue bonds		7,972		-		-		406	7,566		-
Assessment bonds from direct borrowings		294		-		-		53	 241		56
Total bonds and notes payable		189,028		(3,017)		-		7,482	 178,529		14,910
Leases		126,334	. <u> </u>			659		4,864	 122,129		5,038
Subscription-based IT arrangements		2,614		-		695		2,552	 757		315
Other liabilities:											
Compensated absences		36,952		-		22,892		22,470	37,374		28,283
Landfill post-closure costs		8,745		-		1,667		1,199	9,213		1,130
Self-insurance		23,501		_		9,013		7,155	 25,359		5,309
Total other liabilities		69,198		-		33,572		30,824	 71,946		34,722
Total Governmental Activities	\$	387,174	\$	(3,017)	\$	34,926	\$	45,722	\$ 373,361	\$	54,985

Business-Type Activities	Beginning Balance July 1, 2023		Restatements & <u>Adjustments</u>	Additions		Reductions	Ending Balance ne 30, 2024	 e within <u>ne year</u>
Bonds and notes payable:								
Certificates of participation (COP)	\$ 6,12	0	\$-	\$ -	-	\$ 630	\$ 5,490	\$ 665
Certificates of participation from direct borrowings	5,35	1	-	-	-	107	5,244	110
State notes from direct borrowings	80,70	2	-	-	-	3,737	76,965	3,800
Other notes from direct borrowings	16	6	-	-	-	40	126	40
Revenue bonds	145,59	5	-	-	-	5,250	140,345	5,525
Unamortized premium on revenue bonds	6,80	5	-	-	-	424	6,381	-
General obligation bonds	5,49	0	-	-	-	565	4,925	595
Unamortized premium on general obligation bonds	45	2	-	-	-	56	396	-
Lease revenue bonds	1,58	2	-	-	-	365	1,217	386
Unamortized premium on lease revenue bonds	5	7	-	-	-	14	43	-
Assessment bonds	69,43	7	-			1,587	 67,850	 1,632
Total bonds and notes payable	321,75	7				12,775	 308,982	 12,753
Leases	16	4	-			86	 78	 37
Subscription-based IT arrangements	19	9				113	 86	 86
Other liabilities:								
Compensated absences	57	9	-	430)	345	 664	 338
Total other liabilities	57	9	-	430)	345	 664	 338
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 322,69	9	\$ -	\$ 430)	\$ 13,319	\$ 309,810	\$ 13,214

Annual debt service requirements for governmental activities as of June 30, 2024, are summarized as follows:

	Certificates of Participation,								
	Including Di	rect Bo	rrowings		Pension Obligation Bonds				
						<u>U</u>	<u>naccreted</u>		
Year Ended June 30,	Principal		Interest		Principal	<u>Ap</u>	preciation		Total
2025	\$ 380	\$	364	\$	11,190	\$	315	\$	11,505
2026	392		349		11,200		985		12,185
2027	408		334		11,192		1,698		12,890
2028	419		319		11,181		2,444		13,625
2029	436		303		11,160		3,230		14,390
2030-2034	2,443		1,247		17,043		6,682		23,725
2035-2039	2,299		760		-		-		-
2040-2044	1,675		446		-		-		-
2045-2049	1,293		167		-		-		-
2050-2054	419		79		-		-		-
2055-2059	456		41		-		-		-
2060-2064	 193		5		-		-		-
Total	\$ 10,813	\$	4,414	\$	72,966	\$	15,354	\$	88,320

				G	overnmental Ac	tivities	(Continued)					
	 State Including Di	e Notes rect Bo	- /		Lease Reven	ue Bon	ds	Assessment Bon Including Direct Borro				
Year Ended June 30,	<u>Principal</u>		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		<u>Interest</u>	
2025	\$ 165	\$	11	\$	3,119	\$	4,180	\$	56	\$	12	
2026	166		9		3,260		4,027		58		9	
2027	168		7		3,428		3,866		62		4	
2028	170		6		2,390		3,728		65		2	
2029	172		4		2,495		3,614		-		-	
2030-2034	260		3		14,425		16,146		-		-	
2035-2039	-		-		17,535		12,349		-		-	
2040-2044	-		-		17,465		7,926		-		-	
2045-2049	-		-		21,725		4,008		-		-	
Total	\$ 1,101	\$	40	\$	85,842	\$	59,844	\$	241	\$	27	

					Business-Ty	/pe Activ	/ities			
	Certificates of Participation, Including Direct Borrowings			 State Notes			 Revenue Bonds			
Year Ended June 30,		Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest
2025	\$	775	\$	405	\$ 3,800	\$	1,584	\$ 5,525	\$	6,283
2026		813		365	3,885		1,499	5,815		5,994
2027		860		322	3,972		1,413	6,120		5,689
2028		903		278	4,060		1,324	6,415		5,393
2029		947		235	4,151		1,233	6,710		5,097
2030-2034		2,433		664	14,970		5,062	38,480		20,553
2035-2039		763		473	14,934		3,627	48,590		10,448
2040-2044		881		354	16,488		2,073	22,690		929
2045-2049		1,022		213	10,705		431	-		-
2050-2054		641		96	-		-	-		-
2055-2059		424		43	-		-	-		-
2060-2064		272		7	-		-	-		-
Total	\$	10,734	\$	3,455	\$ 76,965	\$	18,246	\$ 140,345	\$	60,386

									Other N	otes	
	General Obligation Bonds			Bonds	Assessment Bonds			Including Direct Borrow			wings
Year Ended June 30,		Principal		Interest	 Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2025	\$	595	\$	239	\$ 1,632	\$	1,843	\$	40	\$	-
2026		630		206	1,677		1,798		40		-
2027		665		170	1,722		1,751		40		-
2028		700		134	1,767		1,703		6		-
2029		735		98	1,821		1,654		-		-
2030-2034		1,600		82	9,897		7,479		-		-
2035-2039		-		-	11,358		6,020		-		-
2040-2044		-		-	13,025		4,346		-		-
2045-2049		-		-	14,946		2,426		-		-
2050-2054		-		-	10,005		418		-		-
Total	\$	4,925	\$	929	\$ 67,850	\$	29,438	\$	126	\$	-

	Business-Type Activities (Continued)								
		Lease R	Revenue	Bonds					
Year Ended June 30,	Principal Interest								
2025	\$	386	\$	51					
2026		405		31					
2027	426 11								
2028									
2029		-		-					
2030-2034		-		-					
2035-2039		-		-					
2040-2044		-		-					
2045-2049		-		-					
2050-2054		-		-					
Total	\$	1,217	93						

Business-Type Activities (Continued)

Long-term liabilities at June 30, 2024, consisted of the following:

	Date of Issue	Maturity	Interest Rates	Semi Annual Installments	Original Issue Amount	Outstanding at 6/30/2024
Governmental Activities						
Certificates of Participation						
2007 Series A	3/01/2007	2036	4% - 4.25%	\$7 - \$307	\$5,090	\$3,035
Used to finance the construction of the Pa and restricted for new construction or ma Services building located in the City of San	jor renovation o					
IBank Loan	10/01/2016	2046	3.75%	\$5 - \$320	6,000	5,090
A direct borrowing from the California Infr new terminal building at the San Luis Ob combination of Passenger Facility Charges, debt is the County of San Luis Obispo Publ	oispo County Re Customer Facili	gional Airport ity Charges, a	. The debt is back nd other local fundi	ked by the Generating from Airport of	al Fund and perations. Co	repaid using a
Oceano Drainage Project	2/01/2021	2061	1.75%	\$1 - \$98	2,841	2,688
A direct borrowing from the USDA used to service is provided by the County's Genera amount of \$2,841 fully registered as to bol United States Department of Agriculture.	I Fund. The loai	n is secured b	y a Certificate of Pa	articipation bond v	vith first lien a, acting thr	position in the ough the
					\$28,358	\$10,813
State Note	10/8/2015	2030	1.00%	\$88	\$2,197	\$1,101

A direct borrowing from the California Energy Commission (CEC) to be used for energy conservation projects. Projects to be implemented by the loan were identified through the Sustainable Solutions Turnkey program with PG&E. These projects will provide estimated long-term energy savings to the County of \$140 annually.

Pension Obligation Bonds

Used to refund the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) due to the Pension Trust as of July 2, 2003, as determined by an outside actuary. Debt service payments are expected to be funded by County payroll benefits.

2003 Series C Capital Appreciation Bonds (CAB)	7/2/2003	2030	5.27% - 5.73%	zero - \$15,000	\$44,199	\$88,320
2003 Series C CABs Unaccreted Interest				-	\$44,199	<u>(15,354)</u> \$72,966
Lease Revenue Bonds				-	<u>φτη,199</u>	\$72,900
2020 Lease Revenue Bonds Series A	3/05/2020	2044	4.0%	\$20 - \$1,030	\$16,145	\$14,625

Used to finance the construction and equipping of an Animal Services Facility and pay certain costs of issuance associated with the 2020A Bonds. Debt service is provided by facility charges made by participating cities to the County and the County's General Fund Revenues. Collateral for this debt consists of the County Government Center located at 1055 Monterey St., City of San Luis Obispo.

2020 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds Series B	3/05/2020	2036	4.0%	\$7 - \$347	\$4,235	\$3,510
Used to prepay and refund all of the \$5,62 (Vineyard Drive Interchange Improvement service is provided by development fees. C City of San Luis Obispo.	s, 2008 Series A)	and pay cert	ain costs of issua	nce associated with	the 2020B Bond	s. Debt
2022 Lease Revenue Bonds Series A	11/17/2022	2048	5.0%-5.5%	\$985 - \$20,715	\$62,220	\$62,220
Used to finance the construction of multip certain costs of issuance associated with t fees and County's General Fund Revenues located just outside the City of San Luis O Center, Health Agency Building (Main), He Services Facility.	he 2022A Bonds. . Collateral for thi bispo in the uninc	Debt service s debt consis orporated ar	is provided by ser ts of 5 facilities lo ea of the County.	ni-annual payments cated in the City of S The facilities include	funded by publ San Luis Obispo e County Govern	ic facility and one ment
2022 Lease Revenue Bonds Series A Remediation	11/17/2022	2027	5.0%	\$986 - \$1,153	\$4,278	\$3,292
Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds used to r portion of the new government center. De General Fund Revenues. Collateral for this the City of San Luis Obispo in the unincorp Building (Main), Health Agency Building (N	ebt service is prov s debt consists of porated area of th	vided by semi 5 facilities lo e County. Th	-annual payments cated in the City of e facilities include	s funded by public fa of San Luis Obispo a County Governmen	cility fees and C nd one located j t Center, Health	County's just outside Agency
2022 Lease Revenue Bonds Series B	11/17/2022	2026	4.90%-5.05%	\$785 - \$1,340	\$3,535	\$2,195
Used to finance the rehabilitation of Cayuc service is provided by semi-annual paymen consists of 5 facilities located in the City of unincorporated area of the County. The fa Building (Mental Health), Central Services	nts funded by res San Luis Obispo cilities include Co	ervation fees and one loca unty Governr	and County's Gen ited just outside the nent Center, Heal	ieral Fund Revenues ne City of San Luis C th Agency Building (. Collateral for t Dispo in the	his debt
				-	\$90,413	\$85,842

Assessment Bonds						
Sherwood Drive Underground Utility Assessment District Limited Obligation Improvement Bond, Series 2006	12/21/2006	2027	5.45%	\$2 - \$67	\$818	\$241

A direct borrowing originally from Mission Community Bank (now Pacific Premier Bank) used to finance the replacement of overhead utility lines in the public right-of-way with an underground system, and removal of all overhead lines and supporting structures in the public right-of-way in the area of Sherwood Drive between Wedgewood Street and Lampton Street, including portions of Castle Street, Drake Street, Jean Street, and Kerwin Street, in the unincorporated community of Cambria. Debt service is provided by semi-annual payments from special assessments levied against all benefitted real property within the boundaries of the Sherwood Drive Underground Utility Assessment District.

	Date of Issue	Maturity	Interest Rates	Semi Annual Installments	Original Issue Amount	Outstanding at 6/30/2024
Business-Type Activities	15500	Thatanty	Interest nates	Installments	Amount	ut 0/30/2021
Certificates of Participation						
US Department of Agriculture (USDA) 2009 A direct borrowing from the USDA used to provided by water sales revenues.	4/30/2009 finance a wate	2048 er system im	4.375% provement project	\$2 - \$86 in County Servic	\$1,631 e Area 23.	\$1,315 Debt service is
2011 Refunding Lopez Dam Remediation	6/08/2011	2030	2.0% - 5.5%	\$23 - \$928	\$11,990	\$5,490
Used to refund the 2000 A COP issue. The semi-annual lease payments made by the Lo					Debt servic	e is provided by
<u>USDA 2013</u>	7/01/2013	2053	2.75%	\$19 - \$67	\$1,621	\$1,333
A direct borrowing from the USDA used to fir provided by water sales revenues.	nance a water s	ystem impro	vement project in (County Service Are	ea 10A. Deb	t service is
USDA Cayucos Water Tank Project	11/02/2021	2061	1.75%	\$1 - \$93	\$2,691	\$2,596
A direct borrowing from USDA used to finance program for CSA 10A water system to address maintenance costs. Debt service is provided	ss storage defici	iencies, impr	ove redundancy an			
State Notes	27				\$23,256	\$10,734
The County has directly borrowed from the Transportation to finance the construction of from the State of California Department of W Lopez Recreation Area Lopez Water Treatment Plant Upgrade	of water system	is in unincor	porated areas. Or	ne of the Los Osc	os Wastewat	er Project loans
Los Osos Wastewater Project	2000	2030	2.0%	\$030 \$1,565-\$2,147	80,484	67,905
					\$109,765	\$76,965
Revenue Bonds						
2018 Nacimiento Water Project Revenue Refunding Bonds Series A	5/07/2018	2040	3.0% - 5.0%	\$158 - \$9,173	\$27,045	\$22,500
Used to refund all of the outstanding 2007 M Water Delivery Project. Debt service is pro delivery contracts.						
2007 Nacimiento Pipeline Project Series B	9/26/2007	2040	5.2% - 5.6%	\$887 - \$2,636	\$38,565	\$29,010
Used to build the Nacimiento Water Delivery payable under water delivery contracts.	Project. Debt s	service is pro	wided by water sale	es revenues of pa	rticipating ci	ties and districts
2015 Nacimiento Water Project Revenue Refunding Bonds Series A	8/19/2015	2038	3.0%-5.0%	\$159 - \$8,094	\$107,115	\$88,835
The 2007 bonds were used to build the N participating cities and districts, payable u Refunding Bonds were issued to provide fund	lacimiento Wate Inder water de	er Delivery livery contra	Project. Debt sen acts. The 2015 S	vice is provided Series A Nacimier	by water sa nto Water F	les revenues of Project Revenue
					\$172,725	\$140,345
General Obligation Bonds						
2011 Refunding – Lopez Dam Remediation	6/08/2011	2030	2.0% - 5.5%	\$21 - \$841	\$10,760	\$4,925
Used to refund the 2000 A general obligation Debt service is provided by applicable proper	(GO) issue. Th					

Lease Revenue Bonds

2022 Lease Revenue Bonds Series A						
Remediation	11/17/2023	2027	5.0%	\$365 - \$427	\$1,582	\$1,217

Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds used to refund the 2012 A Certificates of Participation. The original COP was partially used to finance the Dairy Creek Golf Course. Debt service is provided by semi-annual lease payments from the Dairy Creek Golf Course. Collateral for this debt consists of 5 facilities located in the City of San Luis Obispo and one located just outside the City of San Luis Obispo in the unincorporated area of the County. The facilities include County Government Center, health agency building (main), health agency building (mental health), central services building, old courthouse, and animal services facility.

Assessment Bonds

5/24/2012 2051 2.75% \$47 - \$3,472 \$83,129 \$67,850 Issued to the USDA to finance the construction of the Los Osos Wastewater Project. Debt service is provided by amounts levied against property owners who benefit from the project.

Other Notes

6/30/2022 2027 0.0% \$20 \$196 \$126 A direct borrowing from PG&E through on-bill financing. The loan issued is an unsecured loan to fully or partially reimburse qualified PG&E customers for the costs they incur in connection with a qualified energy efficient retrofit project. These proceeds are being used to install lighting fixture upgrades at the San Luis Obispo County Airport. Debt service is provided by the general Airports revenues. This project will provide estimated long-term energy savings of \$42,000 annually.

Public Facilities Corporation

The SLO County Public Facilities Corporation (PFC) was incorporated on September 7, 1994. The PFC is a nonprofit public benefit corporation organized to assist public agencies within the County of San Luis Obispo with the acquisition and construction of various public facilities.

Financing Authority

The San Luis Obispo County Financing Authority was formed on August 22, 2000, as a joint exercise of powers authority between the County and the Lopez Flood Control District, which administers Lopez Dam. The Authority was created to assist in the financing, construction, and equipping of public facilities for one or both of the members.

Description of Long-Term Lease Arrangements

The County formed the Public Facilities Corporation and the Financing Authority for the purpose of issuing debt. On behalf of the County, these two entities issued all currently outstanding certificates of participation and the Lopez Dam remediation general obligation bond. Therefore, the County makes semi-annual lease payments in lieu of debt service to these entities from a variety of sources including State and Federal revenues, penalty assessments, golf course fees, water contract payments, and property taxes. For lease payment details, see above schedules for specific type of debt.

Description of Special Assessment Bonds

Special assessment debt has been issued to provide funds for the construction of streets, utility and water delivery systems. These bonds will be repaid from amounts levied against the property owners benefited by this construction.

The County acts in an agent capacity for the assessment districts. In the event that a deficiency exists because of unpaid or delinquent special assessments at the time a debt service payment is due, the County must provide resources to cover the deficiency until other resources, for example, foreclosure proceeds, are received. Special assessment principal outstanding at June 30, 2024, totals \$68,139 with interest rates from 2.52% to 5.45%.

Accrued Vacation and Sick Leave Pay and Compensatory Time Off

County employees have accumulated unpaid vested benefits for compensatory time off, sick leave and vacation earned of \$38,038 on June 30, 2024. The accumulated benefits will be liquidated in future years as employees elect to use them. In the normal course of business, all payments of these accumulated benefits will be funded from appropriations in the year in which they are to be paid.

The liability for compensated absences is typically liquidated from the Parks, Library and General funds.

Legal Debt Margin

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 1.25% of its net assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the County is \$904,315 with a margin of \$899,390.

Direct Placement Debt

The County does not have any direct placement debt as of June 30, 2024.

Direct Borrowings

The County's outstanding notes from direct borrowings related to governmental activities of \$9,120 contain default provisions and where applicable (1) the entire obligation becomes due and payable if the County is unable to make installment/lease payments, and (2) the lessor terminates the lease or re-let the leased premises.

The County's outstanding notes from direct borrowings related to business-type activities of \$82,335 contain a provision that if default continues after the cure period, the entire obligation becomes due and payable.

Rebatable Arbitrage Earnings

The Tax Reform Act of 1986 instituted certain arbitrage restrictions with respect to the issuance of tax-exempt bonds after August 31, 1986. Arbitrage regulations deal with the investment of tax-exempt bond proceeds at an interest yield greater than the interest yield paid to bondholders. Generally, all interest paid to bondholders can be retroactively rendered taxable if applicable rebates are not reported and paid to the Internal Revenue Service. During the current year, the County performed calculations of excess investment earnings and at June 30, 2024 had an arbitrage liability of \$161.

11. NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES

NET POSITION

Restricted Net Position - This category presents net position with external restrictions imposed on its use by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Included in total restricted net position at June 30, 2024, is \$8,945 of Public Facility Fees, \$12,740 of Road Impact Fees, and \$50 of Wildlife and Grazing programs restricted due to enabling legislation. The remaining \$155,863 of restricted net position is restricted due to restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or contributors.

Restricted net position at June 30, 2024, for governmental activities is as follows (in thousands):

	Amount
RESTRICTED FOR: General Government Purchase obligations for Board of Supervisors professional services Purchase obligations for Administrative Office related professional services Purchase obligations for Clerk-Recorder related professional services and equipment maintenance Purchase obligations for Human Services professional services and equipment maintenance Purchase obligations for Facilities Management related professional services Purchase obligations for Building Maintenance projects Purchase obligations for Information Technology related software, equipment, and professional services Purchase obligations for Auditor-Controller-Treasurer-Tax Collector related software and professional services Claims, contracts and other restrictions imposed by grantors or contributors Total General Government	\$ 126 275 25 106 20 1,564 286 136 <u>8,826</u> 11,364
<u>Public Protection</u> Purchase obligations for Waste Management related professional services Purchase obligations for Sheriff-Coroner related equipment and professional services Purchase obligations for Probation related equipment and professional services Purchase obligations for fire protection related vehicles and equipment Purchase obligations for Planning and Building related professional services Purchase obligations for flood control related engineering and environmental services Wildlife and Grazing programs restricted by enabling legislation Claims, contracts and other restrictions imposed by grantors or contributors Total Public Protection	70 344 276 1,485 1,760 7,717 50 5,496 17,198
<u>Health and Sanitation</u> Purchase obligations for Public Health related program services Purchase obligations for Behavioral Health related program services Claims, contracts and other restrictions imposed by grantors or contributors Total Health and Sanitation	142 202 24,696 25,040
Public Assistance Purchase obligations for Public Assistance related program services Claims, contracts and other restrictions imposed by grantors or contributors Prepaid expenses	615 3,180 <u>10</u> 3,805
<u>Public Ways and Facilities</u> Purchase obligations for Public Works related professional services Road impact fees restricted by enabling legislation for road maintenance and construction Public facilities fees restricted by enabling legislation for public facilities Total Public Ways and Facilities	2,555 12,740 8,945 24,240
Recreation and Cultural Services Parks equipment and maintenance services Claims, contracts, and other restrictions imposed by grantors or contributors	708 1,854 2,562
Education Library related professional services Prepaid expenses Total Education	163 8 171
Debt Service Total Restricted Net Position	93,218 \$ 177,598

The Public Works Internal Service Fund reported a deficit in net position of \$37,361 at June 30, 2024. This deficit is mainly due to the fund's net pension liability of \$78,274 and the County plans to reduce the deficit with increased future charges.

The Workers' Compensation and Protected Self-Insurance Internal Service Funds reported deficits in net position of \$5,664 and \$2,525, respectively, at June 30, 2024. The deficits are mainly due to increased payouts from each fund, without sufficient charges to users. Net position for each fund fluctuates and overtime aims to breakeven. Should deficits continue, the amount charged to users will be increased to offset increasing costs.

FUND BALANCE

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance in classifications based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor the constraints imposed on the use of resources reported in the funds. In circumstances when an expenditure is made for a purpose for which amounts are available from multiple fund balance classifications, fund balance is generally depleted in the order of restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

As prescribed by GASB Statement No. 54, the following classifications are used to identify the components of fund balance:

- Nonspendable Fund Balance includes amounts that are (a) not in spendable form, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example: inventories, prepaid amounts, and long-term notes receivable.
- *Restricted Fund Balance* includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers, constitutionally or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may effectively be changed or lifted only with the consent of the resource provider.
- Committed Fund Balance includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes determined by formal action of the County's highest level of decision-making authority. As prescribed by the State of California County Budget Act, fund balance commitments are established, modified or rescinded by resolution adopted by a four-fifths vote of the Board of Supervisors at regular or special meetings. The general reserve, however, is only established, cancelled, increased or decreased at the time of adopting the budget except in cases of legally declared emergency.
- Assigned Fund Balance comprises amounts intended to be used by the County for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. As a practice, for financial statement presentation the County Auditor-Controller-Treasurer-Tax Collector assigns non-restricted and non-committed fund balance of the General Fund to its intended purpose. Assigned fund balance can be identified by departments and the County Administrative Officer for specific uses during the County's budgeting process. Budgets requested by departments require approval by the County Board of Supervisors.
- *Unassigned Fund Balance* is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all amounts not contained in the other classifications. Unassigned amounts are technically available for any purpose.

Fund balances for all the major and nonmajor governmental funds as of June 30, 2024, are distributed as follows:

	General Fund		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total	
Nonspendable:								
Inventories	\$	140	\$	-	\$	-	\$	140
Prepaid items		659		-		18		677
Advances to other funds		14,443		-		-		14,443
Subtotal		15,242		-		18		15,260
Restricted for:								
General Government programs & encumbrances		1,819		-		-		1,819
Automation projects		2,490		-		-		2,490
Tax reduction reserves		4,737		-		-		4,737
Public Protection programs		7,855		-		-		7,855
Public Ways and Facilities programs & encumbrances		288		-		-		288
Health and Sanitation programs & encumbrances		1,518		-		-		1,518
Mental Health Services Act		2,774		-		-		2,774
Public Assistance programs		615		-		-		615
Public facilities		-		-		8,945		8,945
Traffic impact programs		-		-		12,740		12,740
Flood Control Districts services		-		-		7,717		7,717
Library equipment & maintenance services		-		-		163		163
Community Service Areas road maintenance		-		-		138		138
Wildlife and grazing programs		-		-		50		50
Parks equipment and maintenance services		-		-		708		708
Debt service		-		-		99,278		99,278
Subtotal	\$	22,096	\$		\$	129,739	\$	151,835

	G	eneral Fund		Capital Projects Fund	G	Nonmajor overnmental Funds		Total
Committed to:								
Maintenance projects	\$	5,552	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,552
Assessor services		97		-		-		97
IT projects		53		-		-		53
Other general government		19,739		-		-		19,739
Fire services and equipment		16,073		-		-		16,073
Sheriff-Coroner programs		1,124		-		-		1,124
Other public protection		313		-		-		313
Public Health programs		777		-		-		777
Social Services programs		562		-		-		562
Public works engineering & consulting services		47		-		-		47
Community parks programs		466		-		-		466
Fish and Game programs		-		-		196		196
Flood Control programs		-		-		10,824		10,824
Lighting programs		-		-		500		500
Community Development programs		-		-		27,795		27,795
Emergency Medical Services		-		-		554		554
Roads		-		-		18,781		18,781
Community Service Areas		-		-		3,599		3,599
Library		-		-		7,417		7,417
Parks		-		-		1,767		1,767
General reserve		13,000		-		-		13,000
SB1090 Economic development		10,812		-		-		10,812
COVID-19 services		6,134		-		-		6,134
Internal financing		5,794		-		-		5,794
Solar plant safety		843		-		-		843
Solar plant mitigation		15,640		-		-		15,640
Automation projects		23,146		-		-		23,146
Prado Rd Interchange project		1,435		-		-		1,435
Talent Development		1,822		-		-		1,822
Rainy Day Fund		4,835		-		-		4,835
Building replacement		55,085		-		-		55,085
Tax reduction reserve		64,010		-		-		64,010
Lease financing		1,127		-		-		1,127
Capital Projects		-	_	16,371		-	_	16,371
Subtotal	\$	248,486	\$	16,371	\$	71,433	\$	336,290

	G	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	G	Nonmajor overnmental Funds		Total
Assigned to:							
Tax reduction reserve	\$	31,562	\$ -	\$	-	\$	31,562
Clerk-Recorder services		1,976	-		-		1,976
IT projects		151	-		-		151
General government		13,216	-		-		13,216
Sheriff-Coroner & Emergency Services programs		16,570	-		-		16,570
Probation programs		16,353	-		-		16,353
District Attorney programs		4,147	-		-		4,147
Planning programs		2,616	-		-		2,616
Other public protection programs		749	-		-		749
Foster Care & Social Services programs		26,546	-		-		26,546
Other public assistance programs		1,967	-		-		1,967
Public ways and facilities		4,253	-		-		4,253
Behavioral Health programs		16,252	-		-		16,252
Public Health programs		9,738	-		-		9,738
Subsequent Fiscal Year Budget		54,427	-		-		54,427
Imprest cash		137	-		-	_	137
Subtotal	\$	200,660	\$ 	\$		\$	200,660
Total	\$	486,484	\$ 16,371	\$	201,190	\$	704,045

12. LAPSING ENCUMBRANCES

The County allows some encumbrances to lapse at year-end and then automatically reappropriates them as part of the subsequent year's budget.

The following is a summary of lapsing encumbrances at June 30, 2024, to be reappropriated during the next fiscal year (in thousands):

Fund	Total	Encumbrances
General Fund	\$	11,224
Capital Projects Fund		56,783
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		44,868
Total Lapsing Encumbrances	\$	112,875

13. OTHER COMMITMENTS

In 1965, San Luis Obispo County Flood Control and Water Conservation District (District) began payments in accordance with a contract with the State Department of Water Resources (DWR) for a water supply from the State Water Project. Estimated future principal payments for the State Water contract will total \$21,641 over the

next 11 years. The estimated amounts vary by year. For example, the principal amount due in 2024 is \$1,496 while \$2,431 is due in 2035. In 1992 the District entered Water Supply Contracts, of like terms, with various subcontractors which presently provide resources to cover approximately 85% of the capital costs. The contract with the DWR expires in 2035. A proposed Delta conveyance would require a contract extension agreement for financing beyond 2035.

14. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The County is subject to various lawsuits, inverse condemnation cases, personnel actions, disputes over tax assessments, and other actions incidental to the ordinary course of County operations. The County is not aware of any potential claims against the County not covered by insurance, resulting from litigation that would materially affect the financial statements of the County at June 30, 2024.

15. LANDFILL POSTCLOSURE CARE COSTS

The Los Osos Landfill is a closed facility under the responsibility of the County. State and federal laws and regulations require the County of San Luis Obispo to perform various maintenance and monitoring activities at the site. By agreement with the landowner, the County assumed responsibility for all closure and postclosure costs when the facility stopped accepting waste. As of the date of this report, the landfill closure is complete and only postclosure costs remain.

The remaining estimated liability for landfill postclosure cost as of June 30, 2024, is \$9,213 (in 2024 dollars). Of this, \$5,316 is for the Maintenance Cost and \$3,897 is the Corrective Action Cost. The cost estimates were provided by a licensed professional geologist in the postclosure Maintenance Plan dated May 2017 and revised cost dated May 29, 2018 and the Engineers Estimate of Corrective Action Update dated July 27, 2021. Both reports are required to be updated every five years. However, the actual cost of postclosure care may be higher (or lower) due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in landfill laws and regulations. Therefore, the cost estimate will be reviewed and adjusted as needed for changes in these factors.

16. TAX ABATEMENTS

Tax abatements are agreements between the County and individuals or entities in which the County promises to forgo tax revenues and the individual or entity promises to take specific action that contributes to San Luis Obispo county's economic development or otherwise benefits the county's citizens.

The County offers property tax abatements through the Agricultural Preserve Program (Program), as provided by the California Land Conservation Act of 1965 also known as the "Williamson Act". The purpose of the Program is to protect agricultural lands and limited types of open space and outdoor recreation lands of statewide importance. Local agreements are administered under the County Rules of Procedure to Implement the Land Conservation Act of 1965 which were first adopted in 1972. Participation in the program is voluntary; the agricultural preserve is established at the landowner's request if program criteria are met. Once a landowner enters into a contract with the County, the land is reassessed based on the agricultural income producing capability of the land, and the abatement is determined by specific dollar amount.

To be eligible for the Program, individual properties must be within a rural use category and meet a minimum size requirement of 40-100 acres depending on the type of land being preserved. Landowners must agree to keep the land in large parcels ranging from 20-320 acres, not to create new parcels smaller than the applicable minimum, and not to create separate conveyance of an existing parcel that would result in separate ownership smaller than the agricultural preserve minimum parcel size. In return, the County will reassess the property on the basis of the agricultural income producing capacity of the land.

The minimum term of a contract is 20 years, except for properties located within one mile of an urban reserve line or adjacent to a village reserve line which are eligible for a 10-year minimum term contract. Non-renewal is

the most common method for a landowner to terminate a land conservation project; however, a property owner may request cancellation of a land conservation contract in order to terminate the contract on all or a portion of the property within one year after an application is accepted for processing.

Under the nonrenewal process, the annual tax assessment increases over a defined period until the assessment reflects the Proposition 13 value, including the annual inflationary factor, of the property. Under the cancellation process, a significant one-time cancellation fee is assessed based upon a certain percentage of the current fair market value of the property.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the Agricultural Preserve Program tax abatements were \$18,690.

17. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Description of the System that Administers the Pension Plan

The Pension Trust is a public employee retirement system established by the County of San Luis Obispo on November 1, 1958. Ten years later the Board of Supervisors adopted the present Bylaws and the San Luis Obispo County Employees Retirement Plan (the "Plan") to provide retirement benefits to the employees of the County.

The Pension Trust is administered by the Board of Trustees to provide retirement, disability, death, and survivor benefits for its members.

Plan Description

The County of San Luis Obispo (the "County") contributes to the San Luis Obispo County Employees Retirement Plan (the "Plan"), which is an independent multiple-employer cost sharing contributory defined benefit pension plan consisting of six employers: the County of San Luis Obispo (the "Employer"), the Superior Court in San Luis Obispo County, the San Luis Obispo Local Agency Formation Commission, the San Luis Obispo Air Pollution Control District, the San Luis Obispo County Pension Trust, and the San Luis Obispo Regional Transit Authority. The Plan exists, operates and is constituted under the authority of Section 53215 of Section 17 of Article XVI of the California Constitution and the Government Code Article 1.5 (Pension Trusts), of Chapter 2 (Officers and Employees), of Part 1 (Powers and Duties Common to Cities, Counties and Other Agencies), of Division 2 (Cities, Counties and Other Agencies), of Title 5 (Local Agencies) of the California Government Code.

Pursuant to the foregoing California Government Code provisions, the County of San Luis Obispo Board of Supervisors established the San Luis Obispo County Pension Trust (the "Trust") by the adoption of Chapter 2.56 of the San Luis Obispo County Code. Following the adoption of Chapter 2.56 of the County Code, the Board of Supervisors adopted the Bylaws of the Pension Trust. The San Luis Obispo County Employees Retirement Plan is part of those Bylaws. The County of San Luis Obispo Board of Supervisors has the sole authority to amend the Plan's provisions.

Participation in the Plan is mandatory for all regular employees. Participants are currently broken into 3 Tiers depending on date of hire:

Tier 1	Tier 1 generally includes members hired before January 1, 2011. As of December 31, 2023, there were 615 active County employed members in Tier 1.
Tier 2	Tier 2 generally includes members hired on or after January 1, 2011, but before January 1, 2013. Tier 2 only applies to members hired after the date each bargaining unit adopted Tier 2. Members hired in a bargaining unit that did not adopt Tier 2 are considered Tier 1 members. As of December 31, 2023, there were 243 active County employed members in Tier 2.
Tier 3	Tier 3 includes all members hired on or after January 1, 2013. As of December 31, 2023, there were 1,844 active County employed members in Tier 3.

The Trust and the Plan are both administered by the San Luis Obispo County Pension Trust Board of Trustees (the "Trustees"). Separate stand-alone financial statements are issued for the Plan and are available at the County of San Luis Obispo Auditor-Controller-Treasurer-Tax Collector's office.

The Plan's financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. All assets are invested and held pursuant to, and in accordance with, the Investment Policy of the Plan. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due pursuant to formal commitments and statutory or contractual requirements. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plan.

Plan investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. All other securities are valued at the last reported market price at current exchange rates.

Summary of Plans and Eligible Participants

The active number of County employees and their respective tiers covered by the benefit terms as of December 31, 2023, are shown in the following table:

Tiers	Summary of Plan	Active members
Miscellaneous Tier 1	Vested after accumulation of five years of Pension Trust service credit & eligible to receive a Service Retirement Allowance after vesting and attaining a minimum age of 50.	491 members
Miscellaneous Tier 2	Vested after accumulation of five years of Pension Trust service credit & eligible to receive a Service Retirement Allowance after vesting and attaining a minimum age of 50.	198 members
Miscellaneous Tier 3	Vested after accumulation of five years of Pension Trust service credit & eligible to receive a Service Retirement Allowance after vesting and attaining a minimum age of 52.	1,595 members
Probation Tier 1	Vested after accumulation of five years of Pension Trust service credit & eligible to receive a Service Retirement Allowance after vesting and attaining a minimum age of 50.	60 members
Probation Tier 2	N/A	-
Probation Tier 3	Vested after accumulation of five years of Pension Trust service credit & eligible to receive a Service Retirement Allowance after vesting and attaining a minimum age of 50.	58 members
Safety Tier 1	Vested after accumulation of five years of Pension Trust service credit & eligible to receive a Service Retirement Allowance after vesting and attaining a minimum age of 50.	64 members
Safety Tier 2	Vested after accumulation of five years of Pension Trust service credit & eligible to receive a Service Retirement Allowance after vesting and attaining a minimum age of 50.	45 members
Safety Tier 3	Vested after accumulation of five years of Pension Trust service credit & eligible to receive a Service Retirement Allowance after vesting and attaining a minimum age of 50.	191 members

Benefit Provisions

Members terminating employment before accruing five years of Pension Trust service credit forfeit the right to receive retirement benefits unless they establish reciprocity with another public agency within the prescribed time-period. Non-vested members who terminate service are required to withdraw their accumulated contributions plus accrued interest. The employer contributions forfeited by non-vested members are absorbed back into the pension trust fund. Members who terminate after earning five years of Pension Trust service credit may leave their contributions on deposit and upon reaching age eligibility elect to take a retirement. Differences between expected and actual experience for vested or non-vested benefits may result in an increase or decrease to pension expense and net pension liability.

Plan participants, upon vesting and attaining the minimum retirement age, are entitled to annual retirement benefits as defined in the Plan document. The applicable retirement formula, minimum retirement age, compensation base, post-retirement cost of living adjustment, cost of living adjustment carry over, and final compensation maximum may differ depending upon the Plan provisions in effect at the member's date of hire, the member's classification, the member's age, and the member's bargaining unit. Participants receive their accumulated plan benefits as a life annuity payable monthly upon retirement. In the event of total and

permanent disability, participants, upon satisfaction of membership service requirements and other applicable provisions of the Plan, receive disability benefits as defined in the Plan document. The Plan also provides a death benefit of \$1,000 (one-thousand) paid to a beneficiary or estate if a member dies after retirement.

For members within Tier 1, final average salary is the average monthly salary based on the highest twelve consecutive months of earnings and may include a compensation pickup for various management bargaining units. For members with Tier 2 or Tier 3 benefits, final average salary is the average monthly salary based on the highest thirty-six consecutive months of earnings with no pickup.

The retirement benefit for Tier 1, Tier 2, and Tier 3 members includes post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs) based upon the Consumer Price Index. Tier 1 member COLAs are limited to a maximum of 3% annually. For Tier 2 and Tier 3 members, COLAs are limited to a maximum of 2% annually. There is no minimum COLA requirement, and COLAs must be approved by the Board of Trustees annually.

Description of the terms of the plan's deferred retirement option program (DROP)

Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP): A Tier 1 member age 50 or more with 5 or more years of service may elect to participate in the Pension Trust's DROP. An equal amount to the amount that would have been paid had the member retired, is deposited into a DROP account monthly. The addition to the DROP account is increased each year by the Cost-of-Living Adjustment approved by the Board of Trustees not to exceed 3% per year. Members electing to enter DROP must participate a minimum of 6 months up to a maximum of 5 years. Upon actual retirement, the member may receive the accumulated DROP account balance in the form of a lump sum or as an annuity payment.

Contributions

Plan members are required by statue to contribute to the pension plan. Members' contribution rates are formulated based on age at date of entry and the actuarially calculated future benefits. The County is required by statute to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the estimated benefits accrued to its members. Member and employer contribution rates for each plan are as follows:

PLAN	EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTION RATES	EMPLOYEE CONTRIBUTION RATES
Miscellaneous Tier 1	32.43-35.13%	15.15-26.47%
Miscellaneous Tier 2	32.43-35.13%	6.76-19.57%
Miscellaneous Tier 3	31.94-34.92%	5.14-18.43%
Probation Tier 1	35.77-36.75%	25.43-31.13%
Probation Tier 2	Not Negotiated	Not Negotiated
Probation Tier 3	35.27%	11.95-24.19%
Safety Tier 1	46.29-57.41%	16.22-35.13%
Safety Tier 2	50.51-57.41%	10.45-26.04%
Safety Tier 3	47.16-56.80%	9.25-21.62%

The County's contributions to the Plan for the past three fiscal years were equal to the required contributions for each year and are noted in the chart below.

Fiscal Year Ended	County contributions <u>(in thousands)</u>
June 30, 2022	\$62,935
June 30, 2023	\$73,290
June 30, 2024	\$83,600

In addition, the County contributes towards post-employment benefits other than retirement (See Note 18).

The San Luis Obispo County Employees Retirement Plan establishes the basic obligations for employer and member contributions and benefits to and of the retirement system. The actual employer and member contribution rates in effect each year are based on recommendations made by an independent actuary that are approved by the Board of Trustees and adopted by the San Luis Obispo County Board of Supervisors.

The entire Plan is 63.9% funded as of January 1, 2024; since this is a multi-employer cost sharing plan, the funded status is the same for all employees across the board. In general, this indicates that for every dollar of benefits due, SLOCPT had approximately 63.9 cents available for payment.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Total pension liability represents the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service for current and inactive employees. The County's share of the total pension liability as of December 31, 2023, was \$2,544,297. The County's share of the Plan's fiduciary net position was \$1,602,427 as of the same date. As of December 31, 2023, the Plan's fiduciary net position was 62.98% of the total pension liability.

At June 30, 2024, the County reported a liability of \$941,869 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Plan. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2023.

The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2023. The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2023, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2017, through December 31, 2021. Measurements as of December 31, 2023, are based on the fair value of assets on that date, and the Total Pension Liability as of the valuation date, January 1, 2023. The actuarial assumptions were rolled forward to the Pension Trust Plan's fiscal year-end of December 31, 2023. There were no significant events between the January 1, 2023, valuation date and the December 31, 2023, measurement date for the Pension Plan's GASB Statement No. 67 valuation.

The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the County's long-term share of contributions to the Plan relative to the projected contributions of all the Plan's participants, actuarially determined. At December 31, 2023, the County's proportionate share was 93.79%, compared to 93.96% at December 31, 2022, decrease of 0.17%.

The General Fund, Parks Fund, Driving Under the Influence Program Fund, and Library Fund have typically been used to liquidate the net pension liability for governmental activities.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the County recognized pension expense of \$121,486. Pension expense represents the change in the net pension liability during the measurement period, adjusted for actual contributions and the deferred recognition of changes in investment gain/loss, actuarial gain/loss, actuarial assumptions or method and plan benefits. At December 31, 2023, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 Deferred Outflows of Resources (in thousands)	 Deferred Inflows of Resources (in thousands)
Deferred outflows of resources – change in proportion Deferred outflows and inflows of resources – difference between expected	\$ 1,156	\$ 1,611
and actual experience	63,477	-
Deferred outflows of resources – changes in actuarial assumptions Deferred outflows of resources – net difference between projected and actual	67,331	-
earnings on pension plan investments	74,693	-
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 41,562	 -
	\$ 248,219	\$ 1,611

Deferred outflows of resources above represent the unamortized portion of changes to net pension liability, changes in actuarial assumptions, and the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments along with deferred outflows of resources of \$41,562 for contributions for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024, made subsequent to the measurement date of December 31, 2023.

The \$41,562 of subsequent contributions will be recognized as reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. The difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments is amortized over five years on a straight-line basis beginning in the year in which they occur. One-fifth was recognized in pension expense during the Plan's measurement period, and the remaining difference will be amortized over the remaining four-year period. Changes in assumptions and difference between expected and actual experience are recognized over the average expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the Plan, determined as of January 1, 2023, and is 5 years. The difference between the actual employer contributions and the proportionate share of the employer contributions during the measurement period ended December 31, 2023, is also recognized over 5 years.

Amortizable amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in future pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	 Future Recognition (in thousands)		
2025 2026 2027 2028 Thereafter	\$ 66,217 64,358 70,921 3,550		
Total	\$ 205,046		

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the January 1, 2023, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.50%
Amortization payment growth method	Level percentage of payroll
Amortization growth rate	3.00%
Salary increases	3.00% plus service-related merit component based on years of services ranging from 0.00% to 5.25%
COLA increases	2.75% for Tier 1 and 2.00% for Tier 2 and Tier 3
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of administrative expense
Post-Retirement Mortality	Sex distinct Public-2010 Amount-Weighted, Above-Median Income with generational mortality improvements using scale MP-2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2023, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2017 – December 31, 2021.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash Equivalents/Short Duration Govt	10%	1.96%
Equities – Public Market	30%	4.75%
Real Assets	15%	5.50%
Private Markets	30%	5.98%
US Treasury – Long Duration/TIPS	15%	2.15%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that Plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current Plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the County's portion of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the County's portion of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower, 5.75%, or one percentage-point higher, 7.75%, than the current rate:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(in thousands)	(in thousands)	(in thousands)
	5.75%	6.75%	7.75%
County net pension liability as of December 31, 2023	\$1,289,221	\$941,869	\$657,297

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued San Luis Obispo County Pension Trust ACFR.

Deferred Compensation Plan

The Deferred Compensation Plan, also known as a 457(b), is a voluntary retirement savings plan offered by the County to enable employees to save for their future on a tax deferred basis. The County's Deferred Compensation Plan is established and administered pursuant to Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC). Contributions are limited to an annual maximum dollar amount, as established under the IRC. For certain employee bargaining units, the County will match employee contributions up to \$500 annually. Total employer matching contributions for year ended June 30, 2024, were \$236 thousand.

The plan is administered through a third-party administrator. The County does not perform the investing function and has no fiduciary accountability for the plan. Thus, plan assets and any related liability to the plan participants have been excluded from the County's financial statements.

18. POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description

The County's San Luis Obispo County Retiree Health Care Plan (the OPEB Plan), an agent multi-employer defined post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan is administered by the County utilizing an irrevocable trust. The OPEB Plan is funded solely by the County for the benefit of its employees. The County assists eligible retirees by paying a portion of their premiums for medical care. The County Board of Supervisors must approve any modification, alteration, or amendment of OPEB benefits.

In April 2010, the County established an irrevocable trust with the California Employer's Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT) to prefund the future cost of retiree health insurance benefits. The CERBT is an IRS Section 115 trust fund administered by CalPERS. CalPERS issues a publicly available financial report consisting of financial statements and required supplementary information for the CERBT. The report may be obtained by writing to CalPERS, Lincoln Plaza North, 400 Q Street, Sacramento, CA 95811.

Benefit Eligibility and Employees Covered

To be eligible for benefits, a member must be eligible to retire, attain a minimum age of 50-52, depending on date of hire, and complete a minimum of 5 years of service with the County. In addition, the member must begin receiving their County pension within 120 days of termination of employment. Members receiving disability retirements are also eligible to receive the retirement reimbursement. In the event of a retirant's death, qualified surviving spouses and dependents under the age of 23 are eligible to receive the OPEB benefit.

At June 30, 2024 a total of 3,896 employees were covered by the OPEB Plan's benefit terms:

Active Plan Members	2,700
Inactive Plan Members	1,019
Inactive Plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	177
	3,896

Benefits Provided

The County contracts with BCC to provide healthcare, vision, and dental benefits to eligible county retirees and their dependents. Through BCC, retirees are offered substantially the same health plans as active County employees as well as unique plans for retirees receiving Medicare benefits.

Retirees who elect to participate in a County-sponsored health insurance plan are eligible to a monthly subsidy funded by the County's OPEB benefit. In FY 2023-24 the County provided the following to eligible retirees:

	Employee Healthcare Benefit
Calendar Year 2023	\$151 per month
Calendar Year 2024	\$157 per month

Contributions

The County makes all contributions to the trustee for investment and reinvestment pursuant to the terms of the agreement with the CERBT. Employees are not required to contribute to the plan. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the funding was a combination of direct premium payments to contracted medical, dental and vision providers, plus a contribution of \$664 thousand to the CERBT. The County has selected the Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) funding method of contributing 100% of the ADC to fund the CERBT.

Net OPEB Liability

The County reported a net OPEB liability of \$25.2 million as of June 30, 2024. The June 30, 2024, net OPEB Liability was determined by the actuary using a measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2024, was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Discount Rate	6.25%
Inflation	2.30%
Health care cost trend rate	Based on the Society of Actuaries "Long Term Healthcare Cost Trends Model v2021" that reflects actual premium change of 6.00% from 2023 to 2024 followed by 5.50% in 2025 decreasing gradually to an ultimate rate of 3.73% by 2075.
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal, Level Percentage of Salary
Amortization method for investment gains and losses	Straight-line amortization over a closed 5-year period
Amortization method for effects of assumption changes and experience gains and losses	Straight-line amortization over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with OPEB through the plan
Amortization method for ADC purposes	Level percentage of payroll over a rolling amortization period of 11 years
Reimbursement eligibility	40% of all retirants will apply for and receive the reimbursement
Payroll growth rate	3.00% per annum
Salary increases	3.00% plus service-related merit component
Investment rate of return	6.00%
Post-retirement mortality	Miscellaneous: Pub-2010 General Employees/Retirees Amount Weighted Above-Median Mortality Table projected fully generationally using Scale MP-2021.
	Probation and Safety: Pub-2010 Safety Employees/Retirees Amount Weighted Above-Median Mortality Table projected fully generationally using Scale MP-2021.

The withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality, and salary scale are based on an experience study for the fiveyear period ending December 31, 2021 completed for the San Luis Obispo County Pension Trust. Other assumptions were developed by the actuary based on County experience and actuarial standards.

Discount Rate

The actuarially assumed discount rate of 6.25% per annum, compounded annually, reflects the County's current policy of pay-as-you-go plus additional funding of the OPEB liability, and the County's ongoing selection of a "less conservative" (Strategy 1) portfolio invested by the CERBT. Per GASB guidance, the discount rate was determined by calculating the single rate that produces the same present value of expected benefit payments as (1) the expected long-term rate of return on plan assets during the period when projected assets are sufficient to pay future retiree benefits, and (2) the 20-year municipal bond rate after assets are projected to be exhausted.

The CERBT Strategy 1 portfolio consists of the following assets managed internally by the California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS) and/or external advisors:

	Target	
<u>Asset Class</u>	Allocation	<u>Target Range</u>
Global Equity	49%	plus/minus 5%
Fixed Income	23%	plus/minus 5%
Treasury Inflation-Protected Securities (TIPS)	5%	plus/minus 3%
Global Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs)	20%	plus/minus 5%
Commodities	3%	plus/minus 3%
Cash	-	plus 2%

The long-term expected real rate of return, net of expenses, for CERBT Strategy 1 is assumed to be 6.0%.

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

The table below shows the changes in the total OPEB liability, the OPEB Plan fiduciary net position, and the net OPEB liability over the past fiscal year in thousands:

	Total OPEB Liability	Fiduciary Position	Equals	Net OPEB Liability
Balances as of June 30, 2023	\$52,315	\$24,921		\$27,394
Projected Changes for fiscal year-end June 30, 2024: Service Cost Interest Cost Differences between expected and actual experience Actuarial Gains/Losses Change in Assumptions Changes of Benefit Terms Employee Contributions Employee Contributions Net Investment Income Other Additions Benefit Payments Implicit Subsidy Credit	1,702 3,140 153 - (1,429) - - - - (1,868) (1,506)	- - - - 4,134 1,639 - (1,868) (1,506)		1,702 3,140 153 (1,429) - (4,134) (1,639) -
Administrative Expenses Other Deductions Net Projected Changes Projected Balances as of June 30, 2024	(1,500) - - - 192 \$52,507	 (1,300) (7) - - 2,392 \$27,313		7 - (2,200) \$25,194

Total OPEB liability represents the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments to be provided to current and inactive employees that is attributable to the employees' past periods of service. Plan fiduciary net position describes the resources available to pay for the cost of OPEB benefits. The Net OPEB liability is the amount remaining after the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position is offset against the County's total OPEB liability. Governmental funds contributing towards liquidating the liability include the General Fund, Driving Under the Influence Fund, Homeless Services and Affordable Housing Fund, Library Fund, and Parks Fund.

At June 30, 2024, the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position was 52.0% of the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Healthcare Costs

The following table presents the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.25%, as well as what the liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower, 5.25%, or one percentage-point higher, 7.25%, than the current rate:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(in thousands)	(in thousands)	(in thousands)
	5.25%	6.25%	7.25%
Net OPEB Liability	\$31,326	\$25,194	\$20,070

The sensitivity of the Net OPEB liability to changes in healthcare trend rates is presented below:

	1%	Trend	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(in thousands)	(in thousands)	(in thousands)
	5.50%	6.50%	7.50%
Net OPEB Liability	\$18,504	\$25,194	\$33,306

OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$4.2 million. OPEB expense represents the change in the net OPEB liability during the measurement period, adjusted for actual contributions and the deferred recognition of changes in investment gain/loss, actuarial gain/loss, actuarial assumptions or method and plan benefits. The County's discretely presented component unit did not report any OPEB liability, expense or deferred outflows or inflows of resources.

At June 30, 2024, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources (in thousands)			Deferred Inflows of Resources (in thousands)		
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources – difference between expected and actual experience Deferred outflows of resources – changes in actuarial assumptions Deferred outflows of resources – net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$	2,156 6,895 1,552	\$	8,461 1,225		
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date		4,110		-		
	\$	14,713	\$	9,686		

\$4,110 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025.

Amounts reported as deferred (inflows) outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30,	I	Future Recognition (in thousands)
2025	\$	2,388
2026		642
2027		542
2028		(1,282)
2029		(1,188)
Thereafter		(185)
	\$	917

The Schedule of Changes in the County's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios and the Schedule of Actuarially Determined Contributions and Plan Contributions and Related Ratios are included as Required Supplementary Information following the Notes to the Financial Statements and present multi-year trend information about the OPEB liability, OPEB Plan fiduciary net position, actuarially determined contributions, and covered-employee payroll.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the San Luis Obispo County Pension Plan's Net Pension Liability
- Schedule of the County's Contributions to the San Luis Obispo County Pension Plan
- Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Plan Schedule of Changes in the County's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
- Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Plan Schedule of Actuarially Determined Plan Contributions and Related Ratios
- Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund
- Notes to Required Supplementary Information

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE SAN LUIS OBISPO COUNTY PENSION PLAN'S NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (in thousands)

Measurement Date December 31 st	County's proportion of the net pension liability	County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	County's covered payroll	County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2014	92.65%	\$391,423	\$157,730*	248.16%	73.53%
2015	92.92%	\$506,626	\$166,433*	304.40%	67.57%
2016	93.10%	\$602,805	\$172,192*	350.08%	64.59%
2017	93.67%	\$529,033	\$186,278*	284.00%	70.36%
2018	93.82%	\$707,815	\$193,122	366.51%	62.76%
2019	93.80%	\$625,259	\$194,717	321.11%	68.34%
2020	93.64%	\$637,385	\$211,200	301.79%	69.71%
2021	94.06%	\$602,555	\$208,782	288.61%	73.20%
2022	93.96%	\$928,838	\$219,410	423.33%	61.73%
2023	93.79%	\$941,869	\$235,231	400.40%	62.98%

* Restated in accordance with the GASB Statement No. 82 definition of covered payroll as the payroll on which contributions to a pension plan are based as of the measurement date.

Changes to benefit terms

None

Changes of assumptions None

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE SAN LUIS OBISPO COUNTY PENSION PLAN FOR THE LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (in thousands)

Fiscal Year ending June 30 th	Actuarially required contributions	Actual contributions	Contribution deficiency (excess)	County's covered payroll	County's actual contributions as a percentage of covered payroll
2015	\$30,687	\$30,174^	\$513	\$162,273*	18.59%
2016	\$32,839	\$31,997^	\$843	\$170,552*	18.76%
2017	\$35,066	\$35,415^	(\$349)	\$181,338*	19.53%
2018	\$45,153	\$42,046^	\$3,107	\$190,135	22.11%
2019	\$48,198	\$43,432	\$4,766	\$193,294	22.47%
2020	\$53,675	\$49,018	\$4,658	\$202,414	24.22%
2021	\$52,724	\$53,874	(\$1,150)	\$204,688	26.32%
2022	\$57,546	\$62,935	(\$5,389)	\$212,907	29.56%
2023	\$67,739	\$73,290	(\$5,551)	\$229,810	31.89%
2024	\$78,708	\$83,600	(\$4,892)	\$240,438	34.77%

^ Restated to reflect a fiscal year measurement period.

** Restated in accordance with the GASB Statement No. 82 definition of covered payroll as the payroll on which fiscal year contributions to a pension plan are based.

Changes to benefit terms

None

Changes of assumptions

None

Separate stand-alone financial statements were issued for the Pension Plan and are available at the County of San Luis Obispo Auditor-Controller's office located at the County Government Center Room D220, San Luis Obispo, CA 93408.

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE COUNTY'S NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS¹ (in thousands)

Measurement Date For Fiscal Year Reporting Period	June 30, 2017 2017-18			June 30, 2018 2018-19		June 30, 2019 2019-20		June 30, 2020 2020-21		June 30, 2021 2021-22
Total OPEB liability: Service cost Interest Differences between expected and actual	\$	688 1,949	\$	611 2,007	\$	1,538 3,073	\$	1,652 3,140	\$	1,796 3,525
experience Changes of assumptions		-		(2,842) 19,530		- 1,129		4,990 1,269		(650)
Benefit payments Implicit subsidy credit	_	(1,690)	_	(1,526)	_	(3,037)	_	(3,102)	_	(3,166)
Net change in total OPEB liability Total OPEB liability – beginning	. –	947 26,775	. –	17,780 27,722		2,703 45,502		7,949 48,208	. –	1,505 56,157
Total OPEB liability – ending (a)	\$	27,222	\$	45,502	\$	48,205	\$	56,157	\$	57,662
Plan Fiduciary net position: Employer contributions		1,707		2,521		3,922		3,778		3,693
Net investment income Benefit payments		1,155 (1,690)		1,286 (1,526)		1,161 (3,037)		732 (3,102)		5,990 (3,166)
Implicit subsidy credit Administrative expense		(1,050) - (7)		(1,520) - (8)		(3,037) - (4)		(10)		(3,100) - (8)
Other deductions	_	-	_	(1,171)	_	-	_	-	_	-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position – beginning		1,165 15,860		1,102 17,025		2,042 18,127		1,398 20,172		6,509 21,570
Plan fiduciary net position – ending (b)	\$	17,025	\$	18,127	\$	20,169	\$	21,570	\$	28,079
County's net OPEB liability – ending (a) – (b)	\$ _	10,697	\$ _	27,375	\$ _	28,036	\$ _	34,587	\$ _	29,583
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		61.4%		39.8%		41.8%		38.4%		48.7%
Covered-employee payroll ²	\$	181,338	\$	190,136	\$	193,294	\$	202,414	\$	204,688
County's net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		5.9%		14.4%		14.5%		17.1%		14.5%

¹ In accordance with paragraphs 57.a and 57.b of GASB 75 effective June 30, 2018, employers must disclose a 10-year history of the OPEB information detailed above. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

² Contributions made to the OPEB plan are not based on measure of pay.

The County has elected to use the GASB 75 "lookback" method where assets and liabilities are measured as of the prior fiscal year but applied to the current fiscal year.

Changes to benefit terms

None

Changes of assumptions

The discount rate increased from 6.00% in FY 2022-23 to 6.25% in FY 2023-24.

The payroll growth rate increased from 2.50% in FY 2022-23 to 3.00% in FY 2023-24.

The Notes to RSI are integral to the above schedule.

(continued)

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE COUNTY'S NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS (CONTINUED) FOR THE LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS¹

(in thousands)

Measurement Date For Fiscal Year Reporting Period		June 30, 2022 2022-23	-	June 30, 2023 2023-24
Total OPEB liability: Service cost Interest Differences between expected and actual	\$	1,846 3,604	\$	1,702 3,140
experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments		(10,638) 3,599 (3,758)		153 (1,429) (1,868)
Implicit subsidy credit Net change in total OPEB liability Total OPEB liability – beginning Total OPEB liability – ending (a)	\$	- (5,347) 57,662 52,315	- \$_	(1,506) 192 52,315 52,507
Plan Fiduciary net position: Employer contributions Net investment income Benefit payments Implicit subsidy credit Administrative expense Other deductions Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position – beginning	-	4,461 (3,853) (3,758) - (7) - (3,157) 28,078	-	4,134 1,639 (1,868) (1,506) (7) - 2,392 24,921
Plan fiduciary net position – ending (b) County's net OPEB liability – ending (a) – (b)	\$ _ \$ _	24,921 27,394	* <u>-</u> \$ _	27,313 25,194
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	_	47.6%	_	52.0%
Covered-employee payroll ²	\$	212,907	\$	229,810
County's net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		12.9%		11.0%

¹ In accordance with paragraphs 57.a and 57.b of GASB 75 effective June 30, 2018, employers must disclose a 10-year history of the OPEB information detailed above. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

² Contributions made to the OPEB plan are not based on measure of pay.

The County has elected to use the GASB 75 "lookback" method where assets and liabilities are measured as of the prior fiscal year but applied to the current fiscal year.

Changes to benefit terms

None

Changes of assumptions

The discount rate increased from 6.00% in FY 2022-23 to 6.25% in FY 2023-24.

The payroll growth rate increased from 2.50% in FY 2022-23 to 3.00% in FY 2023-24.

The Notes to RSI are integral to the above schedule.

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLAN SCHEDULE OF ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED AND PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS¹ (in thousands)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30 th	Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC)		Contributions in relation to the ADC		Plan Contributions Over/(Under) ADC		Contributions Over/(Under)		Annual Covered- Employee Payroll ²	Plan Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll
	 (a)	_	(b)		(b-a)	_				
2017	\$ 1,621	\$	1,682	\$	61	\$	181,338	0.93%		
2018	\$ 1,707	\$	2,521	\$	814	\$	190,136	1.33%		
2019	\$ 3,982	\$	3,925	\$	(57)	\$	193,294	2.03%		
2020	\$ 4,229	\$	3,778	\$	(451)	\$	202,414	1.87%		
2021	\$ 5,134	\$	3,691	\$	(1,443)	\$	204,688	1.80%		
2022	\$ 4,890	\$	4,462	\$	(428)	\$	212,907	2.10%		
2023	\$ 4,751	\$	4,135	\$	(616)	\$	229,810	1.80%		
2024	\$ 4,983	\$	4,110	\$	(873)	\$	240,438	1.71%		

¹ In accordance with paragraph 57.c of GASB 75 effective June 30, 2018, employers must disclose a 10-year history of the OPEB information detailed above. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

² Contributions made to the OPEB plan are not based on measure of pay.

Changes to benefit terms

None

Changes of assumptions

The discount rate increased from 6.00% in FY 2022-23 to 6.25% in FY 2023-24.

The payroll growth rate increased from 2.50% in FY 2022-23 to 3.00% in FY 2023-24.

The Notes to RSI are integral to the above schedule.

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO Required Supplementary Information General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual Comparison For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

	Budgeted	l Amc	ounts	Actual	Var	iance with
	 Original		Final	 Amounts	Fin	al Budget
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$ 254,327	\$	254,327	\$ 260,658	\$	6,331
Licenses, permits, and franchises	16,393		16,393	14,351		(2,042)
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	3,451		3,565	3,486		(79)
Use of money and property	7,793		7,817	17,141		9,324
Aid from other governments	323,628		391,405	349,537		(41,868)
Charges for services	36,956		38,040	38,861		821
Other revenue	6,246		10,617	8,874		(1,743)
Total Revenues	 648,794		722,164	 692,908		(29,256)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government	68,647		93,830	63,494		30,336
Public protection	242,559		262,443	238,071		24,372
Public ways and facilities	5,979		15,261	8,010		7,251
Health and sanitation	149,085		171,579	142,405		29,174
Public assistance	159,589		165,824	156,310		9,514
Education	664		679	644		35
Recreation and Culture	6,217		12,037	6,399		5,638
Debt Service:	-,		,	-,		-,
Principal Payments	-		-	7,258		(7,258)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	-		-	867		(867)
Contingencies	33,499		31,716	-		31,716
Total Expenditures	 666,239	753,369		 623,458		129,911
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over						
(Under) Expenditures	 (17,445)		(31,205)	 69,450		100,655
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Leases	-		-	659		659
SBITAs	-		-	695		695
Transfers in	194		2,997	599		(2,398)
Transfers out	(30,063)		(58,042)	(31,890)		26,152
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (29,869)		(55,045)	 (29,937)		25,108
Net change in fund balances	(47,314)		(86,250)	39,513		125,763
Fund balances, beginning	 335,561		335,561	 335,561		
Fund balances, ending	\$ 288,247	\$	249,311	\$ 375,074	\$	125,763

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO Required Supplementary Information General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual Comparison For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

Explanation of Differences between Budgetary Inflows and Outflows and Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America Revenues and Expenditures	
Sources/inflows of resources	
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "Total Revenues" from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$ 692,908
Revenues for funds not meeting the special revenue fund definition which are presented with the General Fund for financial reporting purposes	 7,081
Total Revenues as reported in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 699,989
Uses/outflows of resources	
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "Total Expenditures" from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$ 623,458
Expenditures for funds not meeting the special revenue fund definition which are presented with the General Fund for financial reporting purposes	 14,798
Total Expenditures as reported in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 638,256
Other financing sources/(uses) of resources	
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)" from the Budgetary Comparison Schedule	\$ (29,937)
Other financing sources (uses) for funds not meeting the special revenue fund definition which are presented with the General Fund for financial reporting purposes	 (711)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) as reported in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ (30,648)

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2024

1. BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

A. BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

In accordance with the provisions of Sections 29000 through 29144 inclusive of the California Government Code and other statutory provisions, commonly known as the County Budget Act, the County of San Luis Obispo (the County) prepares and legally adopts a final budget on or before August 30th for each fiscal year. The County operation, commencing July 1st, is governed by the proposed budget, adopted by the Board of Supervisors (the Board), in June of the prior year unless the final budget is adopted before June 30.

After the budget is approved, the appropriations can be added to, subtracted from, or changed only by Board resolution. All such changes must be within the revenues and reserves estimated as available in the final budget or within revised revenue estimates as approved by the Board. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 the Board of Supervisors approved all necessary supplemental appropriations. Generally, the effects of the supplemental appropriations are to increase the budget for cost of living adjustments and new programs and grants financed by other governmental agencies.

An operating budget is adopted each fiscal year for Governmental Funds on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Additionally, encumbrance accounting is utilized to assure effective budgetary control. Encumbrances outstanding at year end represent the estimated amount of the expenditures ultimately to result if the unperformed contracts in process at year end are completed or purchase commitments satisfied. Such year-end encumbrances are reported as reservations of fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be honored during the subsequent year and included in the subsequent year's budget. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end.

All Governmental, Enterprise, and Internal Service Funds that are under the control of the Board of Supervisors, have legally adopted annual budgets except for the Public Facilities Corporation and Financing Authority debt service funds. Although the Enterprise and Internal Service Funds have adopted budgets, there is no appropriation of expenditures, and these budgets only serve as spending plans for the year.

The legal level of budgetary control (the level on which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is at the department/budget unit and object level except for capital assets, which are controlled at the sub-object level. Object levels of expenditures are as follows: salaries and benefits, services and supplies, other charges, capital assets, and contingencies. Sub-object levels of expenditures for capital assets are land, structures and improvements, and equipment.

B. BUDGETARY EXPENDITURES IN EXCESS OF APPROPRIATION

During the current fiscal year, no governmental funds had excess expenditures over the related appropriations at the legal level of budgetary control.



OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS



NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS:

Special revenue funds are used to account for revenues that are restricted by law or administrative actions to expenditures for specified purposes. Nonmajor special revenue funds used by the County are listed below:

Homeless and Affordable Housing (formerly known as Community Development)

Accounts for pass-through grants from Housing and Urban Development (HUD) entitlements and other housing and shelter program grants to be distributed to the County and other local agencies.

Emergency Medical Services

Accounts for payments to physicians, hospitals, and other providers of emergency medical care from revenues imposed and collected by the courts.

Driving Under the Influence Programs

Accounts for resources collected from persons convicted of driving under the influence to provide education and rehabilitation programs.

<u>Fish & Game</u> Accounts for funds generated by fines levied as a result of Fish and Game violations.

Road Impact Fees

Accounts for resources collected from developers to add, maintain, and improve roads in specific areas where the fees were allocated.

<u>Library</u>

Accounts for resources used to provide library services throughout the County.

<u>Parks</u>

Accounts for resources used to provide parks and recreational services countywide.

Public Facilities Fees

Accounts for resources collected from the building permit process to build public facilities such as fire and law enforcement stations, library and general government structures.

<u>Roads</u>

Accounts for resources used to maintain the County road system.

Solid Waste Management

Accounts for resources used to oversee proper management, disposal, and recovery of solid waste.

Wildlife & Grazing

Accounts for resources used to provide for range improvements and the control of predators.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

SPECIAL REVENUE SPECIAL DISTRICT FUNDS:

Flood Control Districts

Accounts for resources used to provide control and conservation of flood and storm waters, which are mutually exclusive of Enterprise Flood Control District funds.

Lighting Districts

Accounts for resources used to provide street lighting in unincorporated areas of the county.

County Service Areas

Accounts for resources used to provide for water and sewer services which are mutually exclusive of Enterprise Fund County Service Areas.

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS:

Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of general long-term debt principal and interest.

San Luis Obispo County Public Facilities Corporation (PFC)

The PFC is a non-profit public benefit corporation organized to assist public agencies within the County of San Luis Obispo with the acquisition and construction of various public facilities.

Pension Obligation Bonds

The Pension Obligation Bonds debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of monies for payment of taxable pension obligation bonds. These bonds were issued to fund the County's unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL).

SLO County Financing Authority

The SLO County Financing Authority is a joint exercise of powers authority created to assist in the financing, construction, and equipping of public facilities for its members.

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024 (IN THOUSANDS)

				Special	Revenue		
	and	omeless Affordable Iousing	Me	ergency edical rvices	the In	g Under fluence rams	h and ame
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash with fiscal agent Accounts receivable, net Due from other governments Loans receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles Leases receivable Advances to other funds Prepaid items	\$	14,197 - 4,605 21,486 - - 10	\$	290 - 264 - - -	\$		\$ 199 - - - - - - -
Total assets	\$	40,298	\$	554	\$	-	\$ 199
<u>Liabilities</u> Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable Due to other funds Deposits from others Unearned revenue Advances from other funds Total liabilities	\$	4,946 63 - 1,008 6,476 - 12,493	\$	- - - - - -	\$		\$ 3 - - - - 3
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> Unavailable revenue Lease revenue Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		-	 -
<u>Fund Balances</u> Nonspendable Restricted Committed Total fund balances		10 - 27,795 27,805		- - 554 554		- - -	 - - 196 196
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	40,298	\$	554	\$	-	\$ 199

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2024 (IN THOUSANDS)

					Specia	al Revenue	:			
]	Road Impact Fees	L	ibrary		Parks	Fa	Public acilities Fees	Solid Waste Management	
Assets										
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash with fiscal agent	\$	12,740	\$	7,869	\$	3,769	\$	8,945	\$	-
Accounts receivable, net		-		- 1		- 173		-		-
Due from other governments		-		52		255		-		-
Loans receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles		-		-		-		-		-
Leases receivable Advances to other funds		-		-		118		-		-
Prepaid items				8				_		
Total assets	\$	12,740	\$	7,930	\$	4,315	\$	8,945	\$	-
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	165	\$	121	\$	-	\$	-
Salaries and benefits payable		-		177		75		-		-
Due to other funds Deposits from others		-		-		- 564		-		-
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		-		-
Advances from other funds						718		-		-
Total liabilities				342		1,478		-		
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Unavailable revenue		-		-		255		-		-
Lease revenue		-		-		108		-		
Total deferred inflows of resources		_			1	363		_		_
Fund Balances										
Nonspendable		-		8		-		-		-
Restricted Committed		12,740		163 7,417		708 1,766		8,945		-
Committed				7,417		1,700				
Total fund balances		12,740		7,588		2,474		8,945		-
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of										
resources, and fund balances	\$	12,740	\$	7,930	\$	4,315	\$	8,945	\$	-

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2024 (IN THOUSANDS)

			Spec	ial Revenue			
	 Roads	ildlife azing	(Flood Control Districts	Lighting Districts		County ice Areas
Assets		=0		10.150			
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash with fiscal agent	\$ 26,229	\$ 50	\$	18,152	\$	500	\$ 2,485
Accounts receivable, net	-	-		87		-	4
Due from other governments	9,880	-		100		-	-
Loans receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles	-	-		-		-	-
Leases receivable Advances to other funds	-	-		- 775		-	- 1,253
Prepaid items	 	 		-			 -
Total assets	\$ 36,109	\$ 50	\$	19,114	\$	500	\$ 3,742
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$ 6,562	\$ -	\$	386	\$	-	\$ -
Salaries and benefits payable	-	-		-		-	-
Due to other funds	-	-		-		-	-
Deposits from others Unearned revenue	68 67	-		-		-	-
Advances from other funds	 8,502	-		-		-	-
Total liabilities	 15,199	-		386		-	-
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Unavailable revenue	2,129	-		187		-	4
Lease revenue	 -	 -		-		-	 -
Total deferred inflows of resources	 2,129	 -		187		-	 4
Fund Balances							
Nonspendable	-	-		-		-	-
Restricted	-	50		7,717		-	138
Committed	 18,781	 		10,824		500	 3,600
Total fund balances	 18,781	 50		18,541		500	 3,738
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of							
resources, and fund balances	\$ 36,109	\$ 50	\$	19,114	\$	500	\$ 3,742

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2024 (IN THOUSANDS)

	Debt Service							
	Public	Service Facilities oration	ities Pension Obligation		Debt Service Financing Authority			Total onmajor ⁄ernmental Funds
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash with fiscal agent Accounts receivable, net Due from other governments Loans receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles Leases receivable Advances to other funds Prepaid items	\$	30 - - - - - - -	\$	28,734 9 - - - - - -	\$	31 72,568 - - - - - - -	\$	124,220 72,577 265 15,156 21,486 118 2,028 18
Total assets	\$	30	\$	28,743	\$	72,599	\$	235,868
<u>Liabilities</u> Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable Due to other funds Deposits from others Unearned revenue Advances from other funds Total liabilities	\$	- - - - -	\$	- - - - - -	\$	2,094 - - 2,094	\$	12,183 315 2,094 1,640 6,543 9,220 31,995
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> Unavailable revenue Lease revenue Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		-		2,575 108 2,683
<u>Fund Balances</u> Nonspendable Restricted Committed Total fund balances		- 30 - 30		28,743 - 28,743		- 70,505 - 70,505		18 129,739 71,433 201,190
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	30	\$	28,743	\$	72,599	\$	235,868

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 (IN THOUSANDS)

	Special Revenue								
	Homeless and Affordable Housing		Emergency Medical Services		Driving Under the Influence Programs			h and ame	
Revenues Taxes Fines, forfeitures, and penalties Use of money and property Aid from other governments Charges for services Other revenues Total revenues	\$	- 771 19,830 - 2,059 22,660	\$	- 615 11 - - - 626	\$	- 18 - 756 19 793	\$	- 27 3 - - - 30	
Expenditures Current: Public protection Public ways and facilities Health and sanitation Public assistance Education Recreation and cultural services Debt service: Principal payments Interest and fiscal charges		- - 26,522 - - - -		- - 600 - - -		- - - 1,128 - - -		36 - - - - - -	
Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		26,522 (3,862)		600 26		1,128		36 (6)	
<u>Other financing sources (uses)</u> Transfers in Transfers out		7,589 (114)		-		- (67)		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)		7,475				(67)		-	
Net change in fund balances		3,613		26		(402)		(6)	
Fund balances - beginning		24,192		528		402		202	
Fund balances - ending	\$	27,805	\$	554	\$	-	\$	196	

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 (IN THOUSANDS)

	Special Revenue							
	Road Impact Fees	Library	Parks	Public Facilities Fees	Solid Waste Management			
Revenues								
Taxes	\$ -	\$ 12,127	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties Use of money and property	- 572	- 248	- 178	- 687	- 1			
Aid from other governments		357	1,721	-	76			
Charges for services	561	107	6,106	1,356	530			
Other revenues		478	12					
Total revenues	1,133	13,317	8,017	2,043	607			
Expenditures								
Current: Public protection	_	-	-	-	665			
Public ways and facilities	-	-	-	-	-			
Health and sanitation	-	-	-	-	-			
Public assistance	-	-	-	-	-			
Education Recreation and cultural services	-	12,203	- 7,898	-	-			
Debt service:			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,					
Principal payments	-	16	-	-	-			
Interest and fiscal charges		1						
Total expenditures		12,220	7,898		665			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	1,133	1,097	119	2,043	(58)			
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in	-	607	786	-	-			
Transfers out	(559)	(286)	(234)	(6,960)	(272)			
Total other financing sources (uses)	(559)	321	552	(6,960)	(272)			
Net change in fund balances	574	1,418	671	(4,917)	(330)			
Fund balances - beginning	12,166	6,170	1,803	13,862	330			
Fund balances - ending	\$ 12,740	\$ 7,588	\$ 2,474	\$ 8,945	<u>\$ -</u>			

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 (IN THOUSANDS)

	Special Revenue							
	Wildlife Roads and Grazin			Flood Control Districts		Lighting Districts		ounty ice Areas
Revenues								
Taxes	\$ 2,267	\$	-	\$	4,881	\$	47	\$ 1,285
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties Use of money and property	- 818		- 2		- 807		- 22	- 134
Aid from other governments	33,485		-		319		-	4
Charges for services	460		-		618		12	54
Other revenues	243		-		303		-	 6
Total revenues	37,273		2		6,928		81	1,483
Expenditures								
Current:			2		0.000		20	
Public protection	- 44,862		2		8,398		39	- 826
Public ways and facilities Health and sanitation	44,802		-		-		-	820
Public assistance	-		-		-		-	-
Education	-		-		-		-	-
Recreation and cultural services	-		-		-		-	-
Debt service:								
Principal payments	53		-		-		-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	15		-		-		-	-
Total expenditures	44,930		2		8,398		39	 826
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	(7,657)		_		(1,470)		42	657
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in	6,541		-		234		-	-
Transfers out	(113)		-		-		-	 (167)
Total other financing sources (uses)	6,428		-		234			 (167)
Net change in fund balances	(1,229)		-		(1,236)		42	490
Fund balances - beginning	20,010		50		19,777		458	 3,248
Fund balances - ending	\$ 18,781	\$	50	\$	18,541	\$	500	\$ 3,738

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 (IN THOUSANDS)

	Debt Service Public Facilities Corporation	Debt Service Pension Obligation Bonds	Debt Service Financing Authority	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues Taxes Fines, forfeitures, and penalties Use of money and property Aid from other governments Charges for services Other revenues	\$ - - 1 - 415 -	\$- - 1,008 - - 771	\$ - 3,769 - 7,293 -	\$ 20,607 642 9,050 55,792 18,268 3,891
Total revenues	416	1,779	11,062	108,250
Expenditures Current: Public protection Public ways and facilities Health and sanitation Public assistance Education Recreation and cultural services Debt service: Principal payments Interest and fiscal charges	- - - - - - 221 186	- - - - - 3,535 7,347	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	9,140 45,688 26,522 600 13,331 7,898 6,786 11,883
Total expenditures	407	10,882	7,295	121,848
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	9	(9,103)	3,767	(13,598)
<u>Other financing sources (uses)</u> Transfers in Transfers out	-	14,529	- (5,568)	30,286 (14,340)
Total other financing sources (uses)		14,529	(5,568)	15,946
Net change in fund balances	9	5,426	(1,801)	2,348
Fund balances - beginning	21	23,317	72,306	198,842
Fund balances - ending	\$ 30	\$ 28,743	\$ 70,505	\$ 201,190

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS



COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual Comparison For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

		Budgeted Driginal	Amo	ounts Final	Actual mounts	-	ance with al Budget
Revenues: Fines, forfeitures, and penalties Use of money and property Aid from other governments Charges for services Other revenues Total Revenues	\$	- - - 3,926 - 3,926	\$	8,766 8,986 371 18,123	\$ 409 802 3,559 1,302 - 6,072	\$	409 802 (5,207) (7,684) (371) (12,051)
Expenditures: Capital outlay Total Expenditures	_	<u>11,211</u> 11,211		121,259 121,259	 22,986 22,986		98,273 98,273
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(7,285)		(103,136)	 (16,914)		86,222
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		7,095 		101,697 (158) 101,539	 15,718 		(85,979) <u>158</u> (85,821)
Net change in fund balances		(190)		(1,597)	(1,196)		401
Fund balances, beginning		17,567		17,567	 17,567		
Fund balances, ending	<u>\$</u>	17,377	\$	15,970	\$ 16,371	\$	401

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO Homeless and Affordable Housing Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual Comparison For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	-	ance with
		Driginal	Final		Amounts		Fina	al Budget
Revenues:								
Use of money and property	\$	-	\$	-	\$	771	\$	771
Aid from other governments		7,091		49,104		19,830		(29,274)
Other revenues		723		2,046		2,059		13
Total Revenues		7,814		51,150		22,660		(28,490)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Health and sanitation								
Salaries, wages, and benefits		3,158		3,186		3,029		157
Services and supplies		2,739		852		856		(4)
Other charges		8,307		56,926		22,914		34,012
Reimbursements		(270)		(270)		(277)		7
Total Expenditures		13,934		60,694		26,522		34,172
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over								
(Under) Expenditures		(6,120)		(9,544)		(3,862)		5,682
Other Financing Sources (Uses):		6 6 4 2		10.000		7 500		(2,401)
Transfers in		6,642		10,990		7,589		(3,401)
Transfers out		-		(1,468)		(114)		1,354
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		6,642		9,522		7,475		(2,047)
Net change in fund balances		522		(22)		3,613		3,635
Fund balances, beginning		24,192		24,192		24,192		
Fund balances, ending	\$	24,714	\$	24,170	\$	27,805	\$	3,635

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO Emergency Medical Services Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual Comparison For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual		nce with
	Orio	Original		Final		ounts	Final Budget	
Revenues: Fines, forfeitures, and penalties Use of money and property Total Revenues	\$	574 1 575	\$	630 5 635	\$	615 11 626	\$	(15) <u>6</u> (9)
Expenditures: Current: Public assistance								
Services and supplies		575		903		600		303
Total Expenditures		575		903		600		303
Net change in fund balances		-		(268)		26		294
Fund balances, beginning		528		528		528		-
Fund balances, ending	\$	528	\$	260	\$	554	\$	294

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO Driving Under the Influence Program Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual Comparison For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

	C	Budgeted Driginal	Amo	unts Final	Act Amo	ual ounts	Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues: Use of money and property Charges for services Other revenues Total Revenues	\$	4 1,439 - 1,443	\$	4 1,439 - 1,443	\$	18 756 <u>19</u> 793	\$	14 (683) <u>19</u> (650)
Expenditures: Current: Education Salaries, wages, and benefits Services and supplies		958 421		845 582		567 540		278 42
Other charges Contingencies Total Expenditures		421 21 45 1,445		21 45 1,493		21 		45 365
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(2)		(50)		(335)		(285)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-				(67) (67)		(67) (67)
Net change in fund balances		(2)		(50)		(402)		(352)
Fund balances, beginning		402		402		402		
Fund balances, ending	\$	400	\$	352	\$		\$	(352)

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO Fish and Game Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual Comparison For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget		
Revenues: Fines, forfeitures, and penalties Use of money and property Total Revenues	\$	37 - 37	\$	37 37	\$ 27 3 30	\$	(10) <u>3</u> (7)
Expenditures: Current: Public protection Services and supplies		34		<u> </u>	<u>36</u> 36		3
Total Expenditures Net change in fund balances		<u>34</u> 3		(2)	(6)		(4)
Fund balances, beginning		202		202	202		-
Fund balances, ending	\$	205	\$	200	<u>\$ 196</u>	\$	(4)

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO Road Impact Fees Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual Comparison For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

	0	Budgeted riginal	Amo	unts Final	Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues: Use of money and property Charges for services Total Revenues	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	572 561 1,133	\$	572 561 1,133
Expenditures: Current: Public ways and facilities Services and supplies Total Expenditures								-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures						1,133		1,133
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(759) (759)		(7,106) (7,106)		<u>(559)</u> (559)		6,547 6,547
Net change in fund balances		(759)		(7,106)		574		7,680
Fund balances, beginning		12,166		12,166		12,166		
Fund balances, ending	\$	11,407	\$	5,060	\$	12,740	\$	7,680

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO Library Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual Comparison For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

	(Budgeted Driginal	Amc	ounts Final		Actual mounts		ance with
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$	11,736	\$	11,736	\$	12,127	\$	391
Use of money and property	Ψ	45	Ψ	45	Ψ	248	Ψ	203
		-		-		-		
Aid from other governments		278		408		357		(51)
Charges for services		85		85		107		22
Other revenues		361		1,036		478		(558)
Total Revenues		12,505		13,310		13,317		7_
Expenditures: Current: Education Salaries, wages, and benefits		8,199		8,199		7,848		351
Services and supplies		4,731		5,199		3,877		1,322
Other charges		808		2,240		369		1,871
Capital Outlay		-		272		109		163
Debt Service		-		-		17		(17)
Contingencies		572		572		-		572
Total Expenditures		14,310		16,482		12,220		4,262
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,805)		(3,172)		1,097		4,269
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in		1,402		1,402		607		(795)
Transfers out		, -		· -		(286)		(286)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,402		1,402		321		(1,081)
Net change in fund balances		(403)		(1,770)		1,418		3,188
Fund balances, beginning		6,170		6,170		6,170		
Fund balances, ending	\$	5,767	\$	4,400	\$	7,588	\$	3,188

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO Parks Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual Comparison For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

	0	Budgeted riginal	Amo	ounts Final	-	tual ounts	Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues: Fines, forfeitures, and penalties Use of money and property Aid from other governments Charges for services Other revenues Total Revenues	\$	1 54 23 6,366 9 6,453	\$	127 54 313 6,429 9 6,932	\$	178 1,721 6,106 <u>12</u> 8,017	\$	(127) 124 1,408 (323) <u>3</u> 1,085
Expenditures: Current: Recreation and cultural services								
Salaries, wages, and benefits Services and supplies Other charges Capital outlay		3,444 2,942 407 -		3,194 4,280 498 3,349		3,164 4,586 132 16		30 (306) 366 3,333
Total Expenditures Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over		6,793		11,321		7,898		3,423
(Under) Expenditures Other Financing Sources (Uses):		(340)		(4,389)		119		4,508
Transfers in Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(21)(21)		1,492 (21) 1,471		786 (234) 552		(706) (213) (919)
Net change in fund balances		(361)		(2,918)		671		3,589
Fund balances, beginning		1,803		1,803		1,803		
Fund balances, ending	\$	1,442	\$	(1,115)	\$	2,474	\$	3,589

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO Public Facilities Fees Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual Comparison For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues: Use of money and property Charges for services Total Revenues	\$ - <u>1,880</u> <u>1,880</u>	\$ - <u>1,880</u> <u>1,880</u>	\$ 687 <u>1,356</u> 2,043	\$ 687 (524) 163	
Expenditures: Current: Public protection Salaries, wages, and benefits Services and supplies Total Expenditures	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1,880	1,880	2,043	163	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(1,913)</u> (1,913)	<u>(12,585)</u> (12,585)	<u>(6,960)</u> (6,960)	<u>5,625</u> 5,625	
Net change in fund balances	(33)	(10,705)	(4,917)	5,788	
Fund balances, beginning	13,862	13,862	13,862		
Fund balances, ending	<u>\$ 13,829</u>	<u>\$ 3,157</u>	<u>\$ 8,945</u>	\$ 5,788	

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO Roads Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual Comparison For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual		ance with
Revenues:		Driginal		Final	A	mounts	FIN	al Budget
Taxes	\$	2,105	\$	2,105	\$	2,267	\$	162
Use of money and property	Ψ	100	Ψ	100	Ψ	818	Ψ	718
Aid from other governments		24,001		73,230		33,485		(39,745)
Charges for services		358		358		460		102
Other revenues		-		455		243		(212)
Total Revenues		26,564		76,248		37,273		(38,975)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public ways and facilities								
Services and supplies		25,435		42,169		43,220		(1,051)
Other charges		549		1,553		1,642		(89)
Capital outlay		8,238		80,123		-		80,123
Debt Service		-		-		68		(68)
Total Expenditures		34,222		123,845		44,930		78,915
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over								
(Under) Expenditures		(7,658)		(47,597)		(7,657)		39,940
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in		6,741		12,782		6,541		(6,241)
Transfers out		(113)		(113)		(113)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		6,628		12,669		6,428		(6,241)
Net change in fund balances		(1,030)		(34,928)		(1,229)		33,699
Fund balances, beginning		20,010		20,010		20,010		-
Fund balances, ending	\$	18,980	\$	(14,918)	\$	18,781	\$	33,699

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO Solid Waste Management Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual Comparison For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

	Budgeted Original	d Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues: Use of money and property Aid from other governments Charges for services Total Revenues	\$ - - 497 	\$- 401 <u>497</u> 898	\$ 1 76 530 607	\$ 1 (325) <u>33</u> (291)
Expenditures: Current: Public protection Services and supplies Other charges Total Expenditures	1,197	1,490 	503 62_ 665	987
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(700)	(754)	(58)	696
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u> </u>		(272) (272)	<u>(972)</u> (972)
Net change in fund balances	-	(54)	(330)	(276)
Fund balances, beginning	330	330	330	
Fund balances, ending	\$ 330	\$ 276	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ (276)

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO Wildlife and Grazing Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual Comparison For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget		
Revenues: Use of money and property Aid from other governments Total Revenues	\$	1 4 5	\$	1 4 5	\$	2 - 2	\$	1 (4) (3)
Expenditures: Current: Public protection Services and supplies		7		7		2		5
Total Expenditures		7		7		2		5
Net change in fund balances		(2)		(2)		-		2
Fund balances, beginning		50		50	!	50		-
Fund balances, ending	\$	48	\$	48	<u>\$</u>	50	\$	2

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO Flood Control Districts Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual Comparison For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

	C	Budgeted Driginal	Amo	<u>unts</u> Final	Actual mounts	ance with al Budget
Revenues: Taxes	\$	4,522	\$	4,522	\$ 4,881	\$ 359
Use of money and property Aid from other governments Charges for services		127 458 629		127 1,694 629	807 319 618	680 (1,375) (11)
Other revenues Total Revenues		<u>15</u> 5,751		<u>15</u> 6,987	 <u>303</u> 6,928	 <u>288</u> (59)
Expenditures: Current:						
Public protection Services and supplies Other charges		9,464 321		15,604 324	8,124 274	7,480 50
Capital outlay Total Expenditures		- 9,785		5,891 21,819	 8,398	 5,891 13,421
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(4,034)		(14,832)	 (1,470)	 13,362
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		<u>219</u> 219		<u>719</u> 719	 <u>234</u> 234	 <u>(485)</u> (485)
Net change in fund balances		(3,815)		(14,113)	 (1,236)	 12,877
Fund balances, beginning		19,777		19,777	 19,777	 -
Fund balances, ending	\$	15,962	\$	5,664	\$ 18,541	\$ 12,877

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO Lighting Districts Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual Comparison For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

	B	udgeted	Amo	unts	Ac	tual	Varia	nce with
	Orig	inal		Final	Am	ounts	Final	Budget
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$	48	\$	48	\$	47	\$	(1)
Use of money and property		3		3		22		19
Charges for services		10		10		12		2
Total Revenues		61		61		81		20
Expenditures: Current: Public protection Services and supplies		48		48		39		9
Total Expenditures		48		48		39		9
Net change in fund balances		13		13		42		29
Fund balances, beginning		458		458		458		
Fund balances, ending	\$	471	\$	471	\$	500	\$	29

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO County Service Areas Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual Comparison For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

	O	Budgeted riginal	Amo	<u>unts</u> Final	-	tual ounts	 nce with Budget
Revenues: Taxes Use of money and property Aid from other governments	\$	1,221 31 4	\$	1,221 31 4	\$	1,285 134 4	\$ 64 103 -
Charges for services Other revenues Total Revenues		4 <u>1</u> 1,261		4 <u>1</u> 1,261		54 6 1,483	 50 5 222
Expenditures: Current:							
Public ways and facilities Services and supplies Total Expenditures		<u>1,104</u> 1,104		<u>1,150</u> 1,150		826 826	 324 324
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		157		111		657	 546
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(350) (350)		(350) (350)		(167) (167)	 <u>183</u> 183
Net change in fund balances		(193)		(239)		490	729
Fund balances, beginning		3,248		3,248		3,248	
Fund balances, ending	\$	3,055	\$	3,009	\$	3,738	\$ 729

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO Public Facilities Corporation Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual Comparison For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Act Amo	ual unts	Variance with Final Budget		
Revenues: Use of money and property Charges for services Total Revenues	\$		\$ 	\$	1 415 416	\$	1 415 416
Expenditures: Debt Service: Principal payments Interest and fiscal charges Total Expenditures		- - -	 -		221 186 407		(221) (186) (407)
Net change in fund balances		-	-		9		9
Fund balances, beginning		21	 21		21		
Fund balances, ending	\$	21	\$ 21	\$	30	\$	9

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO Pension Obligation Bonds Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual Comparison For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

		Budgeted Driginal	Amo	unts Final		Actual mounts		ance with al Budget
Revenues:		Ingina				nounts		a budget
Use of money and property	\$	200	\$	200	\$	1,008	\$	808
Other revenues	Ŧ	14,860	Ŧ	14,860	Ŷ	771	Ŧ	(14,089)
Total Revenues		15,060		15,060		1,779		(13,281)
Expenditures: Debt Service:								
Principal payments		3,535		3,535		3,535		-
Interest and fiscal charges		7,347		7,347		7,347		-
Total Expenditures		10,882		10,882		10,882		-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		4,178		4,178		(9,103)		(13,281)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in		-		-		14,529		14,529
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-		14,529		14,529
Net change in fund balances		4,178		4,178		5,426		1,248
Fund balances, beginning		23,317		23,317		23,317		
Fund balances, ending	\$	27,495	\$	27,495	\$	28,743	\$	1,248

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO Financing Authority Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual Comparison For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

	 Budgeted Driginal	Amo	<u>unts</u> Final	Actual mounts	-	ance with Il Budget
Revenues: Use of money and property Charges for services Total Revenues	\$ - - - -	\$		\$ 3,769 7,293 11,062	\$	3,769 7,293 11,062
Expenditures: Debt Service: Principal payments Interest and fiscal charges Total Expenditures	 -		-	 2,961 4,334 7,295		(2,961) (4,334) (7,295)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 			 3,767		3,767
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 			 (5,568) (5,568)		(5,568) (5,568)
Net change in fund balances	-		-	(1,801)		(1,801)
Fund balances, beginning	72,306		72,306	 72,306		
Fund balances, ending	\$ 72,306	\$	72,306	\$ 70,505	\$	(1,801)

COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS



NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

ENTERPRISE FUNDS:

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is to have the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed primarily through user charges, or where the County has decided that revenues earned, expenses incurred and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

General Flood Control Zone – Salinas Dam

Accounts for the operation of the Salinas dam and pipeline used to deliver water to the City of San Luis Obispo from Santa Margarita Lake.

Lopez Flood Control

Accounts for the maintenance, water treatment and water distribution services of the Lopez Dam Flood Control Zone 3, which provides water to south San Luis Obispo County, and the activities of the Lopez Dam Seismic Remediation Project.

<u>Golf</u>

Accounts for the operations and maintenance of County-owned golf courses located in Atascadero, Morro Bay, and San Luis Obispo.

Lopez Park

Accounts for the accumulation of resources for the repayment of State loans related to the Lopez Lake recreational area.

County Service Areas

Accounts for resources used to provide for a variety of services such as street lighting, drainage, sewer and road maintenance, which are mutually exclusive of the Special Revenue Funds County Service Areas.

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024 (IN THOUSANDS)

	General Floo Control Zone Salinas Dam	- Lopez	Golf	Lopez Park	County Service Areas	Total
Assets				· · · · · · · ·		
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,29		\$ 1,567	\$ 27	\$ 4,154	\$ 18,987
Accounts receivable, net		- 2	92	-	396	490
Inventories Leases receivable			94 12	-	-	94 12
Due from other governments	3	2	12	-	-	39
Prepaid items	5		294		_	294
Deposits with others			- 201	-	86	86
Deposits with others						
Total current assets	3,33	9,947	2,059	27	4,636	20,002
Noncurrent assets: Restricted cash with fiscal agent Capital assets:		- 1	-	-	-	1
Nondepreciable		2.155	1 222		524	4 022
Land		- 2,155	1,333	-	534	4,022
Construction in progress		- 2,417	668	-	4,021	7,106
Water rights		1 069	-	-	-	1 069
Other property Depreciable		- 1,968	-	-	-	1,968
Infrastructure, net		- 17,710	4		1,834	19,548
Structures and improvements, net		- 30,416	6,569	_	9,128	46,113
Equipment, net		- 150	570	-	445	1,165
Other property, net			570	-	496	496
Lease assets, net			30	-	-	30
SBITA assets, net			13	-	-	13
Total noncurrent assets		- 54,817	9,187		16,458	80,462
Total assets	3,33		11,246		21,094	100,464
					21,001	100,101
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Deferred pensions			1,155	-	-	1,155
Deferred OPEB			80			80
Total deferred outflows of resources			1,235	-	-	1,235
Liabilities						1,235
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	1	7 100	266	-	445	828
Salaries and benefits payable			57	-	-	57
Deposits from others		- 389	55	-	152	596
Interest payable		- 225	8	-	22	255
Unearned revenue		- 110	-	-	23	133
Accrued vacation and sick leave - current			144	-	-	144
Lease liability - current			26	-	-	26
SBITA liability - current			14	-	-	14
Notes and bonds payable - current		- 2,706	386		110	3,202
Total current liabilities	1	73,530	956		752	5,255
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Advances from other funds			120	-	1,365	1,485
Accrued vacation and sick leave			125	-	-	125
Lease liability			4	-	-	4
Notes and bonds payable		- 17,165	875	-	5,134	23,174
Net OPEB liability			137	-	· -	137
Net pension liability			4,382	-	-	4,382
Total noncurrent liabilities		- 17,165	5,643		6,499	29,307
Total liabilities	1	20,695	6,599		7,251	34,562
Deferred Inflows of Resources			-			_
Deferred pensions			7	-	-	7
Deferred OPEB			53	-	-	53
Bond Refunding			126	-	-	126
Lease revenue			12			12
Total deferred inflows of resources			198			198
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets		- 34,938	7,661	-	11,006	53,605
Unrestricted	3,31		(1,977)	27	2,837	13,334
	\$ 3,31		\$ 5,684	\$ 27	\$ 13,843	\$ 66,939
Total net position	ادرد م	<u>פסט,דד ק (</u>	φ 5,004	φ 21	φ 13,0 1 3	φ 00,333

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 (IN THOUSANDS)

	General Flood Control Zone - Salinas Dam	Lopez Flood Control	Golf	Lopez Park	County Service Areas	Total
Operating revenues	+ 1005	÷ 7.270	÷ 5 227	<u>.</u>	÷ 5.467	± 20.450
Charges for services Other revenues	\$ 1,985 7	\$	\$	\$ - -	\$	\$ 20,158 47
Total operating revenues	1,992	7,379	5,331		5,503	20,205
Operating expenses						
Salaries and benefits	-		2,869	-		2,869
Services and supplies	1,814	5,832	1,937	-	5,669	15,252
Other charges	-	3	- 469	-	-	3
Depreciation Amortization	-	1,427	469	-	551	2,447 101
Countywide cost allocation	- 28	107	90	-	102	327
countywhile cost unocation						
Total operating expenses	1,842	7,369	5,466		6,322	20,999
Operating income (loss)	150	10	(135)		(819)	(794)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)						
Property taxes	-	1,678	-	-	670	2,348
Investment income (expense)	144	530	76	2	211	963
Interest expense	- 37	(753)	(18)	-	(141)	(912)
Aid from governmental agencies	3/	8			3	48
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	181	1,463	58	2	743	2,447
Income (loss) before contributions						
and transfers	331	1,473	(77)	2	(76)	1,653
Transfers in	-	-	12	-	1,699	1,711
Transfers out			(64)		(3)	(67)
Change in net position	331	1,473	(129)	2	1,620	3,297
Net position - beginning	2,985	42,596	5,813	25	12,223	63,642
Net position - ending	\$ 3,316	\$ 44,069	\$ 5,684	\$ 27	\$ 13,843	\$ 66,939

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 (IN THOUSANDS)

	Contr	eral Flood ol Zone - nas Dam	opez d Control	Golf	Lopez Pa	ark	County ice Areas	Total
Cash Flows From Operating Activities Receipts from customers and third parties Payments for goods and services Payments to employees for services	\$	1,993 (1,874) -	\$ 7,015 (6,108) -	\$ 5,275 (1,782) (2,445)	\$	- - -	\$ 5,505 (5,421) -	\$ 19,788 (15,185) (2,445)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		119	 907	 1,048		-	 84	 2,158
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Property tax proceeds Grants and subsidies from other governmental agencies Advances from other funds Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds		- - - -	 1,678 6 - -	 - - - (64)			 670 2 584 1,699 (3)	 2,348 8 584 1,711 (67)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		-	 1,684	 (52)			 2,952	 4,584
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Purchases and construction of capital assets Advances to other funds Principal paid on capital debt Interest paid on capital debt		- - -	 (1,842) - (2,604) (837)	 (730) - (402) (34)		20 (20) -	 (3,208) - (107) (141)	 (5,780) 20 (3,133) (1,012)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities			 (5,283)	 (1,166)			 (3,456)	 (9,905)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Interest received		144	 530	 76		2	 211	 963
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		144	 530	 76		2	 211	 963
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		263	(2,162)	(94)		2	(209)	(2,200)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		3,033	 12,106	 1,661		25	 4,363	 21,188
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	3,296	\$ 9,944	\$ 1,567	\$	27	\$ 4,154	\$ 18,988
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities								
Operating income (loss)	\$	150	\$ 10	\$ (135)	\$	-	\$ (819)	\$ (794)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization expense Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources: (Increase) decrease in:		-	1,427	570		-	551	2,548
(Increase) decrease in: Receivables, net Inventory Prepaid items Deferred outflows - pensions Deferred outflows - OPEB Leases		- - -	32	10 (11) 130 42 13 (74)			(15) - - - - -	27 (11) 130 42 13 (74)
Increase (decrease) in: Accounts payable Deposits from others Salaries and benefits payable Deferred inflows - pensions Deferred inflows - OPEB Net OPEB liability Net pension liability Unearned revenue		(31) - - - - - -	(234) 69 - - - - (397)	129 8 44 3 7 309			350 3 - - - - 14	214 80 44 3 7 309 (383)
Total adjustments		(31)	 897	 1,183		-	 903	 2,952
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	119	\$ 907	\$ 1,048	\$	-	\$ 84	\$ 2,158

COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS



INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS:

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department to other departments on a cost-reimbursement basis. Internal Service Funds used at the County are listed below:

<u>Garage</u>

Accounts for resources used to provide a vehicle fleet of cars, trucks, and law enforcement vehicles for use by various County departments at the lowest possible maintenance and operating costs.

Public Works

Accounts for resources used to provide comprehensive engineering services in the form of manpower, equipment and contractual services and supplies to all departments, agencies, and private citizens as requested or required by state law or local ordinance.

Insurance Funds

Account for the operations of the County's Workers' Compensation, Protected Self-Insurance, Unemployment, Dental Insurance, and Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) programs.

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024 (IN THOUSANDS)

	Gai	rage	Public Works	Ins	mbined surance Funds)	Total
Assets						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,118	\$ 21,761	\$	18,823	\$ 48,702
Accounts receivable, net		5	19		488	512
Inventories		16	878		-	894
Prepaid items		-	 10		-	 10
Total current assets		8,139	 22,668		19,311	 50,118
Noncurrent assets:						
Capital assets:						
Structures and improvements, net		224	182		-	406
Equipment, net		6,352	9,430		-	15,782
Lease assets, net		-	637		- 30	637 30
SBITA assets, net		-	 -		30	 50
Total noncurrent assets		6,576	 10,249		30	 16,855
Total assets		14,715	 32,917		19,341	 66,973
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Deferred pensions		838	20,628		-	21,466
Deferred OPEB		67	 1,300		-	 1,367
Total deferred outflows of resources		905	 21,928		-	 22,833
			 1			
Liabilities						
Current liabilities:		410	FOC		500	1 404
Accounts payable		419	506 809		569	1,494
Salaries and benefits payable		37			8	854 5,256
Deposits from others Self-insurance liability - current		-	5,256		- 5,309	5,250
Lease liability - current		-	121		5,509	121
SBITA liability - current		_	-		13	121
Accrued vacation and sick leave - current		114	2,498		-	2,612
			 <u> </u>			 / -
Total current liabilities		570	 9,190		5,899	 15,659
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Self-insurance liability		-	-		20,050	20,050
Lease liability		-	555		-	555
SBITA liability		-	-		18	18
Accrued vacation and sick leave		56	970		-	1,026
Net OPEB liability Net pension liability		115 3,180	2,227 78,274		-	2,342 81,454
. ,						
Total noncurrent liabilities		3,351	 82,026		20,068	 105,445
Total liabilities		3,921	 91,216		25,967	 121,104
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Deferred pensions		5	134		-	139
Deferred OPEB		44	 856		-	900
Total deferred inflows of resources						
		49	 990		-	 1,039
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets		6,467	9,572		-	16,039
Unrestricted		5,183	(46,933)		(6,626)	(48,376)
Total net position	\$	11,650	\$ (37,361)	\$	(6,626)	\$ (32,337)

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 (IN THOUSANDS)

	Garage		 Public Works	In	Combined Insurance (5 Funds)		Total
Operating revenues							
Charges for services	\$	9,349	\$ 51,900	\$	18,862	\$	80,111
Other revenues		17	 167		-		184
Total operating revenues		9,366	 52,067		18,862		80,295
Operating expenses							
Salaries and benefits		1,948	40,782		532		43,262
Services and supplies		4,625	9,320		14,135		28,080
Insurance benefit payments		-	-		8,273		8,273
Depreciation		1,604	1,104		-		2,708
Amortization		-	138		13		151
Countywide cost allocation		150	 163		318		631
Total operating expenses		8,327	 51,507		23,271		83,105
Operating income (loss)		1,039	 560		(4,409)		(2,810)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)							
Investment income (expense)		322	695		930		1,947
Interest expense		-	(5)		-		, (5)
Sale of capital assets		447	53		-		500
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		769	 743		930		2,442
Income (loss) before capital contributions							
and transfers		1,808	1,303		(3,479)		(368)
Transfers in		-	42		9		51
Transfers out		(56)	 (1,342)		-		(1,398)
Change in net position		1,752	3		(3,470)		(1,715)
Net position - beginning		9,898	 (37,364)		(3,156)		(30,622)
Net position - ending	\$	11,650	\$ (37,361)	\$	(6,626)	\$	(32,337)

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 (IN THOUSANDS)

	G	Garage	Public Works	In	ombined surance Funds)	Total
Cash Flows From Operating Activities Receipts from interfund billings Payments for goods and services Payments to employees for services Payments for insurance benefits Payments for premiums	\$	9,360 (5,100) (1,614) - -	\$ 52,066 (9,937) (36,580) - -	\$	18,375 (5,649) (561) (6,414) (8,547)	\$ 79,801 (20,686) (38,755) (6,414) (8,547)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		2,646	 5,549		(2,796)	 5,399
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds		- (56)	 42 (1,342)		9	 51 (1,398)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		(56)	 (1,300)		9	 (1,347)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Purchases and construction of capital assets Proceeds from sale of capital assets Principal paid on capital debt Interest paid on capital debt		(2,689) 447 - -	 (2,593) 53 (121) (5)		(12) - - -	 (5,294) 500 (121) (5)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		(2,242)	 (2,666)		(12)	 (4,920)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Interest received		322	 695		930	1,947
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		322	 695		930	 1,947
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		670	2,278		(1,869)	1,079
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		7,448	 19,483		20,692	 47,623
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	8,118	\$ 21,761	\$	18,823	\$ 48,702
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities						
Operating income (loss)	\$	1,039	\$ 560	\$	(4,409)	\$ (2,810)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization expense Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources:		1,604	1,242		13	2,859
(Increase) decrease in: Receivables, net Inventory Deferred outflows - pensions Deferred outflows - OPEB		(5) (1) 12 21	1 (153) 1,909 371		(488) - - -	(492) (154) 1,921 392
Increase (decrease) in: Accounts payable Deposits from others Salaries and benefits payable Deferred inflows - pensions		(325) - 23 2	(512) 207 443 50		258 - (28) -	(579) 207 438 52
Deferred inflows - OPEB Net OPEB liability Net pension liability Self-insurance liability		(4) (10) 290 -	 (41) (128) 1,600		- - 1,858	 (45) (138) 1,890 1,858
Total adjustments		1,607	 4,989		1,613	 8,209
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	2,646	\$ 5,549	\$	(2,796)	\$ 5,399

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS - INSURANCE JUNE 30, 2024 (IN THOUSANDS)

	Workers' Compensation		Protected Self-Insurance		Unemployment Insurance		Dental Insurance		OPEB		Total	
<u>Assets</u> Current assets:												
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$	14,990 106	\$	2,269 382	\$	633 -	\$	578 -	\$	353	\$	18,823 488
Total current assets		15,096		2,651		633		578		353		19,311
Noncurrent assets: SBITA assets, net						-		-		30		30
Total noncurrent assets				-		-		-		30		30
Total assets		15,096		2,651		633		578		383		19,341
<u>Liabilities</u> Current liabilities: Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable Self-insurance liability SBITA liability		269 8 4,059 -		300 - 1,250 -		- - -		- - - -		- - 13		569 8 5,309 13
Total current liabilities		4,336		1,550						13		5,899
Noncurrent liabilities: Self-insurance liability SBITA liability		16,424 -		3,626 -		-		-		- 18		20,050 18
Total noncurrent liabilities		16,424		3,626						18		20,068
Total liabilities		20,760		5,176						31		25,967
<u>Net Position</u> Unrestricted	,	(5,664)		(2,525)		633		578		352		(6,626)
Total net position	\$	(5,664)	\$	(2,525)	\$	633	\$	578	\$	352	\$	(6,626)

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS - INSURANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 (IN THOUSANDS)

	Workers' Compensation	Protected Self-Insurance	Unemployment Insurance	Dental Insurance	OPEB	Total	
Operating revenues Charges for services	\$ 8,126	\$ 5,800	\$ 514	\$ 1,835	\$ 2,587	\$ 18,862	
Total operating revenues	8,126	5,800	514	1,835	2,587	18,862	
<u>Operating expenses</u> Salaries and benefits	532	-	-	-	-	532	
Services and supplies Insurance benefit payments	4,650 5,242	7,268 424	105 279	236 1,664	1,876 664	14,135 8,273	
Amortization Countywide cost allocation		147			13	13 318	
Total operating expenses	10,595	7,839	384	1,900	2,553	23,271	
Operating income (loss)	(2,469)	(2,039)	130	(65)	34	(4,409)	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses) Investment income (expense)	660	205	24	29	12	930	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	660	205	24	29	12	930	
Income (loss) before transfers	(1,809)	(1,834)	154	(36)	46	(3,479)	
Transfers in	9					9	
Change in net position	(1,800)	(1,834)	154	(36)	46	(3,470)	
Net position - beginning	(3,864)	(691)	479	614	306	(3,156)	
Net position - ending	\$ (5,664)	\$ (2,525)	\$ 633	\$ 578	\$ 352	\$ (6,626)	

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS - INSURANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 (IN THOUSANDS)

	Workers' Compensation		Protected Self-Insurance		Unemployment Insurance		Dental Insurance		OPEB		Total	
Cash Flows From Operating Activities Receipts from interfund billings Payments for goods and services Payments to employees for services Payments for insurance benefits Payments for premiums	\$	8,020 (3,145) (561) (3,030) (1,675)	\$	5,418 (2,110) - (778) (5,006)	\$	514 (106) - (278) -	\$	1,834 (276) - (1,664) -	\$	2,589 (12) - (664) (1,866)	\$	18,375 (5,649) (561) (6,414) (8,547)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		(391)		(2,476)		130		(106)		47		(2,796)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Transfers from other funds		9										9
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		9										9
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Purchases and construction of capital assets						-		-		(12)		(12)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities						-		-		(12)		(12)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Interest received (paid)		660		205		24		29		12		930
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		660		205		24		29		12		930
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		278		(2,271)		154		(77)		47		(1,869)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		14,712		4,540		479		655		306		20,692
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	14,990	\$	2,269	\$	633	\$	578	\$	353	\$	18,823
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities												
Operating income (loss)	\$	(2,469)	\$	(2,039)	\$	130	\$	(65)	\$	34	\$	(4,409)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization expense Changes in assets and liabilities:		-		-		-		-		13		13
(Increase) decrease in: Receivables, net Increase (decrease) in:		(106)		(382)		-		-		-		(488)
Accounts payable		-		299		-		(41)		-		258
Salaries and benefits payable Self-insurance liability		(28) 2,212		- (354)								(28) 1,858
Total adjustments		2,078		(437)				(41)		13		1,613
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(391)	\$	(2,476)	\$	130	\$	(106)	\$	47	\$	(2,796)



COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FIDUCIARY FUNDS



FIDUCIARY FUNDS

PENSION TRUST:

The San Luis Obispo County Pension Trust is an independent trust that administers the San Luis Obispo County Employees Retirement Plan on behalf of the County.

INVESTMENT TRUST FUNDS:

These funds are used by the County to account for the assets of legally separate entities who deposit cash with the County Treasurer. These include school and community college districts: other special districts governed by local boards, regional boards and authorities: courts and pass through funds for tax collections for cities. These funds represent the assets, primarily cash and investments, and the related liability of the County to disburse these monies on demand. The County combines Investment Trust Funds into four reporting types because of their similar nature: School Districts, Special Districts, Courts, and Other Local Boards.

CUSTODIAL FUNDS:

These funds account for assets held by the County as an agent for various local governments. The County has the following types of Custodial Funds:

<u>1915 Act</u>

Account for temporary holding of funds for tax assessment areas created under the 1915 Improvement Act.

Clearing Funds

Serve as a temporary holding fund for subsequent disposition to an outside agency or taxing authority.

Other Funds

Account for temporary holding of funds that are not specifically classified in other custodial categories.

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024 (IN THOUSANDS)

	Clearing and Revolving Funds (96 Funds)		1915 Act Service Funds (5 Funds)		Other Custodial Funds (26 Funds)			Total
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents Taxes for other governments Other assets Capital assets, net	\$	116,847 601 7 -	\$	127 - -	\$	21,132 - 4,262 15	\$	138,106 601 4,269 15
Total assets	\$	117,455	\$	127	\$	25,409	\$	142,991
LIABILITIES								
Other current liabilities Other long-term liabilities	\$	79,727 9	\$	-	\$	9,779 -	\$	89,506 9
Total liabilities	\$	79,736	\$	-	\$	9,779	\$	89,515
NET POSITION Restricted for:	¢	37,719	¢	127	¢	15,630	¢	F2 476
Individuals, organizations, and other governments	\$	57,119	\$	12/	\$	13,030	Þ	53,476

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 (IN THOUSANDS)

	Clearing and Revolving Funds (96 Funds)	1915 Act Service Funds (5 Funds)	Other Custodial Funds (26 Funds)	Total
ADDITIONS				
Interest Property taxes collected for other governments Sales taxes collected for other governments Other Income	\$ 3,254 252,300 - 18,137	\$ 3 35 - -	\$ 224 - 17,443 6,216	\$ 3,481 252,335 17,443 24,353
Total additions	273,691	38	23,883	297,612
DEDUCTIONS				
Administrative expenses Interest expenses Payments to other local governments Property taxes distributed to other governments	27 26,969 1,697 231,211	- 4 - 42	1 - - 22,492	28 26,973 1,697 253,745
Total deductions	259,904	46	22,493	282,443
Change in net position	13,787	(8)	1,390	15,169
Net position - beginning	23,932	135	14,240	38,307
Net position - ending	\$ 37,719	\$ 127	\$ 15,630	\$ 53,476

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION INVESTMENT TRUST FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024 (IN THOUSANDS)

	I	School Districts 6 Funds)	C	Special Districts 5 Funds)	Courts Funds)	Loc	Other al Boards 7 Funds)	 Total
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	693,283	\$	22,796	\$ 1,643	\$	44,649	\$ 762,371
Total assets	\$	693,283	\$	22,796	\$ 1,643	\$	44,649	\$ 762,371
NET POSITION Net position held in trust for pool participants	\$	693,283	\$	22,796	\$ 1,643	\$	44,649	\$ 762,371
Total Net Position	\$	693,283	\$	22,796	\$ 1,643	\$	44,649	\$ 762,371

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION INVESTMENT TRUST FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024 (IN THOUSANDS)

	School Districts (26 Funds)	Special Districts (25 Funds)	Courts (6 Funds)	Other Local Boards (17 Funds)	Total
<u>Additions</u> Contributions to pooled investments Interest	\$ 1,371,550 17,361	\$ 13,011 822	\$ 14,903 	\$ 58,278 844	\$ 1,457,742 19,027
Total additions	1,388,911	13,833	14,903	59,122	1,476,769
<u>Deductions</u> Distributions from investment pool	1,361,688	16,395	14,569	49,076	1,441,728
Total deductions	1,361,688	16,395	14,569	49,076	1,441,728
Change in net position	27,223	(2,562)	334	10,046	35,041
Net position - beginning	666,060	25,358	1,309	34,603	727,330
Net position - ending	\$ 693,283	\$ 22,796	\$ 1,643	\$ 44,649	\$ 762,371



GENERAL FUND DETAIL BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES



General Government - Expenditures Lecislative and Administrative Administrative Office: Salaries, wages, and benefits \$ 2,943 \$ 2,927 \$ 2,455 \$ 472 Salaries, wages, and benefits \$ 2,943 \$ 2,927 \$ 2,455 \$ 472 Services and supplies 747 $5,933$ $2,610$ $3,323$ Other charges - $4,323$ $2,722$ $1,601$ Expenditure transfers and reimbursements (120) (122) 2 Total $3,570$ $13,063$ $7,665$ $5,398$ Board of Supervisors: 347 451 318 133 Expenditure transfers and benefits $1,762$ $1,764$ $1,694$ 70 Salaries, wages, and benefits $3,109$ $2,979$ $2,829$ 150 Services and supplies $1,407$ $1,549$ $1,464$ 85 Expenditure transfers and benefits 277 277 277 237 Communications & Outreach: 236 236 163 73	Description	Original Budget		Final Budget	/	Actual	ance with I Budget
Administrative Office: Salaries, wages, and benefits \$ 2,943 \$ 2,927 \$ 2,455 \$ 472 Services and supplies 747 5,933 2,610 3,323 Other charges - 4,323 2,722 1,601 Expenditure transfers and reimbursements (120) (122) 2 2 Total 3,570 13,063 7,665 5,398 Board of Supervisors: 347 451 318 133 Expenditure transfers and reimbursements (63) (63) (63) - Total 2,046 2,152 1,949 203 Clerk/Recorder: 3,109 2,979 2,829 150 Salaries, wages, and benefits 3,109 2,979 2,829 150 Services and supplies 1,407 1,549 1,464 85 Expenditure transfers and reimbursements - - (2) 2 Total 4,516 4,528 4,291 237 Communications & Outreach: 236 236 163 73 Salaries, wages, and benefits	General Government - Expenditures						
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $							
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Services and supplies	\$	\$	5,933	\$	2,610	\$ 3,323
Salaries, wages, and benefits 1,762 1,764 1,694 70 Services and supplies 347 451 318 133 Expenditure transfers and reimbursements (63) (63) (63) - Total 2,046 2,152 1,949 203 Clerk/Recorder: 3109 2,979 2,829 150 Services and supplies 1,407 1,549 1,464 85 Expenditure transfers and reimbursements - - (2) 2 Total 4,516 4,528 4,291 237 Communications & Outreach: 314 236 236 163 73 Salaries, wages, and benefits 277 277 253 24 Expenditure transfers and reimbursements (100) (100) (125) 236 Total 236 236 163 73 Total 236 236 163 73 Total 10,368 19,979 14,068 5,911 Finance Assessor: 230 12,830 11,957	Expenditure transfers and reimbursements			(120)		(122)	 2
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		 1 762		1 764		1 694	70
Total $2,046$ $2,152$ $1,949$ 203 Clerk/Recorder: Salaries, wages, and benefits $3,109$ $2,979$ $2,829$ 150 Services and supplies $1,407$ $1,549$ $1,464$ 85 Expenditure transfers and reimbursements $ (2)$ 2 Total $4,516$ $4,528$ $4,291$ 237 Communications & Outreach: Salaries, wages, and benefits 277 277 253 24 Expenditure transfers and reimbursements (100) (125) 25 Total 236 236 163 73 Total 236 236 163 73 Total 236 236 163 73 Total Legislative and Administrative $10,368$ $19,979$ $14,068$ $5,911$ Finance Assessor: Salaries, wages, and benefits $11,654$ $11,654$ $10,947$ 707 Services and supplies $1,176$ $1,176$ $1,176$ $1,999$ 835 Auditor-Controller-Treasurer-Tax Collector Public Administrator: Salaries, wages, and benefits $9,735$ $9,735$ $8,882$ 853 Services and supplies 754 916 621 295 Expenditure transfers and reimbursements (18) (18) (29) 111 Total $10,471$ $10,633$ $9,474$ $1,159$	Services and supplies	347		451		318	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Total						 203
Total $4,516$ $4,528$ $4,291$ 237 Communications & Outreach: Salaries, wages, and benefits 277 277 253 24 Services and supplies 59 59 35 24 Expenditure transfers and reimbursements (100) (100) (125) 25 Total 236 236 163 73 Total Legislative and Administrative $10,368$ $19,979$ $14,068$ $5,911$ Finance Assessor: Salaries, wages, and benefits $11,654$ $11,654$ $10,947$ 707 Services and supplies $1,176$ $1,176$ $1,019$ 157 Capital outlay - leases/SBITAs - 29 (29) Total $12,830$ $12,830$ $11,995$ 835 Auditor-Controller-Treasurer-Tax Collector - 29 (29) (29) Public Administrator: $9,735$ $9,735$ $8,882$ 853 Services and supplies 754 916 621 295 Expenditure transfers and reimbursements (18) </td <td>Salaries, wages, and benefits</td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td></td>	Salaries, wages, and benefits	•				•	
$\begin{array}{c cccc} Salaries, wages, and benefits & 277 & 277 & 253 & 24 \\ Services and supplies & 59 & 59 & 35 & 24 \\ Expenditure transfers and reimbursements & (100) & (100) & (125) & 25 \\ Total & 236 & 236 & 163 & 73 \\ \hline Total Legislative and Administrative & 10,368 & 19,979 & 14,068 & 5,911 \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ Finance \\ \hline \\ Assessor: \\ Salaries, wages, and benefits & 11,654 & 11,654 & 10,947 & 707 \\ Services and supplies & 1,176 & 1,176 & 1,019 & 157 \\ \hline \\ Capital outlay - leases/SBITAs & - & - & 29 & (29) \\ Total & 12,830 & 12,830 & 11,995 & 835 \\ \hline \\ Auditor-Controller-Treasurer-Tax Collector \\ Public Administrator: \\ Salaries, wages, and benefits & 9,735 & 9,735 & 8,882 & 853 \\ Services and supplies & 754 & 916 & 621 & 295 \\ \hline \\ Expenditure transfers and reimbursements & (18) & (18) & (29) & 11 \\ Total & 10,471 & 10,633 & 9,474 & 1,159 \\ \hline \end{array}$	•	 - 4,516		- 4,528			
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Communications & Outreach:						
Expenditure transfers and reimbursements (100) (100) (125) 25 Total 236 236 163 73 Total Legislative and Administrative $10,368$ $19,979$ $14,068$ $5,911$ Finance Assessor: Salaries, wages, and benefits $11,654$ $11,654$ $10,947$ 707 Services and supplies $1,176$ $1,176$ $1,019$ 157 Capital outlay - leases/SBITAs 29 (29) Total $12,830$ $12,830$ $11,995$ 835 Auditor-Controller-Treasurer-Tax Collector Public Administrator: Salaries, wages, and benefits $9,735$ $9,735$ $8,882$ 853 Services and supplies 754 916 621 295 Expenditure transfers and reimbursements (18) (18) (29) 11 Total $10,471$ $10,633$ $9,474$ $1,159$							
Total 236 236 163 73 Total Legislative and Administrative $10,368$ $19,979$ $14,068$ $5,911$ Einance Assessor: Salaries, wages, and benefits $11,654$ $11,654$ $10,947$ 707 Services and supplies $1,176$ $1,176$ $1,019$ 157 Capital outlay - leases/SBITAs $ 29$ (29) Total $12,830$ $12,830$ $11,995$ 835 Auditor-Controller-Treasurer-Tax Collector Public Administrator: Salaries, wages, and benefits $9,735$ $9,735$ $8,882$ 853 Services and supplies 754 916 621 295 Expenditure transfers and reimbursements (18) (18) (29) 11 Total $10,471$ $10,633$ $9,474$ $1,159$							
$\begin{array}{c c} \hline Finance \\ \hline Assessor: \\ Salaries, wages, and benefits \\ Services and supplies \\ Capital outlay - leases/SBITAs \\ Total \\ \hline Auditor-Controller-Treasurer-Tax Collector \\ Public Administrator: \\ Salaries, wages, and benefits \\ Services and supplies \\ Final \\ \hline Description (18) \\ \hline Description ($							73
Assessor:11,65411,65410,947707Salaries, wages, and benefits1,1761,1761,019157Capital outlay - leases/SBITAs29(29)Total12,83012,83011,995835Auditor-Controller-Treasurer-Tax Collector9,7359,7358,882853Services and supplies9,7359,7358,882853Services and supplies754916621295Expenditure transfers and reimbursements(18)(18)(29)11Total10,47110,6339,4741,159	Total Legislative and Administrative	 10,368		19,979		14,068	 5,911
Services and supplies $1,176$ $1,176$ $1,019$ 157 Capital outlay - leases/SBITAs29(29)Total12,83012,83011,995835Auditor-Controller-Treasurer-Tax Collector $12,830$ 12,83011,995835Public Administrator: $9,735$ $9,735$ $8,882$ 853Services and supplies 754 916621295Expenditure transfers and reimbursements (18) (29) 11Total $10,471$ $10,633$ $9,474$ $1,159$	Assessor:						
Capital outlay - leases/SBITAs-29(29)Total12,83012,83011,995835Auditor-Controller-Treasurer-Tax Collector Public Administrator: Salaries, wages, and benefits9,7359,7358,882853Services and supplies754916621295Expenditure transfers and reimbursements(18)(18)(29)11Total10,47110,6339,4741,159		,		•		•	
Total12,83012,83011,995835Auditor-Controller-Treasurer-Tax Collector Public Administrator: Salaries, wages, and benefits9,7359,7358,882853Services and supplies754916621295Expenditure transfers and reimbursements(18)(18)(29)11Total10,47110,6339,4741,159	••	1,176		1,176		•	
Public Administrator: 9,735 9,735 8,882 853 Salaries, wages, and benefits 9,735 9,735 8,882 853 Services and supplies 754 916 621 295 Expenditure transfers and reimbursements (18) (18) (29) 11 Total 10,471 10,633 9,474 1,159		 12,830		12,830			
Services and supplies 754 916 621 295 Expenditure transfers and reimbursements (18) (18) (29) 11 Total 10,471 10,633 9,474 1,159							
Expenditure transfers and reimbursements (18) (18) (29) 11 Total 10,471 10,633 9,474 1,159		9,735		9,735		8,882	853
Total 10,471 10,633 9,474 1,159							
		 		· · · ·			

Description	Driginal Budget	Final Budget	/	Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
General Government - Expenditures (continued)							
Counsel							
County Counsel:							
Salaries, wages, and benefits	\$ 4,759	\$ 4,759	\$	4,411	\$ 348		
Capital outlay	8	8		8	-		
Services and supplies	 813	 1,977		505	 1,472		
Total Counsel	 5,580	 6,744		4,924	 1,820		
Personnel							
Personnel:	7 001	6 005		6 6 1 2	272		
Salaries, wages, and benefits	7,001	6,985		6,613	372		
Services and supplies	3,167	3,381		3,268	113		
Expenditure transfers and reimbursement	 (1,650)	 (1,650)		(1,532)	 (118)		
Total Personnel	 8,518	 8,716		8,349	 367		
Talent Development:							
Salaries, wages, and benefits	264	285		274	11		
Services and supplies	448	459		457	2		
Expenditure transfers and reimbursement	(6)	(6)		-	(6)		
Total Talent Development	 706	 738		731	 7		
Total Personnel	 9,224	 9,454		9,080	 374		
Property Management							
Facilities Management:							
Salaries, wages, and benefits	5,433	5,546		5,345	201		
Services and supplies	4,605	4,858		4,729	129		
Expenditure transfers and reimbursements	(2,067)	(2,091)		(2,311)	220		
Total	 7,971	8,313		7,763	550		
Maintenance Projects:							
Services and supplies	3,681	13,026		3,147	9,879		
Expenditure transfers and reimbursements	, -	, (124)		, (21)	, (103)		
Total	 3,681	 12,902		3,126	 9,776		
	 <u> </u>	 <u>,</u>		<u> </u>			
Central Services							
Salaries, wages, and benefits	2,515	2,515		2,377	138		
Services and supplies	3,566	3,595		1,245	2,350		
Other charges	128	128		121	7		
Expenditure transfers and reimbursements	 (587)	 (587)		(806)	 219		
Total	 5,622	 5,651		2,937	 2,714		
Total Property Management	 17,274	 26,866		13,826	 13,040		
					 continued		

<u>General Government - Expenditures</u> (continued) Other General)				
Information Technology: Salaries, wages, and benefits Services and supplies Other charges	\$	15,807 6,820 -	\$ 16,028 7,213 2,742	\$ 15,397 4,296 190	\$ 631 2,917 2,552
Capital outlay Expenditure transfers and reimbursements Total		- (3,956) 18,671	 - (3,956) 22,027	 65 (3,855) 16,093	 (65) (101) 5,934
Non-Department Financing Uses: Services and supplies Expenditure transfers and reimbursements		- (18,081)	907 (18,081)	- (18,111)	907 30
Total		(18,081)	 (17,174)	 (18,111)	 937
Contributions to Other Agencies: Services and supplies Total		1,707 1,707	 1,788 1,788	 1,747 1,747	 41 41
Non-Department Other: Services and supplies Total		603 603	 683 683	 398 398	 285 285
Total Other General		2,900	 7,324	 127	 7,197
Total General Government		68,647	 93,830	 63,494	 30,336
Public Protection - Expenditures Judicial Court Operations Funds					
Court Operations Fund: Services and supplies Other charges Total		 2,527 2,527	 	 215 2,457 2,672	 (215) 70 (145)
District Attorney: Salaries, wages, and benefits Services and supplies Other charges		21,216 2,816 316	 20,966 3,202 486	 19,557 2,925 338	 1,409 277 148
Capital outlay Expenditure transfers and reimbursements Total		(26)	 21 (26) 24,649	 516 (1) 23,335	 (495) (25) 1,314
Child Support Services: Salaries, wages, and benefits Services and supplies Total		4,410 955 5,365	 4,410 955 5,365	 3,651 548 4,199	 759 407 1,166
Grand Jury: Salaries, wages, and benefits Services and supplies Expenditure transfers and reimbursements		44 89 (8)	44 90 (8)	21 83 (7)	23 7 (1)
Total		125	 126	 97	 29

Public Protection - Expenditures (continued)

<u>Judicial</u> (continued)				
Public Defender:				
Services and supplies	\$ 8,665	\$ 9,029	\$ 9,164	\$ (135)
Total	8,665	9,029	9,164	(135)
Total Judicial	41,004	41,696	39,467	2,229
Police Protection				
Sheriff-Coroner:				
Salaries, wages, and benefits	85,819	89,461	86,445	3,016
Services and supplies	18,679	20,637	18,368	2,269
Other charges	-	513	162	351
Capital outlay	507	2,275	543	1,732
Expenditure transfers and reimbursements Total Police Protection	(1,597) 103,408	(3,086) 109,800	(2,621) 102,897	(465) 6,903
	105,400	109,800	102,697	0,905
Detention and Correction				
Probation Department:	24 427	24 551	22 150	2 202
Salaries, wages, and benefits	24,427 6,736	24,551 6,794	22,158	2,393 725
Services and supplies Other charges	119	920	6,069 123	725 797
Capital outlay	41	46	37	9
Expenditure transfers and reimbursements	(277)	(440)	(440)	-
Total Detention and Correction	31,046	31,871	27,947	3,924
Fire Protection				
County Fire: Services and supplies	30,032	30,510	29,144	1 266
Capital outlay	30,032	6,267	4,437	1,366 1,830
Expenditure transfers and reimbursements	(8)	(8)	(5)	(3)
Total Fire Protection	30,024	36,769	33,576	3,193
	30,021		33,370	3,193
Protective Inspection				
Agricultural Commissioner:	7 202	7 1 5 4	C 7C0	204
Salaries, wages, and benefits	7,202 1,040	7,154 1,088	6,760 1,032	394 56
Services and supplies Expenditure transfers and reimbursements	·	•	,	50
Total Protective Inspection	<u>(2)</u> 8,240	(2) 8,240	<u>(2)</u> 7,790	450
·	0,240	0,240	7,750	+30
Other Protection				
Animal Services:	0 705	2 520	2.2.47	202
Salaries, wages, and benefits	2,735	2,539	2,247	292
Services and supplies	1,166	1,384	1,361 31	23
Capital outlay Total	3,901	<u>31</u> 3,954	3,639	315
		J, ///	5,059	
				continued

Public Protection - Expenditures (continued)

Other Protection (continued)						
Emergency Services:						
Salaries, wages, and benefits Services and supplies	\$ 1,330	\$	1,531	\$ 1,308 900	\$	223 263
Other charges	848 350		1,163 517	900 954		(437)
Capital outlay			464	60		404
Total	2,528		3,675	 3,222		453
Planning Department:						
Salaries, wages, and benefits	17,469		17,469	14,958		2,511
Services and supplies	2,931		6,775	2,919		3,856
Other Charges	336		362	25		337
Expenditure transfers and reimbursements	 (138)		(138)	 (113)		(25)
Total	20,598		24,468	 17,789		6,679
Waste Management:						
Services and supplies	 1,810	_	1,970	 1,744	_	226
Total	 1,810		1,970	 1,744		226
Total Other Protection	 28,837		34,067	 26,394		7,673
Total Public Protection	 242,559		262,443	 238,071		24,372
Public Ways and Facilities - Expenditures						
Public Works:						
Services and supplies	4,324		5,179	2,803		2,376
Other charges Total	4,324		321 5,500	 <u> </u>		315 2,691
	 1,521		5,500	 2,005		2,001
Groundwater Sustainability						
Salaries, wages, and benefits	252		252	252		-
Services and supplies Total	 1,403 1,655		9,509 9,761	 4,949 5,201		4,560 4,560
lotal	1,035		9,701	 5,201		4,300
Total Public Ways and Facilities	 5,979		15,261	 8,010		7,251
Health and Sanitation - Expenditures						
<u>Health</u>						
Public Health:						
Salaries, wages, and benefits	36,192		37,032	31,076		5,956
Services and supplies Other charges	10,527 875		15,640 7,769	9,637 3,441		6,003 4,328
Capital outlay			61	406		(345)
Expenditure transfers and reimbursements	(5,332)		(5,486)	(5,452)		(34)
Total	 42,262		55,016	 39,108		15,908

<u>Health and Sanitation - Expenditures</u> (continued) <u>Health</u> (continued) Behavioral Health:	1)				
Salaries, wages, and benefits Services and supplies Other charges Expenditure transfers and reimbursements Total	(7,175 9,576 2,070 (1,998) 6,823	\$ 43,300 72,309 2,952 (1,998) 116,563	\$ 38,720 63,821 2,675 (1,919) 103,297	\$ 4,580 8,488 277 (79) 13,266
Total Health	14	9,085	 171,579	 142,405	 29,174
Total Health and Sanitation	14	9,085	 171,579	 142,405	 29,174
<u>Public Assistance - Expenditures</u> <u>Administration</u> Department of Social Services:					
Salaries, wages, and benefits Services and supplies Other charges Capital outlay Expenditure transfers and reimbursements Total Administration	2	67,377 22,914 .2,098 25 (85) 02,329	 67,713 24,257 13,591 247 (85) 105,723	 64,410 23,016 11,460 123 (336) 98,673	 3,303 1,241 2,131 124 251 7,050
<u>Aid Programs</u> Aid Foster Care Non-Fed: Services and supplies Other charges Expenditure transfers and reimbursement Total		92 28,437 - 28,529	 92 28,798 - 28,890	 92 27,336 (134) 27,294	 1,462 134 1,596
Calworks Assistance: Other charges Total		4,062	 14,670 14,670	 14,669 14,669	 <u>1</u> 1
Total Aid Programs	4	2,591	 43,560	 41,963	 1,597
<u>General Relief</u> General Relief: Other charges Total General Relief		2,033 2,033	 2,051 2,051	 2,050 2,050	 <u>1</u> 1

Public Assistance - Expenditures (continued)								
Veterans Service Veterans Service:								
Salaries, wages, and benefits	\$	1,001	\$	1,001	\$	1,043	\$	(42)
Services and supplies	Ψ	121	Ψ	131	Ψ	106	Ψ	25
Expenditure transfers and reimbursements		-		-		(35)		35
Total Veterans Service		1,122		1,132		1,114		18
		1,122		1,132		1,117		10
Other Assistance Law Enforcement Med Care:								
Services and supplies		11,756		13,600		12,752		848
Expenditure transfers and reimbursements		(242)		(242)		(242)		-
Total Other Assistance		11,514		13,358		12,510		848
Total Public Assistance		159,589		165,824		156,310		9,514
Education - Expenditures								
Agricultural Education								
UC Cooperative Extension								
Salaries, wages, and benefits		567		567		534		33
Services and supplies		97		112		110		2
Total Agricultural Education		664		679		644		35
Total Education		664		679		644		35
Recreation and Culture - Expenditures								
<u>Community Parks</u> Salaries, wages, and benefits		2 704		2 601		2 572		108
Services and supplies		3,794 2,363		3,681 2,859		3,573 2,794		65
Capital outlay		34		5,381		14		5,367
Other Charges		114		204		145		59
Expenditure transfers and reimbursements		(88)		(88)		(127)		39
Total Community Parks		6,217		12,037		6,399		5,638
Total Recreation and Culture		6,217		12,037		6,399		5,638
Debt Service								
Debt service: principal		-		-		7,258		(7,258)
Debt service: interest		-		-		867		(867)
Total Debt Service		-		-		8,125		(8,125)
Total General Fund - Expenditures		632,740		721,653		623,458		98,195
(Before Contingencies)								

<u>Contingencies</u> <u>Appropriation for Contingencies</u> Contingencies - General Fund:						
Appropriation for contingency	\$	33,499	\$ 31,716	\$	-	\$ 31,716
Total		33,499	 31,716		-	 31,716
Total Appropriation for Contingency		33,499	 31,716		-	 31,716
Total Contingency		33,499	 31,716		-	 31,716
Total General Fund Expenditures	\$	666,239	\$ 753,369	\$	623,458	\$ 129,911
Explanation of Differences between Budgetary Outfle Expenditures	ows an	d gaap				
Uses/outflows of resources						
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) from the Budget to Actual Comparison Schedule				\$	623,458	
Differences - budget to GAAP:						
Expenditures by funds no longer meeting the special fund classification which are presented with the Ge Fund for financial reporting purposes		ue			14,798	
Total expenditures as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds				\$	638,256	
				4	030,230	

STATISTICAL SECTION



COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO

Statistical Section

This part of the County of San Luis Obispo's (County) annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding this year's financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information.

Financial Tuenda Information	Page
Financial Trends Information These schedules contain trend information that may assist the reader in assessing the County's current financial performance by placing it in historical perspective	158
Revenue Capacity Information These schedules contain information that may assist the reader in assessing the viability of the County's two most significant local revenue sources: property taxes and sales taxes.	163
Debt Capacity Information These schedules present information that may assist the reader in analyzing the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future	168
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators that are commonly used for financial analysis and that can enhance a reader's understanding of the County's present and ongoing financial status	171
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure indicators about how the information in the County's financial statements relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs	173

County of San Luis Obispo Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands) (UNA UDITED)

	2	014-15		2015-16		2016-17	 2017-18		2018-19	 2019-20	 2020-21	 2021-22		2022-23	 2023-24
Governmental Activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activities net position	\$	1,130,241 37,722 (150,074) 1,017,889	\$	1,168,573 41,230 (170,962) 1,038,841	\$	1,178,967 64,822 (226,970) 1,016,819	\$ 1,185,073 29,836 (217,606) 997,303	\$	1,188,830 41,281 (220,206) 1,009,905	\$ 1,202,709 66,655 (286,622) 982,742	\$ 1,210,972 104,024 (248,517) 1,066,479	\$ 1,216,907 98,489 (193,229) 1,122,167	\$	1,229,892 173,086 (297,796) 1,105,182	\$ 1,259,302 177,598 (290,718) 1,146,182
Business-Type Activities Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted Total business-Type activities net position	\$	213,455 97,173 310,628	\$	237,157 93,158 330,315	\$	270,246 85,316 355,562	\$ 283,410 73,113 356,523	\$	285,888 83,039 368,927	\$ 288,781 94,335 383,116	\$ 283,512 110,255 393,767	\$ 296,939 118,114 415,053	\$ \$	293,062 127,391 420,453	\$ 307,522 126,774 434,296
Total Primary Government Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total primary government net position	\$	1,343,696 37,722 (52,901) 1,328,517	\$ \$	1,405,730 41,230 (77,804) 1,369,156	\$ \$	1,449,213 64,822 (141,654) 1,372,381	\$ 1,468,483 29,836 (144,493) 1,353,826	\$ \$	1,474,718 41,281 (137,167) 1,378,832	\$ 1,491,490 66,655 (192,287) 1,365,858	\$ 1,494,484 104,024 (138,262) 1,460,246	\$ 1,513,846 98,489 (75,115) 1,537,220	\$	1,522,954 173,086 (170,405) 1,525,635	\$ 1,566,824 177,598 (163,944) 1,580,478

Note: With the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68, which required the presentation of the County's net pension obligation, Unrestricted Net Position became negative.

Source: Statement of Net Position

County of San Luis Obispo Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands) (UNAUDITED)

	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24
Program Expenses										
Governmental Activities										
General government	\$ 45,598	\$ 53,282	\$ 56,390	\$ 56,858	\$ 54,434	\$ 53,926	\$ 55,612	\$ 54,592	\$ 37,088	\$ 67,933
Public protection	162,432	170,134	187,255	183,814	213,809	241,749	204,861	204,993	254,728	257,497
Public ways and facilities	34,136	33,418	32,098	41,606	34,202	33,199	36,017	35,995	55,375	50,230
Health and sanitation	78,137	88,326	99,150	103,822	119,259	113,463	121,358	132,713	152,565	174,990
Public assistance	110,470	118,089	125,102	122,753	131,432	132,868	134,476	132,751	201,741	168,272
Education	9,457	11,934	12,787	12,754	12,698	14,322	14,213	11,930	15,256	13,756
Recreation and cultural services	9,755	8,702	10,385	8,927	11,891	11,501	10,497	12,310	13,754	14,202
Interest on long term debt	5,124	4,602	4,555	11,840	1,468	7,057	9,645	7,947	11,299	12,529
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	455,109	488,487	527,722	542,374	579,193	608,085	586,679	593,231	741,806	759,409
Business-Type Activities Expenses										
Airport	6,187	6,117	6,391	7,966	8,398	10,133	9,146	11,366	26,498	15,333
Golf	2,968	3,131	3,111	3,297	3,491	3,347	3,869	4,231	4,884	5,500
State Water Contract	6,351	5,848	5,571	5,909	6,973	7,709	6,928	5,924	6,882	7,404
Nacimiento Water Contract	15,776	14,888	14,191	14,044	14,318	13,257	14,816	13,889	14,170	12,571
Lopez Flood Control	6,128	6,220	6,387	7,072	7,004	6,733	7,087	6,941	7,708	8,145
Lopez Park	4	4	4	3	3	2	1	-	-	-
General Flood Control Zone - Salinas Dam	845	824	851	1,056	1,142	913	1,170	1,521	1,490	1,847
County Service Areas	4,194	4,065	4,218	4,445	4,747	4,670	4,697	5,636	7,340	6,463
Los Osos Wastewater	235	3,807	10,322	10,918	11,544	11,636	11,581	11,663	12,597	11,861
Total Business-Type Activities Expenses	42,688	44,904	51,046	54,710	57,620	58,400	59,295	61,171	81,569	69,124
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$ 497,797	\$ 533,391	\$ 578,768	\$ 597,084	\$ 636,813	\$ 666,485	\$ 645,974	\$ 654,402	\$ 823,375	\$ 828,533
Program Revenues										
Governmental Activities										
Fees, Fines, Charges for Services										
General government	\$ 12,407	\$ 13,702	\$ 14,839	\$ 12,937	\$ 13,484	\$ 12,967	\$ 15,502	\$ 14,414	\$ 16,808	\$ 13,935
Public protection	20,774	20,768	21,231	23,666	22,946	21,291	23,552	23,648	25,758	26,358
Public ways and facilities	4,255	9,434	7,462	6,155	5,721	4,797	5,532	4,343	4,974	4,449
Health and sanitation	6,631	7,179	6,757	7,501	7,698	8,571	8,038	8,022	8,130	10,637
Public assistance	2,077	2,107	2,032	1,763	1,194	1,155	926	950	901	1,074
Education	2,998	1,952	1,644	2,006	1,943	2,193	1,622	1,315	2,313	1,278
Recreation and cultural services	5,056	4,975	5,127	5,592	5,515	4,295	5,714	6,113	6,094	6,229
Operating Grants and Contributions	5,050	1,575	5,127	5,552	5,515	1,255	5,711	0,115	0,001	0,225
General government	54	735	748	321	200	685	789	2,058	19,120	13,980
Public protection	62,359	63,528	52,205	58,184	59,592	59,974	67,187	76,907	79,867	81,679
Public ways and facilities	14,145	11,025	9,918	11,506	10,485	11,302	11,073	14,279	22,753	28,316
Health and sanitation	62,338	61,950	67,626	76,494	76,211	74,699	91,988	107,891	107,717	134,746
Public assistance	94,775	98,414	102,784	105,848	107,758	114,525	113,555	123,834	137,154	139,484
Education	105	124	132	173	143	204	219	374	247	374
Recreation and cultural services	131	153	273	671	200	230	271	511	1,794	1,015
Capital Grants and Contributions	101	100	2,5	0/1	200	250	2/1	511	2,751	1,015
General government	156	45	-	349	930	-	-	-	1.000	1,489
Public protection	9,701	4,420	7,820	656	1,197	1,799	3,814	43		1,256
Public ways and facilities	6,435	6,031	6,655	8,893	14,361	17,732	12,856	11,993	4,516	10,842
Health and sanitation										10,0 12
Education	_		_		_	267			_	-
Recreation and cultural services	1.776	10.804	1,157	191	28	86	189	413	855	1,213
Total Governmental Activities	306,173	317,346	308,410	322,906	329,606	336,772	362,827	397,108	440,001	478,354
		51,7510	500,110		525,500		552,527	557,200		

Source: Statement of Activities

(continued)

County of San Luis Obispo Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands) (UNAUDITED)

	2014-15	2(015-16	2	2016-17		2017-18		2018-19	2	019-20	2	2020-21	2	2021-22	2	2022-23	2	023-24
Business-Type Activities Fees, Fines, Charges for Services																			
Airport	\$ 4,883	\$	5,165	\$	5,662	\$	7,158	\$	8,947	\$	8,300	\$	6,140	\$	9,314	\$	11,724	\$	15,131
Golf	\$ 1,865 2,967	ş	2,589	ş	2,291	ş	2,584	P	2,717	æ	2,750	æ	4,376	P	4,843	æ	4,738	æ	5,327
State Water Contract	6,562		6,846		5,941		6,110		7,656		7,825		7,470		5,691		7,367		7,754
Nacimiento Water Contract	9,682		17,048		15,149		15,709		16,947		16,732		17,458		16,696		15,596		15,723
Lopez Flood Control	6,208		6,530		6,708		6,677		7,148		6,978		6,927		7,451		7,918		7,379
Lopez Park	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
General Flood Control Zone - Salinas Dam	794		960		904		909		913		2,884		1,370		1,234		1,380		1,985
County Service Areas	3,408		-		2,301		3,662		3,894		4,492		4,702		4,739		5,500		5,449
Los Osos Wastewater	-		3,551		3,620		4,467		5,100		5,245		5,324		7,129		7,425		7,248
Operating Grants and Contributions																			
Airport	126		126		126		396		328		4,644		7,580		5,823		5,599		2,302
Golf	269		-		1,017		-		-		-		105		-		-		-
State Water Contract	13		13		14		14		14		14		15		14		14		18
Nacimiento Water Contract	9		9		-		6		-		-		-		-		-		-
Lopez Flood Control	8		8		-		7		5		5		6		6		6		8
Lopez Park	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
General Flood Control Zone - Salinas Dam	-		-		-		-		26		-		-		-		-		37
County Service Areas	211		295		3		3		13		3		3		3		3		3
Los Osos Wastewater Capital Grants and Contributions	-		2,810		18		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Airport	365		7,069		15,379		2,211		3,139		505		1,138		12,259				
Nacimiento Water Contract							2,211				-		200						
County Service Areas	-		-				-		-		-		-						
Los Osos Wastewater	26,385		4,157		10,086		2,982		4,860		2,618		2,546		2,847		963		2,333
Total Business-Type Activities Revenues	61,890		57,176		69,219		52,919		61,707		62,995		65,360		78,049		68,233		70,697
Total Primary Government Revenues	\$ 368,063	\$	374,522	\$	377,629	\$	375,825	\$	391,313	\$	399,767	\$	428,187	\$	475,157	\$	508,234	\$	549,051
	-															_			
Net (Expense)/Revenues																			
Governmental Activities	\$ (148,936)	\$	(171,141)	\$	(219,312)	\$	(219,468)	\$	(249,587)	\$	(271,313)	\$	(223,852)	\$	(196,123)	\$	(301,805)	\$	(281,055)
Business-Type Activities	19,202		12,272		18,173		(1,791)		4,087		4,595		6,065		16,878		(13,336)		1,573
Total Primary Government net expense	\$ (129,734)	\$	(158,869)	\$	(201,139)	\$	(221,259)	\$	(245,500)	\$	(266,718)	\$	(217,787)	\$	(179,245)	\$	(315,141)	\$	(279,482)
	2014-15	2	015-16		2016-17		2017-18		2018-19		2019-20		2020-21		2021-22		2022-23	2	023-24
General Revenue and Other Changes in Net Position																			
Governmental Activities					172 172				100.000				200 274						245.025
Property taxes Other taxes	\$ 155,374 22,984	\$	163,367	\$	173,153 23,072	\$	180,051	\$	189,689 27,224	\$	198,927 27,878	\$	208,371 34,440	\$	216,107	\$	235,064 37,417	\$	245,825
	22,984 3,174		21,953		23,072 3,289		25,708		27,224 12,952				-		41,804		37,417 13,395		38,278 33,512
Interest and investment income	3,174 13,327		4,401 3,140		3,289		3,171 2,740		2,115		12,849 3,845		696 41,157		(16,312) 9,001		5,334		5,567
Unrestricted grants Other revenues	15,527		5,140		5		2,740		35,445		1,144		4,813		9,001 1,424		306		558
Transfers	(2,676)		(768)		(2,292)		2,267		(625)		(493)		282		(213)		(6,696)		(1,685)
Special item	(2)070,		(, 00)		(2,252)		-		(025)		-		-		(215)		(0,050)		-
Total Governmental Activities	192,183		192,093		197,290		213,939		266,800		244,150		289,759		251,811		284,820		322,055
	-																		
Business-Type Activities																			
Property taxes	4,782		4,782		3,814		3,858		3,912		4,043		4,387		4,380		4,944		5,045
Other taxes	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Interest and investment income	659		847		630		1,272		1,590		2,169		405		(1,333)		1,814		4,575
Other revenues	183		268		338		-		574		2,889		76		1,148		5,282		965
Transfers	2,676		768		2,292		(2,267)		625		493		(282)		213		6,696		1,685
Total Business-Type Activities	8,300		6,665		7,074		2,863		6,701		9,594		4,586		4,408		18,736		12,270
Total Primary Government	\$ 200,483	\$	198,758	Ş	204,364	\$	216,802	\$	273,501	\$	253,744	\$	294,345	\$	256,219	\$	303,556	\$	334,325
Change in Net Position																			
Governmental Activities	\$ 43,247	Ś	20,952	Ś	(22,022)	\$	(5,529)	\$	17,213	\$	(27,163)	\$	65,907	Ś	55,688	¢	(16,985)	\$	41,000
Business-Type Activities	27,502	4	18,937	Ŧ	25,247	٣	1,072	٣	10,788	¥	14,189	*	10,651	÷	21,286	4	5,400	Ŧ	13,843
Total Primary Government	\$ 70,749	Ś	39,889	¢	3,225	\$	(4,457)	\$	28,001	\$	(12,974)	\$	76,558	Ś	76,974	¢	(11,585)	\$	54,843
. out i findi y doverninene	- /0,/49	, ,	55,005	ږ	5,225	<u>ې</u>	(1,-1,-1)	P	20,001	ې	(12,2/7)	ې	0,000	ڊ	70,974	ې	(11,303)	ې	51,015

Source: Statement of Activities

County of San Luis Obispo Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands) (UNAUDITED)

	20	014-15	2	015-16	20	016-17	2	017-18	2	018-19	2	019-20	20	20-21	2	021-22	2	022-23	2	023-24
General Fund																				
Nonspendable	\$	5,089	\$	3,454	\$	3,535	\$	18,511	\$	19,222	\$	18,734	\$	9,861	\$	6,655	\$	6,773	\$	15,242
Restricted		2,945		2,872		2,649		10,083		12,276		10,915		24,212		26,060		24,607		22,096
Committed	:	138,140		168,619	1	164,492		152,501		169,846		175,455	1	94,669		214,112		224,823		248,486
Assigned		125,112		122,925	1	126,596		107,145		127,007		119,426	1	73,558		190,037		199,196		200,660
Unassigned	_	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total General Fund	\$ 2	271,286	\$	297,870	\$ 2	297,272	\$	288,240	\$	328,351	\$	324,530	\$ 4	02,300	\$	436,864	\$ '	455,399	\$	486,484
			_												_					
All Other Governmental Funds																				
Nonspendable	\$	920	\$	3,776	\$	3	\$	24	\$	36	\$	4	\$	6	\$	9	\$	9	\$	18
Restricted		20,563		21,317		24,192		24,750		33,496		57,057		58,106		54,520		129,672		129,739
Committed		78,508		61,926		94,904		62,307		66,616		67,593	;	88,636		96,623		86,728		87,804
Assigned		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		(486)		-		-		(3,038)		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$	99,505	\$	87,019	\$ 1	19,099	\$	84,043	\$	100,148	\$	124,654	\$ 14	46,748	\$	151,152	\$	216,409	\$	217,561

Source: Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

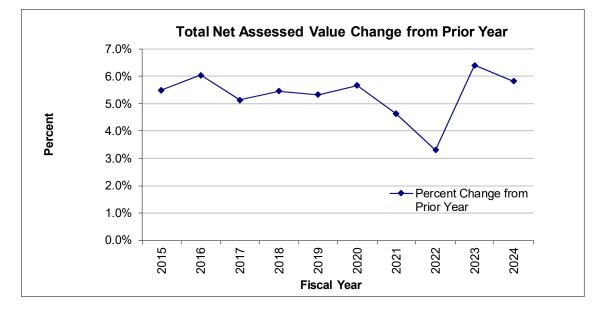
County of San Luis Obispo Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands) (UNAUDITED)

	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24
Revenues Taxes	\$ 178,740	\$ 185,764	\$ 196,822	\$ 203,583	\$ 217,106	\$ 223,041	\$ 243,406	\$ 261,163	\$ 270,790	\$ 281,265
Licenses, permits, and										
franchises	10,452	10,539	11,446	11,140	12,133	11,477	12,522	12,597	15,478	14,351
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	5,686	5,173	4,339	5,977	4,396	3,916	4,352	4,304	4,297	4,889
Revenues from use of	5,000	5/1/5	1,000	57577	1,000	5,510	1,002	1,001	1,237	1,005
money and property	3,864	4,939	3,984	3,779	12,268	12,247	1,084	(14,773)	13,346	32,133
Aid from governmental										
agencies Charges for current services	261,351	256,490	254,350	262,660	271,961	277,267	348,093	350,382	378,339	408,888
Other revenues	43,530	46,308	49,460	49,793	47,957	46,712	51,694	49,498	55,512	58,506
Total revenues	<u>9,110</u> 512,733	11,504 520,717	8,481 528,882	6,869 543,801	25,278 591,099	12,396 587,056	13,104 674,255	<u>12,734</u> 675,905	14,429 752,191	14,279 814,311
	512,755	520,717	J20,002	J 1 J,001	551,055	507,050	074,233	075,905	/32,191	014,511
Expenditures										
Current:										
General government	51,207	54,461	54,918	60,445	54,991	54,078	64,686	63,569	75,027	78,117
Public protection	157,783	156,096	164,839	175,175	185,033	205,162	199,299	212,388	233,444	247,211
Public ways and facilities	29,903	41,044	29,077	42,254	35,267	43,865	37,099	39,124	58,016	53,698
Health and sanitation	75,116	81,591	88,623	99,885	103,512	108,158	117,359	157,490	140,568	168,927
Public assistance	107,104	111,227	113,392	117,066	121,327	131,154	129,141	133,275	188,616	156,910
Education	11,388	10,534	11,560	11,640	12,191	12,769	13,368	15,712	14,199	13,975
Recreational and cultural services	10,104	9,888	9,963	10,358	10,574	11,637	10,976	12,420	16,685	14,297
Debt service:										
Principal payments	6,070	6,788	7,576	50,989	5,093	10,561	5,289	9,137	13,067	14,207
Interest and fiscal charges Debt issuance costs	5,209	4,687	4,639	11,666	1,204	6,416	7,030	7,895	10,581	12,762
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	20,019 473,903	30,465 506,781	11,554	11,828 591,306	<u>6,374</u> 535,566	7,645	13,795 598,042	<u>17,376</u> 668,386	14,563 764,766	22,986 783,090
Excess (deficiency) of	473,903	506,781	496,141	591,300	535,500	591,445	598,042	008,380	/04,/00	783,090
revenues over (under) expenditures	38,830	13,936	32,741	(47,505)	55,533	(4,389)	76,213	7,519	(12,575)	31,221
capendidi es			52,711	(17,505)		(1,303)	,0,215	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(12,575)	
	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24
Other Financing Sources										
Proceeds of long-term debt	-	-	-	-	-	20,384	2,841	-	70,033	-
Premium on lease revenue bonds issued	-	-	-	-	-	4,023	-	-	4,634	-
Payment to refunded escrow agent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(5,724)	-
Leases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30,950	38,935	659
Subscription-based IT arrangement	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	305	695
Transfers in	33,299	35,803	57,668	54,782	31,633	36,803	37,384	45,602	48,050	48,204
Transfers out	(34,924)	(35,641)	(58,927)	(51,365)	(30,950)	(36,136)	(36,094)	(45,103)	(59,866)	(48,542)
Total other financing										
sources and uses	(1,625)	162	(1,259)	3,417	683	25,074	4,131	31,449	96,367	1,016
Net change in fund balances	* 27.005	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	* 21 102	+ (41.000)	- FC 247	* 20.005	*	* 20.000	+ 00 705	+ 22.227
Her Change III fund DaldHLES	\$ 37,205	\$ 14,098	\$ 31,482	\$ (44,088)	\$ 56,216	\$ 20,685	\$ 80,344	\$ 38,968	\$ 83,792	\$ 32,237
Debt Service as a percentage of non- capital expenditures	2.57%	2.54%	2.62%	11.25%	1.23%	3.05%	2.20%	2.85%	3.27%	3.69%

Source: Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

County of San Luis Obispo Assessed Valuation Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands) (UNAUDITED)

					Percentage	
					Change	
Fiscal Year				Net Assessed	from Prior	
Ended,	Secured	Unsecured	Exemptions	Valuations	Year	Tax Rate
2015	45,288,599	1,230,775	(1,093,212)	45,426,162	5.5%	1.0040
2016	48,037,099	1,257,845	(1,122,568)	48,172,375	6.0%	1.0037
2017	50,458,742	1,362,539	(1,173,683)	50,647,598	5.1%	1.0040
2018	53,278,739	1,386,183	(1,248,961)	53,415,961	5.5%	1.0040
2019	56,147,148	1,420,625	(1,305,110)	56,262,663	5.3%	1.0040
2020	58,382,427	2,345,033	(1,277,412)	59,450,048	5.7%	1.0040
2021	61,279,618	2,349,231	(1,428,237)	62,200,611	4.6%	1.0040
2022	63,459,055	2,281,455	(1,487,547)	64,252,963	3.3%	1.0040
2023	67,503,193	2,512,544	(1,648,668)	68,367,069	6.4%	1.0040
2024	71,302,780	2,750,976	(1,708,530)	72,345,225	5.8%	1.0036



Discussion: Due to Article XIII-A, added to the California Constitution by Proposition 13 in 1978, the County does not track the estimated actual value of all County properties. Proposition 13 fixed the base for valuation of real property at the full cash value which appeared on the Assessor's 1975-76 assessment roll. Thereafter, full cash value can be increased to reflect: (1) annual inflation up to two percent; (2) current market value at time of ownership change; and (3) market value for new construction. As a result, similar properties can have substantially different assessed values based on the date of purchase.

Source: County Assessed Values, Exemptions and Growth % Book

County of San Luis Obispo Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years (per \$100 of assessed values) (UNAUDITED)

	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24
County Direct Rates										
General	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
State Water Project	0.00400	0.00374	0.00400	0.00400	0.00400	0.00400	0.00400	0.00400	0.00400	0.00363
Total Direct Rate	1.00400	1.00374	1.00400	1.00400	1.00400	1.00400	1.00400	1.00400	1.00400	1.00363
Cities, Schools, and Special Districts Combined Rates										
Arroyo Grande	0.0569	0.0756	0.0680	0.1085	0.1051	0.0965	0.0827	0.0840	0.0648	0.0602
Atascadero	0.0590	0.1373	0.1373	0.1373	0.1373	0.1373	0.1373	0.1373	0.1373	0.1293
Grover Beach	0.0509	0.0940	0.1023	0.1599	0.1901	0.1815	0.1677	0.1690	0.1598	0.1553
Morro Bay	0.0510	0.0688	0.0683	0.0683	0.0683	0.0683	0.0614	0.0582	0.0548	0.0519
Paso Robles	0.0782	0.0955	0.0828	0.0828	0.1291	0.1222	0.1160	0.1198	0.1169	0.1119
Pismo Beach	0.0509	0.0700	0.0680	0.1085	0.1051	0.0965	0.0827	0.0840	0.0648	0.0602
San Luis Obispo	-	0.0683	0.0683	0.0683	0.0683	0.0683	0.0583	0.0583	0.0543	0.1033

Note: Rates shown represent the most common rates encountered for the tax rate areas within these cities.

Source: County Property Tax Rate Book

County of San Luis Obispo Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Ten Years Ago (In Thousands) (UNAUDITED)

			Fiscal `	Year 2023	3-24		Fiscal	Year 201	4-15
Taxpayer	Industry	Ass	essed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total County Assessed Value	Ass	essed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total County Assessed Value
Pacific Gas & Electric Co.	Utility	\$	1,095,938	1	1.51%	\$	2,586,358	1	5.69%
High Plans Ranch II LLC	Solar Ranch	т	786,943	2	1.09%	Ŧ	_,,	-	0.00%
Southern California Gas Co.	Utility		185,864	3	0.26%		65,824	7	0.14%
Jamestown Premier	Commercial		159,488	4	0.22%		-	-	0.00%
E&J Gallo Winery/Vineyards	Winery		132,184	5	0.18%		62,096	9	0.14%
Firestone Walker LLC	Brewery		107,313	6	0.15%		-	-	0.00%
CAP VIII - Mustang Village LLC	Apartments		102,092	7	0.14%		76,943	4	0.17%
Treasury Wine Estates Americas Co	Winery		97,388	8	0.13%		-	-	0.00%
Sierra Vista Hospital INC	Hospital		85,383	9	0.12%		-	-	0.00%
Vespera Pismo Beach Holdings	Resort		81,449	10	0.11%		-	-	0.00%
Phillips 66 Company	Oil Refinery		-		0.00%		163,237	2	0.36%
Beringer Wine Estates Company	Winery		-		0.00%		92,622	3	0.20%
Plains Exploation & Production	Petroleum & Gas		-		0.00%		71,391	5	0.16%
Pacific Bell Telephone Co	Communications		-		0.00%		67,102	6	0.15%
Martin Hotel Management	Hotel		-		0.00%		63,290	8	0.14%
Pasquini Charles Jr Tre Etal	Private		-		0.00%		57,036	10	0.13%
	Total	\$	2,834,042	-	3.91%	\$	3,305,899		7.28%
Total C	ounty Assessed Value	\$	72,345,225			\$	45,426,162		

Sources:

County Property Tax System

2014-15 San Luis Obispo County Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

County of San Luis Obispo Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands) (UNA UDITED)

	-	Collected v Fiscal Year				
Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Total Levy for the Fiscal Year	Collected Amount	% of Original Levy	Collections in Subsequent Years*	Delinquent Amount	% of Levy Delinquent
2015	447,088	442,330	98.94%	N/A	4,758	1.06%
2016	470,629	466,465	99.12%	N/A	4,164	0.88%
2017	495,277	490,890	99.11%	N/A	4,387	0.89%
2018	522,528	517,777	99.09%	N/A	4,751	0.91%
2019	549,869	544,994	99.11%	N/A	4,874	0.89%
2020	573,449	564,422	98.43%	N/A	9,027	1.57%
2021	599,508	592,847	98.89%	N/A	6,660	1.11%
2022	619,518	614,110	99.13%	N/A	5,408	0.87%
2023	661,387	654,754	99.00%	N/A	6,632	1.00%
2024	698,978	690,161	98.74%	N/A	8,817	1.26%

Note: Amounts do not include tax collections for bonds or special assessments

*Collections in subsequent years are not available from the County's current property tax system.

Source: County Property Tax Booklet

County of San Luis Obispo Special Assessment Billings and Collections (In Thousands) (UNAUDITED)

Year ended June 30,	Special Assessment Billings	Special Assessment Collected
2015	<u> </u>	3,598
2015	,	•
	3,496	3,633
2017	3,490	3,577
2018	5,063	5,196
2019	5,058	5,065
2020	5,063	5,106
2021	5,042	5,105
2022	5,061	5,163
2023	5,063	5,063
2024	5,063	5,074

Note: The billings and collections shown are for the Special Assessment Bonds related to the Los Osos project for which the County has established redemption funds for the purpose of facilitating bond payment in the case of delinquent accounts.

Source: County Property Tax System

County of San Luis Obispo Ratios of Total Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands) (UNAUDITED)

	:	2014-15	:	2015-16		2016-17	:	2017-18	:	2018-19	2	2019-20	2	2020-21	:	2021-22		2022-23	:	2023-24
Governmental Activities	-																			
Certificates of Participation	\$	23,600	\$	22,527	\$	21,411	\$	26,135	\$	24,808	\$	18,004	\$	19,619	\$	18,290	\$	11,178	\$	10,813
Less deferred amounts:																				
For issuance discounts:		(91)		(87)		(83)		(79)		(75)		-		-		-		-		-
Add deferred amounts:																				
For issuance premiums:		1,152		1,063		975		886		797		708		619		530		-		-
State notes		-		-		-		2,056		1,901		1,744		1,586		1,426		1,264		1,101
Pension Obligation Bonds		146,219		145,291		143,890		99,407		96,903		93,733		89,825		85,112		79,516		72,966
Lease revenue bonds		-		-		-		-		-		20,380		19,970		19,380		88,803		85,842
Add deferred amounts:												.,								
For issuance premiums:		-		-		-		-		-		4,023		3,837		3,652		7,972		7,566
Assessment Bonds from direct borrowings		-		-		-		-		-		436		391		344		294		241
Leases 1												-				92,248		126,334		122,129
Subscription-based IT arrangements ²												-				-		2,614		757
Total bonds and notes payable		170,880		- 168,794		- 166,193		- 128,405		124,334		139,028		- 135,847		220,982		317,975		301,415
Total bonus and notes payable		170,000		100,734		100,195		120,403		127,337		139,020		133,047		220,302		517,575		301,413
Business-Type Activities																				
Certificates of Participation		17,745		17,194		16,470		15,678		14,811		13,908		12,966		14,668		11,471		10,734
Add deferred amounts:																				
For issuance premiums:		426		393		361		328		295		262		229		196		-		-
State Note		72,774		86,611		85,674		87,667		84,409		81,079		88,385		84,528		80,701		76,965
Other Notes		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		196		166		126
Revenue Bonds		183,813		177,198		173,535		168,410		164,126		159,841		155,330		150,585		145,595		140,345
Add deferred amounts:		-																		
For issuance premiums:		5,519		10,058		9,623		8,926		8,502		8,077		7,653		7,230		6,805		6,381
Unamortized outflow on Bond Refinancing		-		(4,171)		(3,990)		(3,808)		-		-				-		-		-
General Obligation Bonds		9,155		8,760		8,350		7,925		7,485		7,025		6,540		6,030		5,490		4,925
Add deferred amounts:																				
For issuance premiums:		902		846		790		733		677		620		564		508		452		396
Lease Revenue Bonds		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,582		1,217
Add deferred amounts:																				,
For issuance premiums:		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		57		43
Assessment Bonds		79,829		79,396		78,089		76,746		75,358		73,943		72,483		70,978		69,437		67,850
leases 1		-		-		-		-		_		-		-		250		164		78
Subscription-based IT arrangements ²										-		-		-		-		199		86
																	_			
Total bonds and notes payable		370,163		376,285		368,902		362,605		355,663		344,755		344,150		335,169		322,119		309,146
Total Outstanding Debt	\$	541,043	\$	545,079	\$	535,095	\$	491,010	\$	479,997	\$	483,783	\$	479,997	\$	556,151	\$	640,094	\$	610,561
Percentage of Personal Income		3.86%		3.76%		3.58%		3.13%		2.92%		2.80%		2.54%		2.90%		3.13%		N/A
Percentage of Assessed Value of Taxable Property ³		1.19%		1.13%		1.06%		0.92%		0.85%		0.81%		0.77%		0.87%		0.94%		0.84%
	÷	1,973	¢	1 061	÷	1 016	÷	1 752		1 714	÷	1 700	\$	1,701	÷	1,964	*	2 270		2 160
Net outstanding debt Per Capita	\$	1,973	\$	1,961	\$	1,916	\$	1,753	\$	1,714	\$	1,709	\$	1,701	\$	1,904	\$	2,270	\$	2,168

Note: See the Demographic Statistics Schedule for detailed information on personal income and population.

¹ GASB Statement 87 was implemented in FY 2021-22. Prior year leases were not recognized as capital leases pre-GASB 87.

² GASB Statement 96 was implemented in FY 2022-23. Prior year sbuscription-based IT arrangements were not recognized as capital leases pre-GASB 96.

³ Due to Article XIII-A, added to the California Constitution by Proposition 13 in 1978, the County does not track the estimated actual value of all County properties; therefore, the ratio of net outstanding debt to the estimated actual value of taxable property is unable to be determined; however, the ratio of net outstanding debt to the assessed value of taxable property is determinable and presented in the table.

Source: Notes to the Financial Statements, Note 10

County of San Luis Obispo Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands) (UNA UDITED)

	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24
Certificates of Participation Less deferred amounts:	\$ 12,915	\$ 12,137	\$ 11,326	\$ 10,482	\$ 9,606	\$ 8,693	\$ 7,747	\$ 6,757	\$ 2,740	\$ 2,688
For issuance discounts: Add deferred amounts:	(91)	(87)	(83)	(79)	(75)	-	-	-	-	-
For issuance premiums:	1,152	1,063	975	886	797	708	619	530	-	-
Lease Revenue Bonds Add deferred amounts:	-	-	-	-	-	20,380	19,970	19,380	90,385	87,059
For issuance premiums:	-	-	-	-	-	4,023	3,837	3,652	8,029	7,609
General Obligation Bonds Add deferred amounts:	9,155	8,760	8,350	7,925	7,485	7,025	6,540	6,030	5,490	4,925
For issuance premiums:	902	846	790	733	677	620	564	508	452	396
State Notes	-	-	-	2,056	1,901	1,744	1,586	1,426	1,264	1,101
Other Notes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	196	166	126
Assessment Bonds	79,829	79,396	78,089	76,746	75,358	73,943	72,483	70,978	69,437	67,850
Leases ¹	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	92,498	126,498	122,207
Subscription-based IT arrangements ²	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,813	843
Less resources restricted for principal repayment	(2,683)	(2,688)	(2,692)	(2,712)	(8,061)	(30,167)	(23,110)	(17,088)	(90,011)	(93,218)
Net Total General Obligation Debt	\$ 101,179	\$ 99,427	\$ 96,755	\$ 96,037	\$ 87,688	\$ 86,969	\$ 90,236	\$ 184,867	\$ 217,263	\$ 201,586
Percentage of Personal Income Percentage of Assessed Value of Taxable Property ¹	0.72%	0.69%	0.65%	0.61%	0.53%	0.50%	0.48%	0.96%	1.06% 0.32%	N/A 0.28%
Net outstanding debt Per Capita	\$ 369	\$ 358	\$ 347	\$ 343	\$ 313	\$ 307	\$ 320	\$ 655	\$ 770	\$ 716

Note: See the Demographic Statistics Schedule for detailed information on personal income and population.

¹ Due to Article XIII-A, added to the California Constitution by Proposition 13 in 1978, the County does not track the estimated actual value of all County properties; therefore, the ratio of net outstanding debt to the estimated actual value of taxable property is unable to be determined; however, the ratio of net outstanding debt to the assessed value of taxable property is determinable and presented in the table.

¹ GASB Statement 87 was implemented in FY 2021-22. Prior year leases were not recognized as capital leases pre-GASB 87.

² GASB Statement 96 was implemented in FY 2022-23. Prior year sbuscription-based IT arrangements were not recognized as capital leases pre-GASB 96.

Source: Notes to the Financial Statements, Note 10

County of San Luis Obispo Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands) (UNAUDITED)

		2014-15		2015-16	2	2016-17		2017-18	2	2018-19		2019-20	2	020-21	2	021-22	2	022-23	2	023-24
Assessed Value of Property (a)	\$ •	45,426,163	\$ 4	8,172,375	\$ 5	0,647,598	\$ 5	53,415,961	\$ 5	56,262,663	\$!	59,450,048	\$ 63	2,200,611	\$6	4,252,963	\$6	8,367,069	\$7	2,345,226
Debt Limit, 1.25% of Assessed Value		567,827		602,155		633,095		667,700		703,283		743,126		777,508		803,162		854,588		904,315
<u>Amount of Debt Applicable to Limi</u> General Obligation Bonds (b) Less: Resources Restricted to Paying Principal	<u>t</u>	10,057		9,606		9,140		8,658		7,485 -		7,025		6,540		6,030		5,490		4,925
Total Debt Applicable		10,057		9,606		9,140		8,658		7,485		7,025		6,540		6,030		5,490		4,925
Legal Debt Margin	\$	557,770	\$	592,549	\$	623,955	\$	659,042	\$	695,798	\$	736,101	\$	770,968	\$	797,132	\$	849,098	\$	899,390
Total Debt Applicable as a Percentage of the Debt Limit		1.77%		1.60%		1.44%		1.30%		1.06%		0.95%		0.84%		0.75%		0.64%		0.54%

Source: (a) County Assessed Values, Exemptions and Growth % Book (b) Notes to the Financial Statements, Note 10

County of San Luis Obispo Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years (UNAUDITED)

Calendar Year	Population (1,a)	Personal Income <i>(in thousands)</i> (1,a)	Per Capita Income (1,a)	Median Age (4,c)	School Enrollment (3,b,d)	Unemployment Rate (2,e)
2015	274,293	14,034,209	49,873	39.30	41,853	4.4
2016	277,977	14,552,207	51,442	39.00	43,117	4.5
2017	279,210	14,937,322	53,006	38.80	43,112	3.6
2018	280,048	15,700,229	55,580	39.60	42,713	3.2
2019	280,101	16,465,164	58,108	39.60	42,673	2.9
2020	283,111	17,270,828	61,004	40.00	42,556	11.5
2021	282,249	18,863,123	66,617	39.50	40,403	5.9
2022	283,159	19,162,980	67,951	40.20	39,857	2.6
2023	282,013	20,481,086	72,721	41.10	39,833	3.5
2024	281,639	N/A	N/A	41.00	40,183	3.9

Notes:

N/A = not available

- a. Data for prior calendar years
- b. Data includes kindergarten through grade 12 and Cuesta College
- c. Calendar year 2015 and 2016 figures are projections based on the American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates
- d. Data for school year ending in the stated calendar year
- e. Data as of June 30, 2024

Sources:

- 1. Bureau of Economic Analysis
- 2. State of California Employment Development Department
- 3. California Department of Education & California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office
- 4. U.S. Census Bureau

County of San Luis Obispo Principal Employers Current Year and Ten Years Ago (UNA UDITED)

		202	4 ^{2,3}	2015 ¹			
	Number of		Percentage of Total	Number of		Percentage of Total	
Employer	Employees	Rank	County Employment	Employees	Rank	County Employment	
County of San Luis Obispo	2,959	1	2.18%	2,800	2	1.94%	
Cal Poly Corporation	2,650	2	1.95%	1,400	6	0.97%	
Department of State Hospitals - Atascadero	2,300	3	1.69%	2,000	3	1.39%	
California Men's Colony	2,000	4	1.47%	1,540	4	1.07%	
California Polytechnic State University	1,912	5	1.41%	3,055	1	2.12%	
Lucia Mar Unified School District	1,823	6	1.34%	1,000	9	0.69%	
Pacific Gas and Electric Company	1,700	7	1.25%	1,900	5	1.32%	
Tenet Health Central Coast	1,425	8	1.05%	1,272	7	0.88%	
San Luis Coastal Unified School District	1,388	9	1.02%	-	-	-	
Paso Robles Joint Unified School District	1,262	10	0.93%	935	10	0.65%	
Compass Health	-	-	-	1,200	8	0.83%	

Total Employment Labor Force ⁴ 136,000 144,200

Sources:

¹ 2014-15 San Luis Obispo County Annual Comprehensive Financial Report ² 2023 Pacific Coast Business Times Book of Lists

³ 2024-25 County Budget Report

⁴ State of California Employment Development Department

County of San Luis Obispo Full Time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (UNAUDITED)

Function/Program	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18*	2018-19*	2019-20*	2020-21*	2021-22*	2022-23*	2023-24*
General Government	436.75	440.50	430.75	437.50	441.00	455.25	458.00	456.25	460.50	466.00
Public Protection	832.25	848.25	867.00	909.50	912.00	899.75	904.25	907.50	921.50	924.75
Public Ways and Facilities	190.75	207.75	234.75	237.75	246.75	247.75	248.75	249.75	253.75	258.00
Health and Sanitation	485.25	505.50	556.00	536.50	530.00	531.00	530.00	566.00	612.50	628.25
Public Assistance	500.75	524.00	524.00	523.00	522.00	523.50	526.75	527.25	543.25	538.50
Education	75.50	77.50	78.00	77.75	78.00	78.25	78.50	78.50	78.50	79.00
Recreation and Cultural Services	59.00	60.00	61.00	61.00	61.00	61.00	61.00	62.00	62.00	64.00
Total	2,580.25	2,663.50	2,751.50	2,783.00	2,790.75	2,796.50	2,807.25	2,847.25	2,932.00	2,958.50

Notes:

2015-2017 Position allocation figures were calculated at the time of budget preparation for the following year. Figures include limited-term but do not include part-time or contract positions. * Position allocation figures are calculated based on the adopted budgets.

Source: County Budget Report

County of San Luis Obispo Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (UNAUDITED)

Function / Department	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24
Recreation and Cultural Services Parks										
Day Use Passes	57,564	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Daily Passes*	239,140	189,232	230,915	257,220	60,902	59,194	62,559	41,130	51,591	62,562
Annual Passes	3,137	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Annual Vehicle Passes*	12,584	9,614	6,504	8,066	3,974	1,823	1,716	1,869	1,727	1,806
Daily Boat Launches*	23,706	16,001	16,312	24,340	, 9,664	11,210	11,810	6,242	6,134	, 9,187
Annual Boat Passes*	1,245	480	1,383	1,353	1,629	1,288	764	403	666	695
Public Public attac	_/		_,	_,	_,	_,				
Public Protection										
Planning and Building	2 120	2 255	2 0 2 7	2 542	2 250	2 200	2 624	4 022	4 577	2 472
Total Permits Issued	3,139	3,355	3,927	3,542	3,256	3,299	3,624	4,032	4,577	3,472
Number of New Affordable Housing **	151	99	65	133	131	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Sheriff										
Jail bookings	11,375	11,018	11,774	11,324	10,246	8,144	6,235	6,367	7,994	7,023
Average daily population	679	603	632	621	636	552	448	462	463	532
Health and Sanitation Mental Health										
Day Treatment Days provided to youth in out-of-county group home facilities**	1,613	1,381	604	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Public Health										
Percentage of the State allocated caseload enrolled in the Women, Infants & Children (WIC) Program **	91%	86%	76%	72%	68%	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Percentage of live born infants whose mothers received prenatal care in the first trimester	79%	80%	78%	78%	84%	86%	84%	86%	82%	76%
Public Assistance										
Social Services										
Percentage of child abuse/neglect referrals where a response is required within 10 days that were timely **	98%	97%	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Percentage of child abuse/neglect referrals where a response is required within 10 days and where contact was										
made within the required period.	n/a	n/a	91%	95%	95%	94%	92%	94%	92%	98%
Education										
Library Annual number of items circulated per capita	9.6	10.5	10.3	11.6	12.1	12.1	7.6	9.7	9.7	7.2
Annual Expenditure per capita for total Library budget	\$ 36.13	\$ 36.27	\$ 38.10	\$ 40.36	\$ 40.57	\$ 44.47	\$ 46.78	\$ 47.12	\$ 51.51	\$ 42.69
Public Ways and Facilities										
Roads Pavement Condition Rating for all County roads (70 = "good")	61	65	66	65	65	60	59	59	60	60
Airport										
Airport										
Takeoffs and Landings	71,001	71,181	71,001	77,917	82,110	68,067	75,082	82,471	77,084	77,426
Passenger Enplanements	149,558	155,744	180,141	226,588	259,481	215,900	150,065	247,522	305,680	351,674

* In FY 2018-19, the data tracking system was updated to more accurately collect the data. Data prior to FY 2018-19 is not comparable.

** Performance measure no longer reported.

Source: County Budget Performance Indicators

County of San Luis Obispo Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (UNAUDITED)

Function/Program	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24
Education Main and branch library facilities ¹	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
Recreation and Cultural Services County golf courses Park acreage	3 13,583	3 13,583	3 13,583	3 13,583	3 13,583	3 13,841	3 13,841	3 13,841	3 13,841	3 13,841
Public Protection Correction facility capacities ^{2, 3} Animal Services Facility ⁴	797 1	797 1	909 1	N/A 1						
Public Ways and Facilities Miles of county roads	1,336	1,338	1,338	1,339	1,339	1,349	1,349	1,349	1,349	1,349
Airport Number of runways	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2

Notes:

The majority of County assets are in building and equipment, which are under the functional area of General Government

¹ Library main and branch data added in FY 2023-24. One main library and 14 branches.

² Amount is all holdings actual totals, including Main Jail, Women's Jail, West Housing, West Dorm, Honor Farm, and Weekender Barracks.

³ Correction facility capacity data is no longer being collected. This data will be removed in future years.

⁴ Animal Services Facility data added in FY 2023-24.

Source: County department management

